Recent results using jet substructure from the LHC

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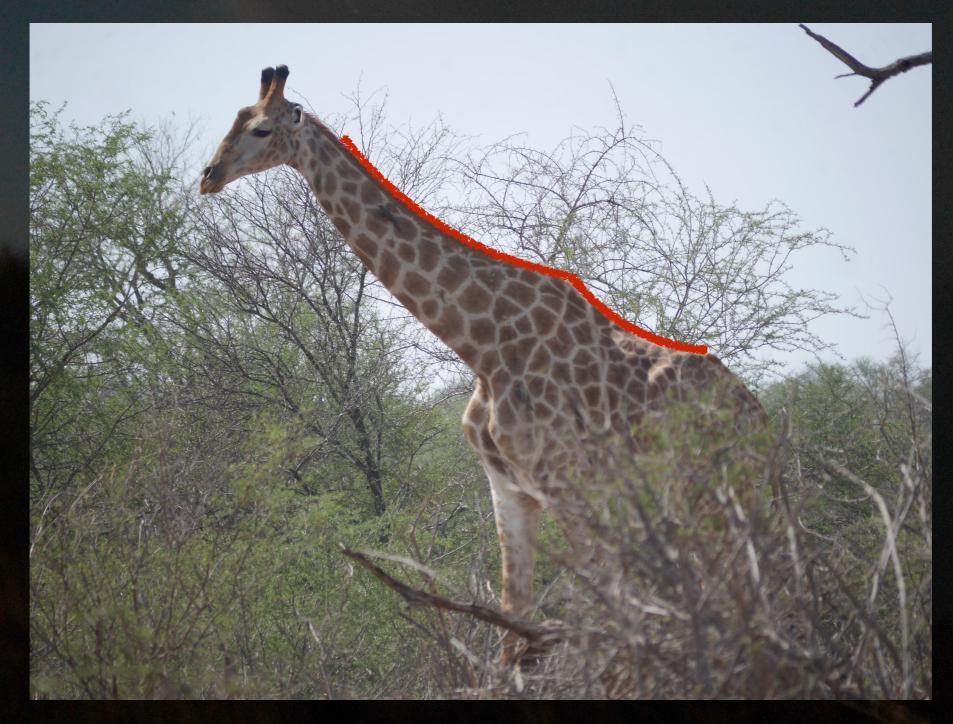


Prologue

What do we do at the LHC?

How?

Bump hunting!



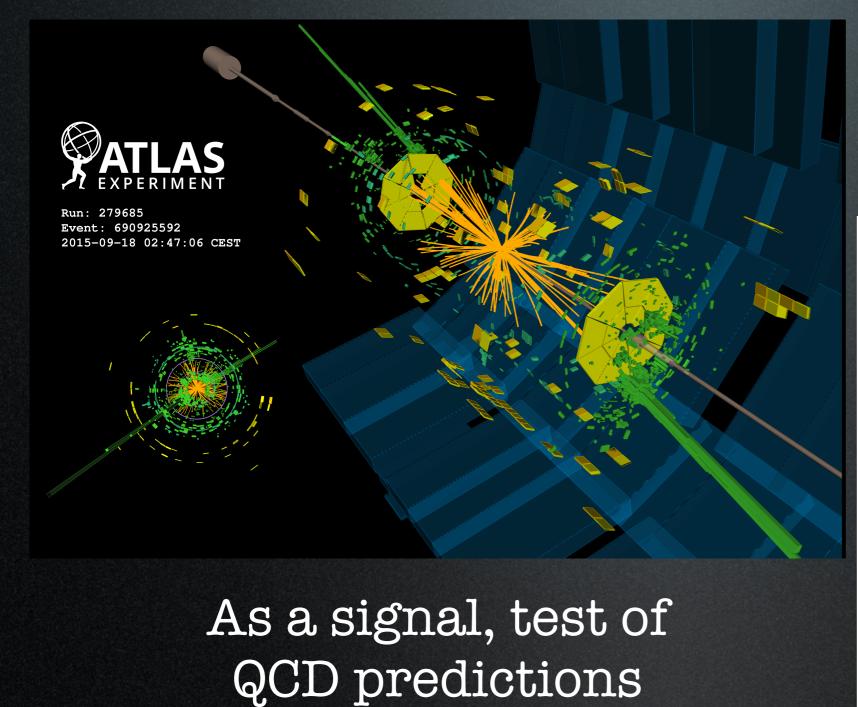
2. Measure SM processes at a new energy regime

Quantum loleats

demonstrate supersymmetry

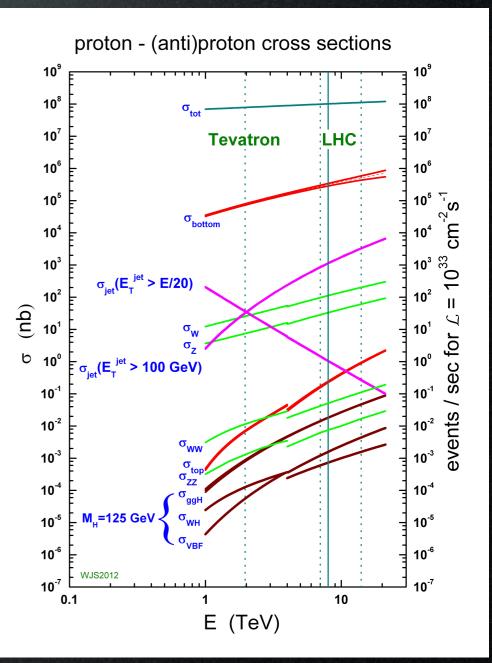
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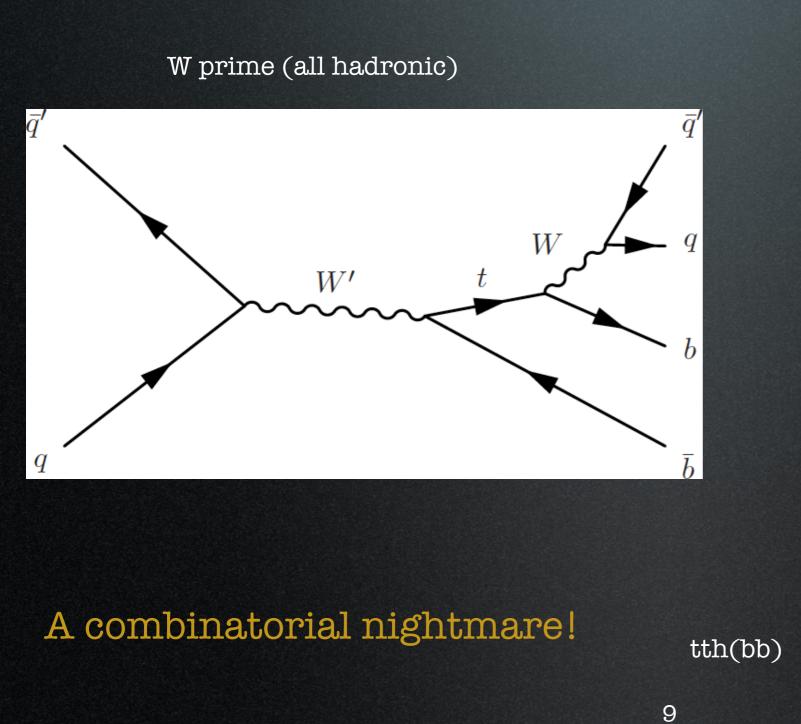


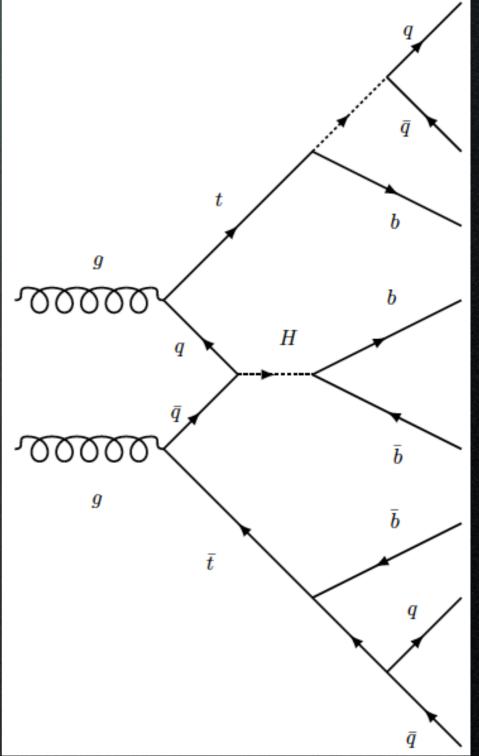
Background for most analyses

LHC is a jet factory!



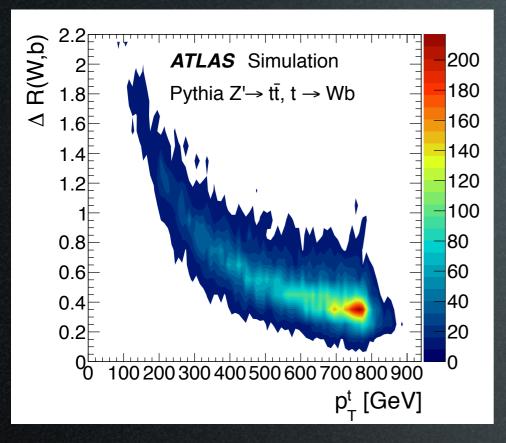
Searches with many jets





Way out?

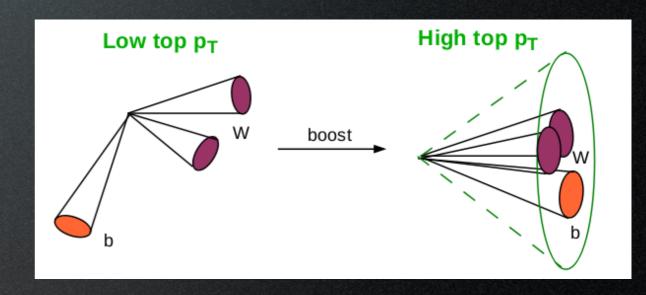
Use large-radius jets to encompass all decay products from a heavy hadronically decaying particle



A large radius jet of $R = 2m/p_T^2 can$ contain all decay products

Hadronically decaying top quark, Higgs/ W/Z bosons, new heavy particles ...

Exploit the internal structure of the large radius jet coming from signal to distinguish them from large radius jet coming from background (light quark, gluon, lepton)



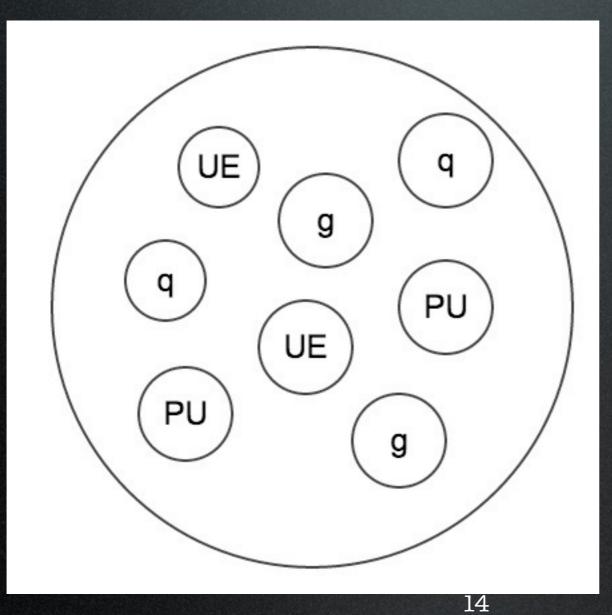
Preferred jet algorithms are k_t or CA, as they preserve clustering order $% k_t$

So when you take apart a jet, what does it look like?

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So when you take apart a jet, what does it look like?



We want to exploit the "substructure" of the large-radius jet to identify original particles

Jets need to be groomed!

- Mass drop filtering
- Pruning
- Trimming
- Soft Drop

Why?

The large-radius jets not only include particles coming from the interesting decays, but also from pileup, underlying event

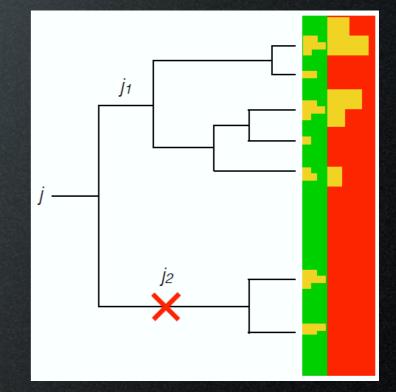
Larkoski, Marzani, Soyez, Thaler, 2014

Soft Drop

Start with a jet j and it is split into last two subjets

If:

$$\frac{\min(p_{T1}, p_{T2})}{p_{T1} + p_{T2}} > z_{cut} \left(\frac{\Delta R_{12}}{R_0}\right)^{\beta}$$

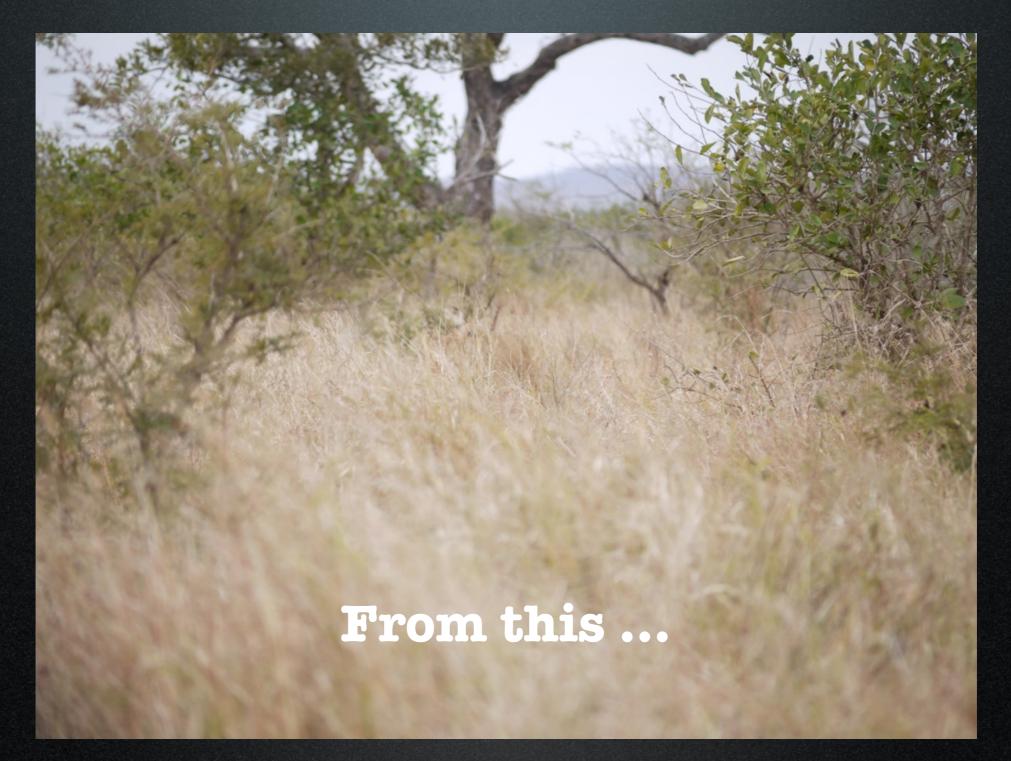


Then j is the final soft drop jet.

Otherwise the higher p_T subjet is taken as j and iterated ...

Advantage: can be compared directly to analytic calculations

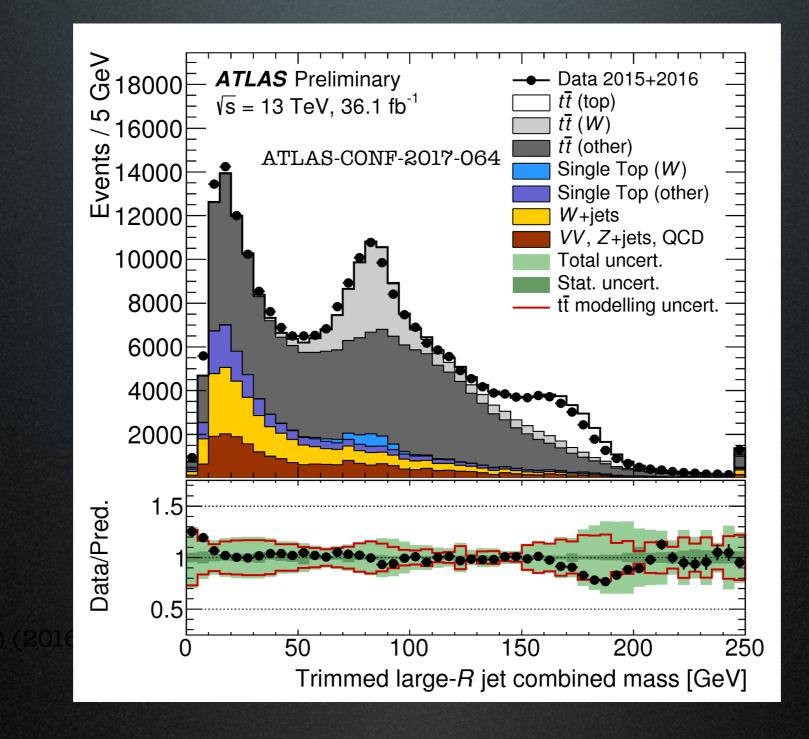
Effect of Gardening?



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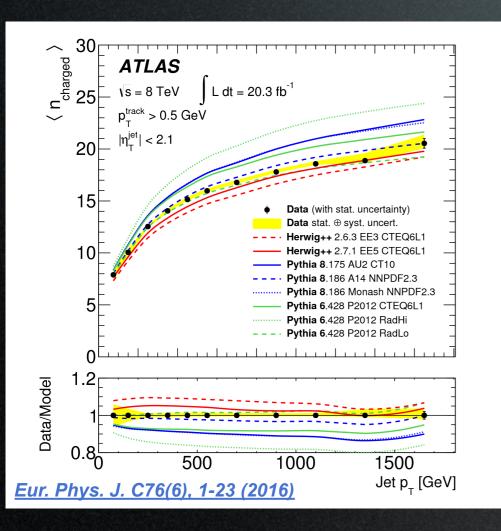
W and Top Mass



Mass peaks clearly visible over background!

A brief detour: measurements

Why Measurement?



Jet (sub)structure is mostly dependent on Parton Shower models

Non negligible differences from data are observed in MC predictions

(Unfortunately) Grooming to get rid of uncorrelated radiation also throws away the soft part we wish to tune to!

"Your garbage is my treasure"

Attributed to Stefan Prestel

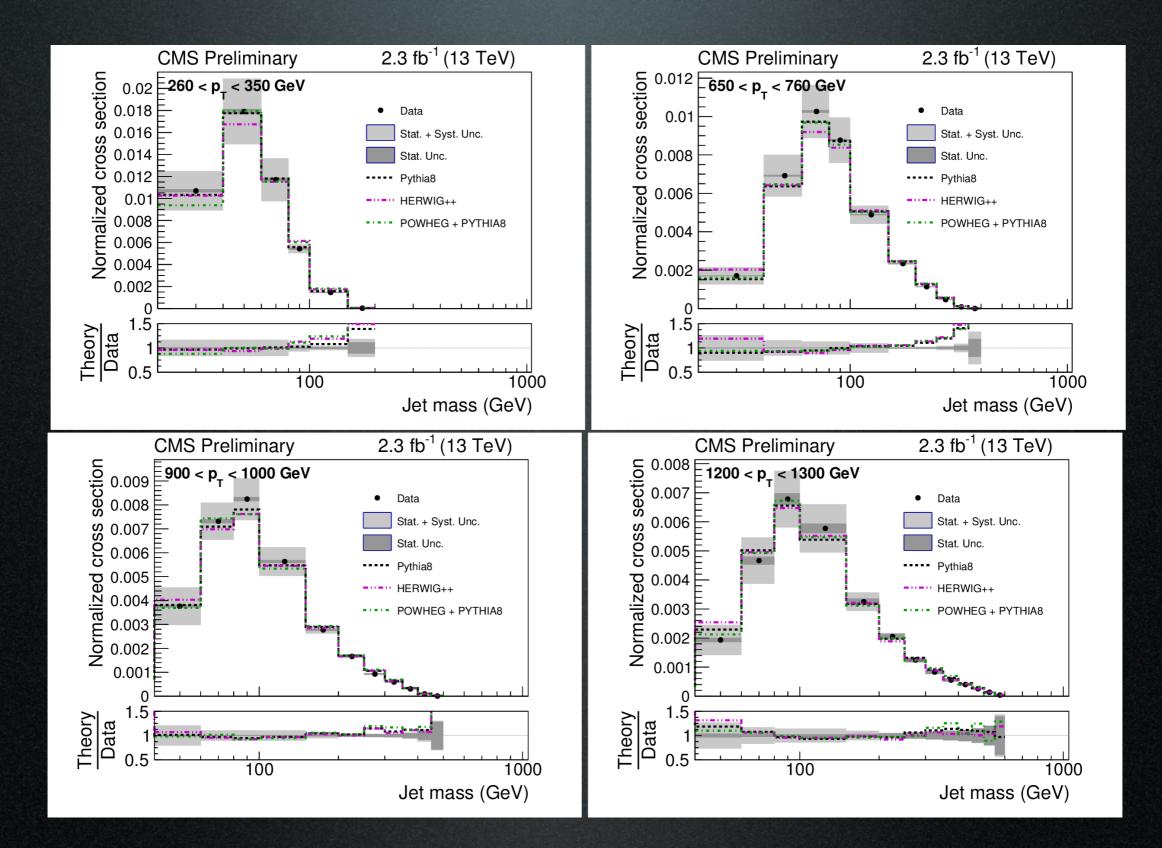
Why Measurement?

Sensitive to both perturbative and nonperturbative QCD ("precision substructure")

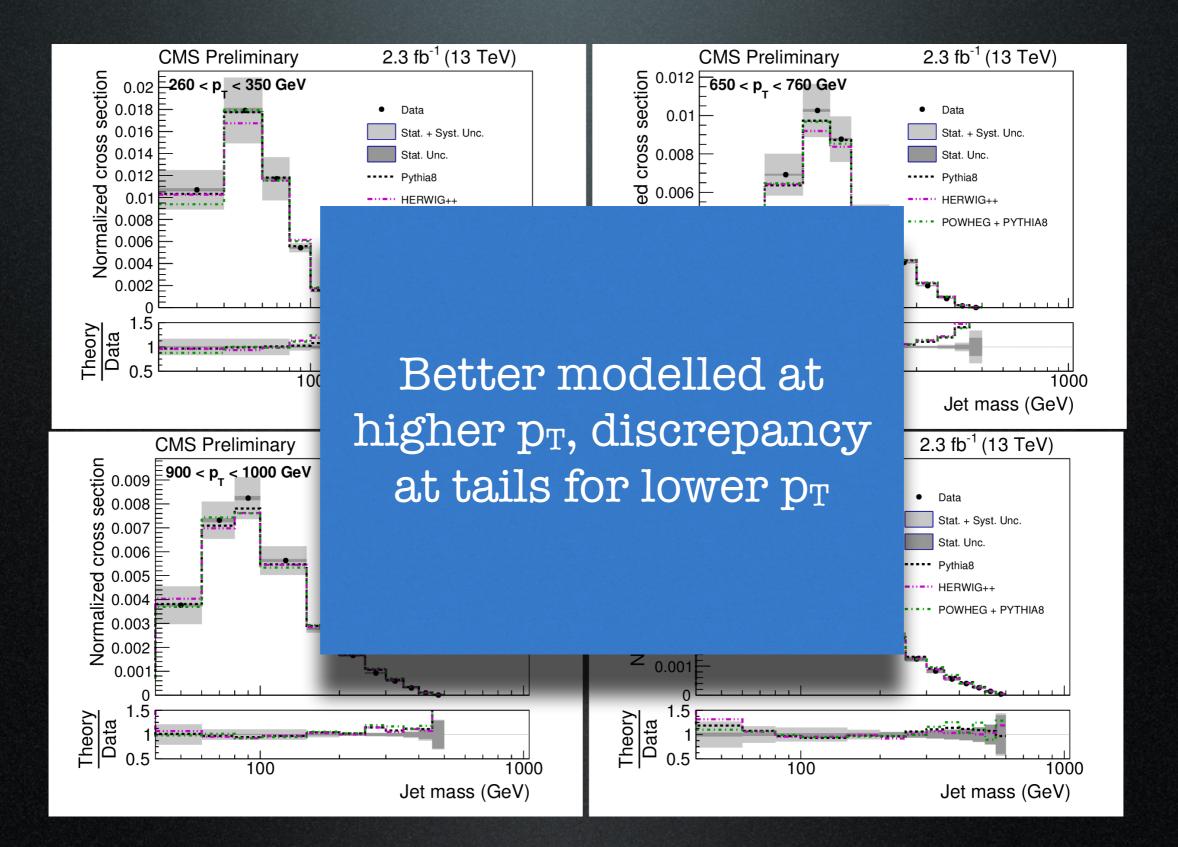
Input to tune/improvement models and analytic calculations

Helps in tagging algorithm development.

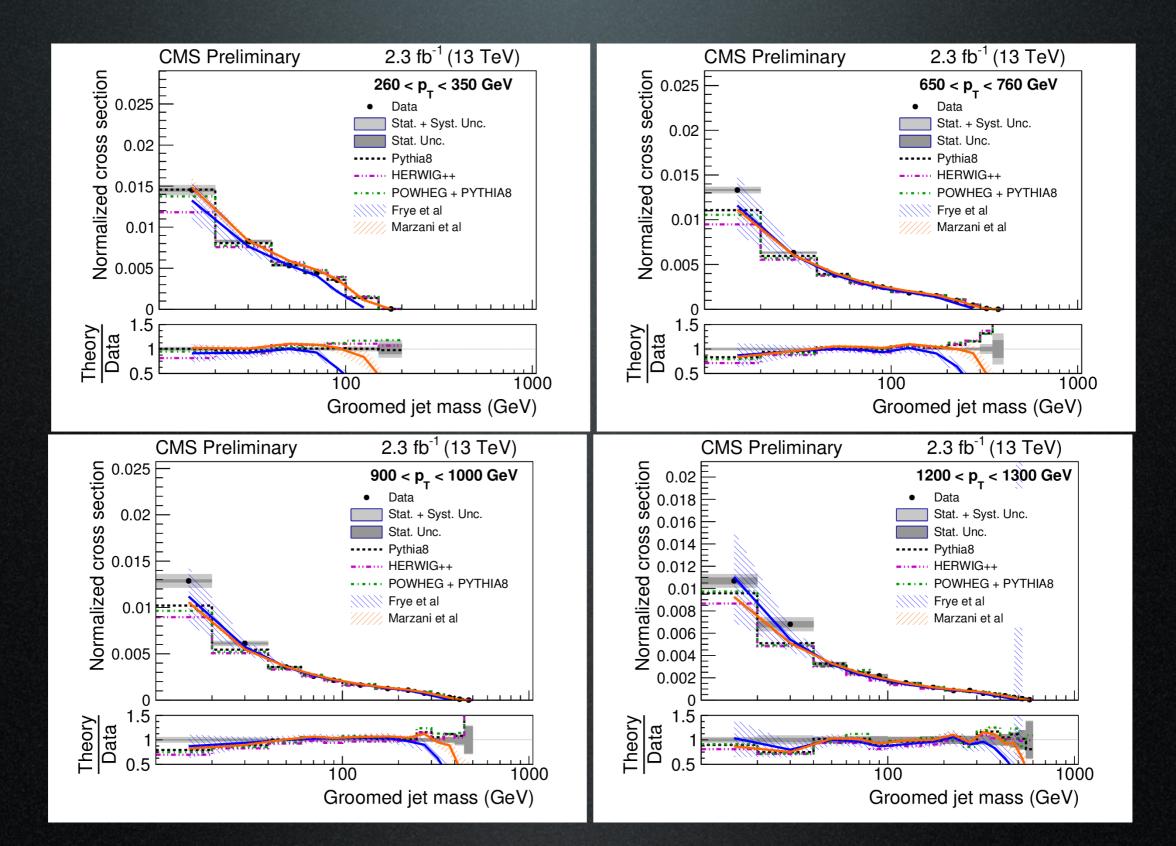
Ungroomed Jet Mass



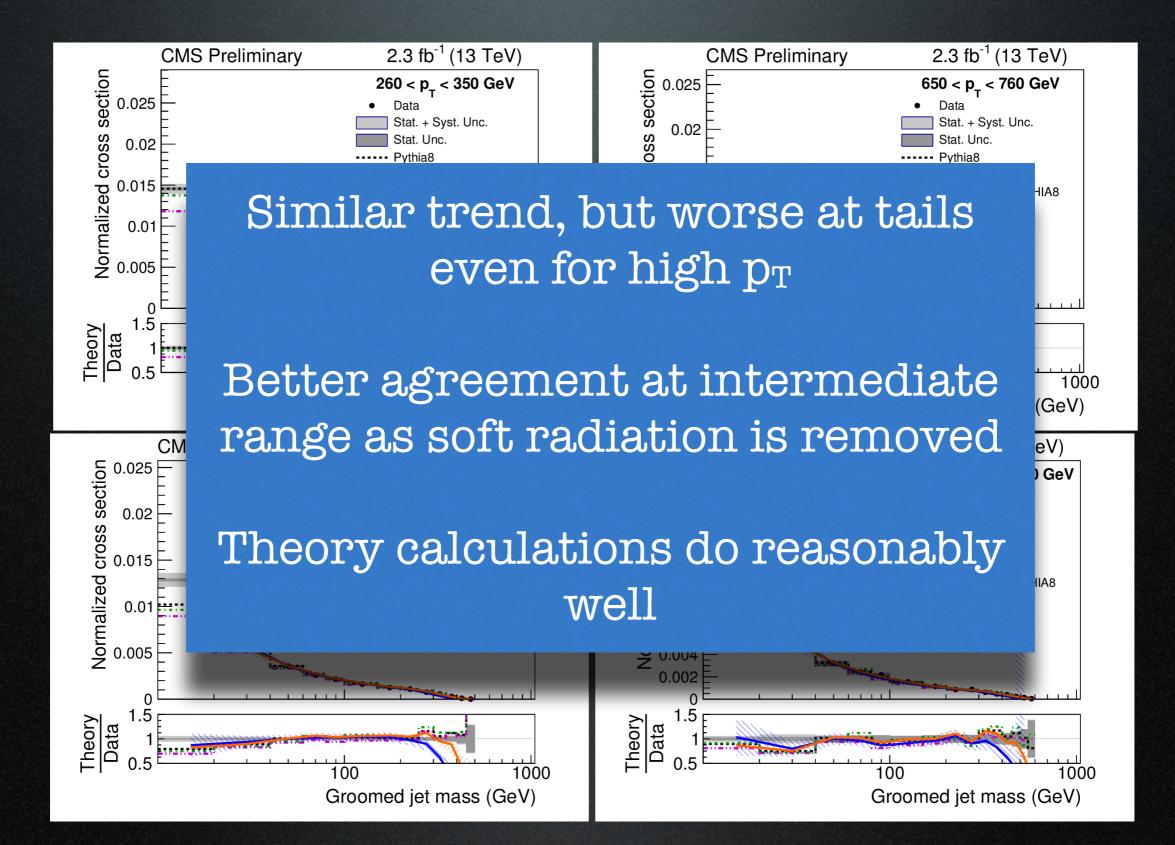
Ungroomed Jet Mass



Soft-dropped Jet Mass

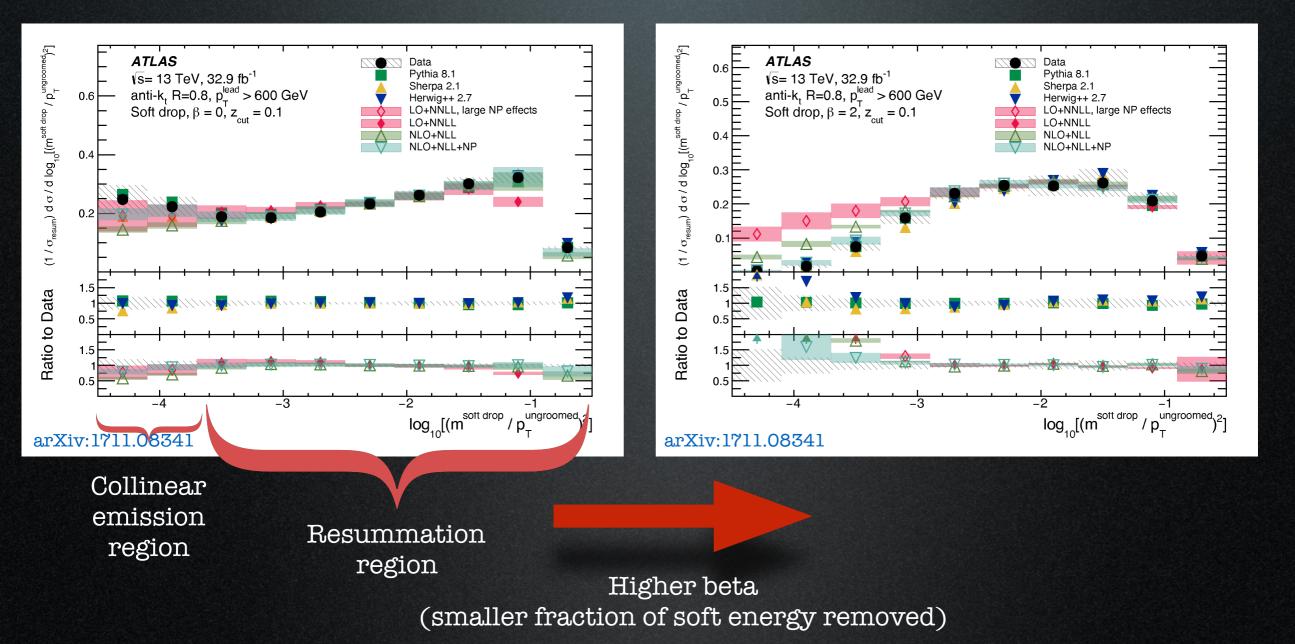


Soft-dropped Jet Mass



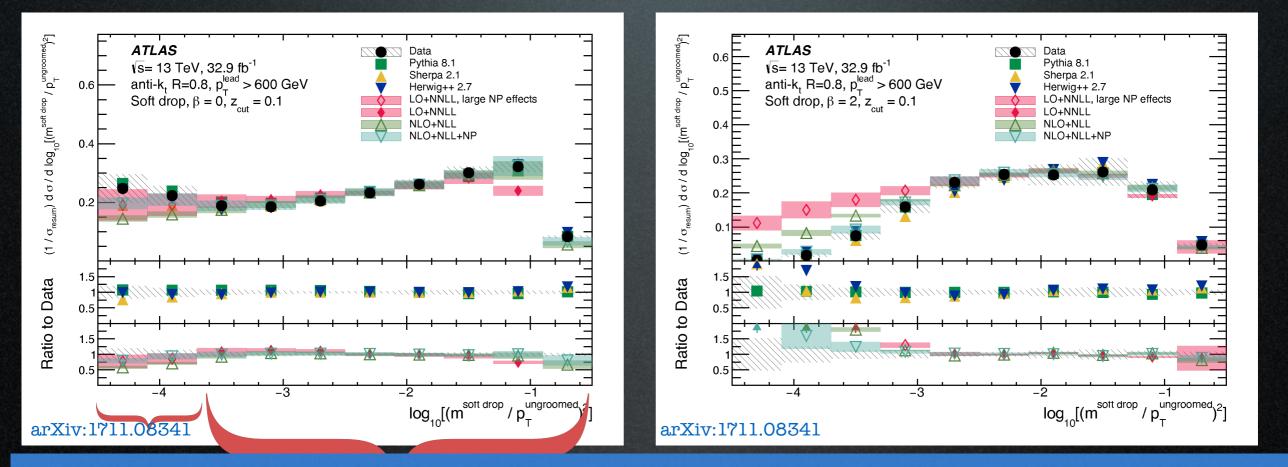
Soft-dropped Jet Mass

Ratio of the soft-drop mass to the ungroomed jet transverse momentum



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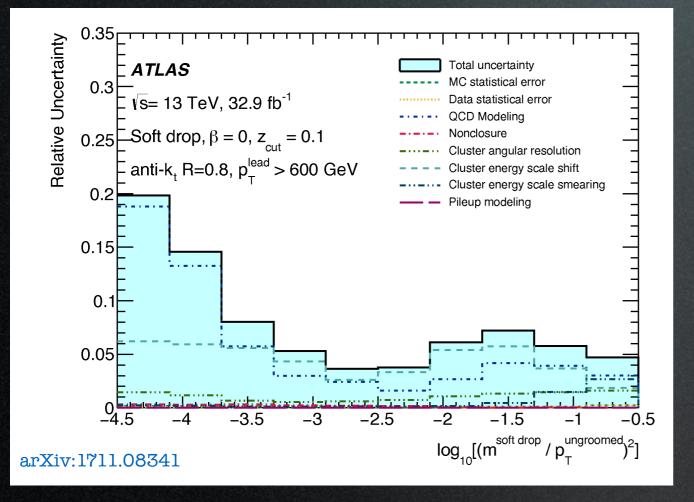


Largest difference between MC and analytic calculation in NP region

NLO+NLL+NP better at low logp

Good agreement at resummation region for both MC and calculations

Uncertainty for JSS measurements



Leading experimental uncertainty from calorimeter cell-cluster energy, resolution, efficiency etc.

Cluster energy scale and resolution uncertainties estimated by track to cluster E/p ratio, angular resolution uncertainty by relative position shift

Reconstruction efficiency from unmatched tracks to clusters

Tagging Boosted Objects: observables and taggers

facebook

Friends

Tagging

Like

Lists

Desktop Help > Connecting

Tag people in your posts

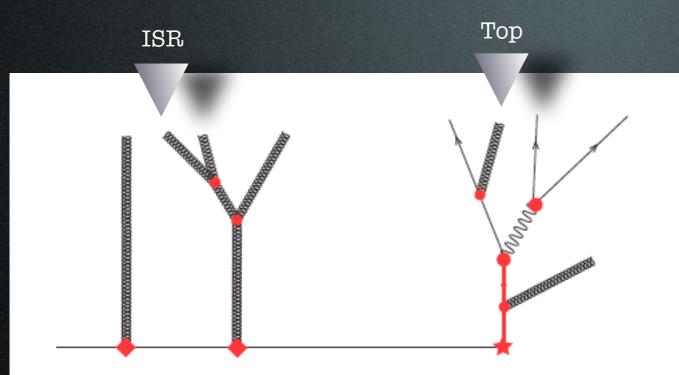
particles

Add tags to anything you post, including photos and updates. Tags can point to your friends or anyone else on Facebook. Adding a tag creates a link that people can follow to learn more.

Target is to identify jets resulting from the decay of top quark or Higgs against jets coming from light quark/gluons.

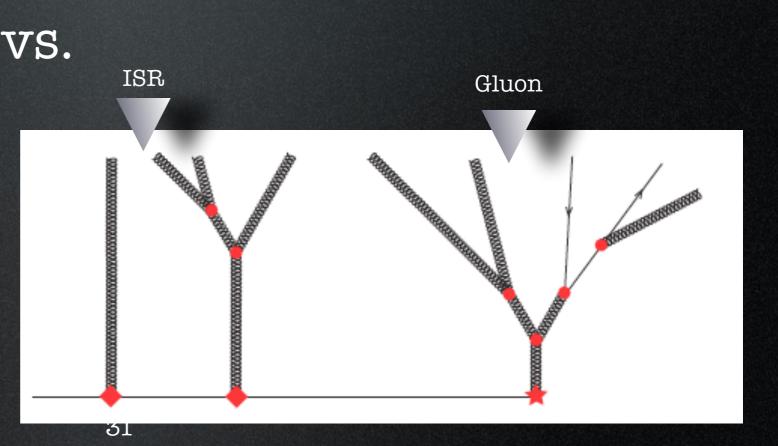
Davison E. Soper, Michael Spannowsky; arXiv:1102.3480, arXiv:1211.3140

Shower Deconstruction



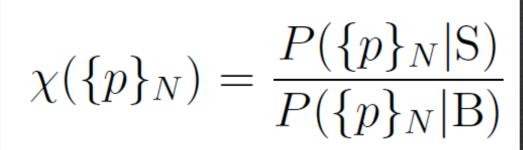
Top quark jet shower history

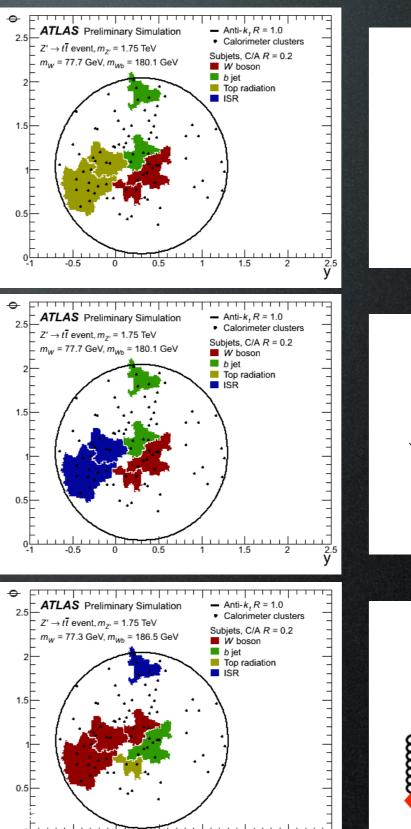
Light quark jet shower history

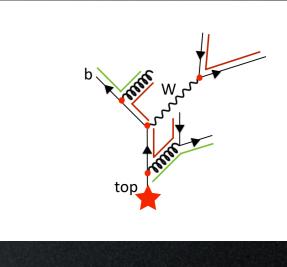


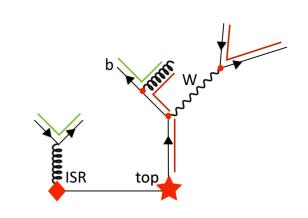
Shower Deconstruction

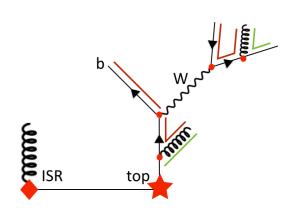
- Decompose the largeradius jet into small radius **subjets**.
- Build all possible shower histories with the subjets.
- Assign probability whether signal-like or background-like.
- A single analytic function:





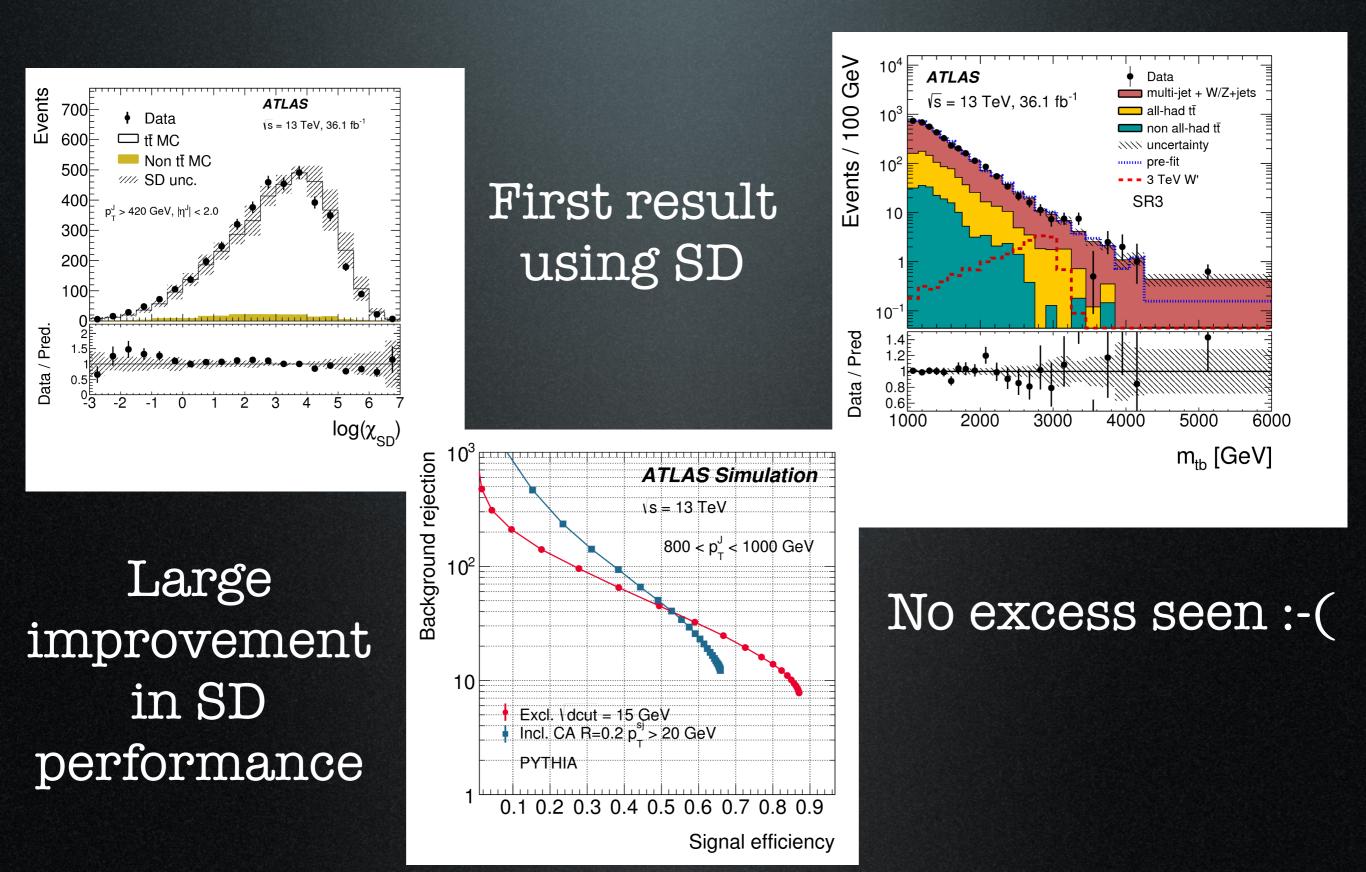






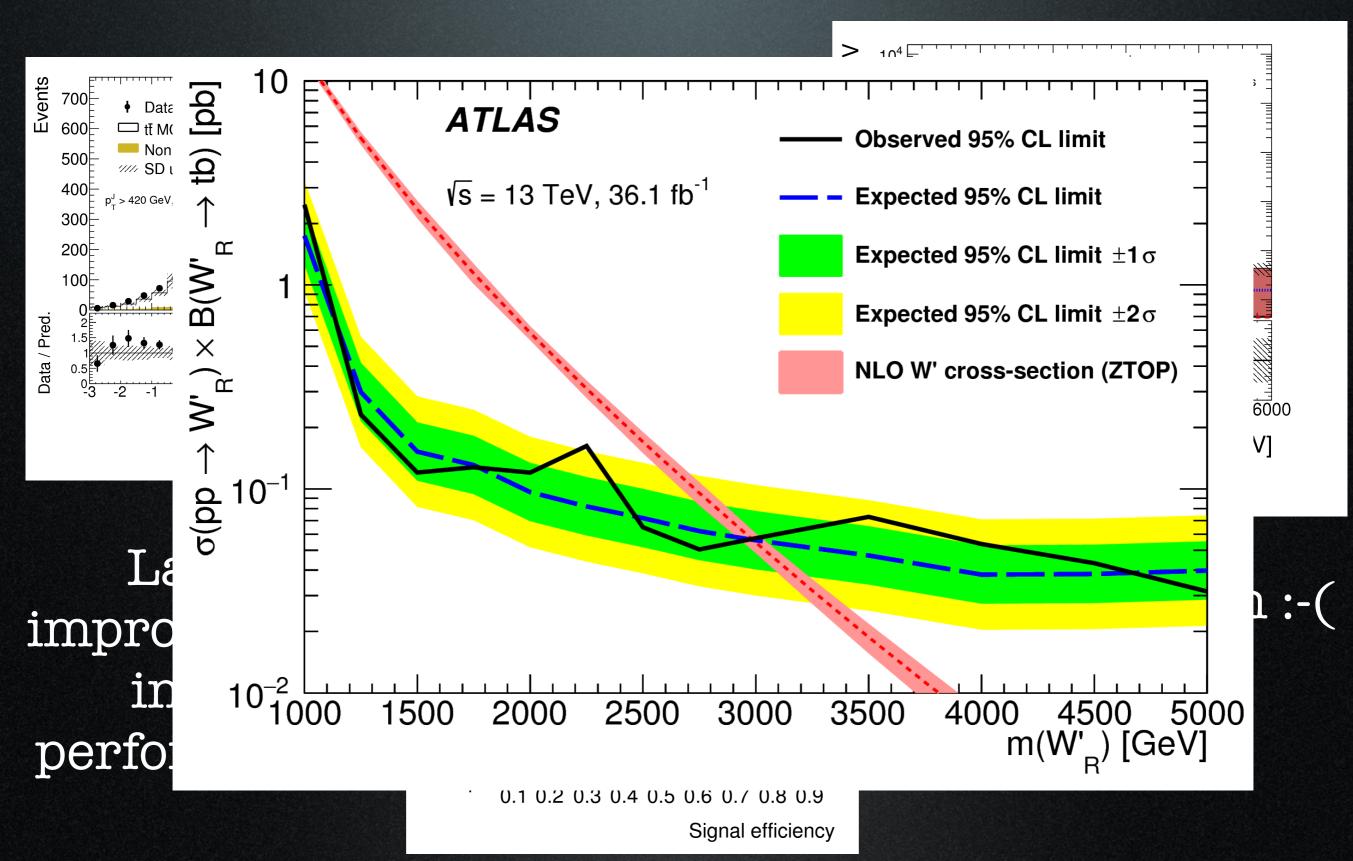
Phys. Lett. B 781 (2018) 327

All hadronic W' search



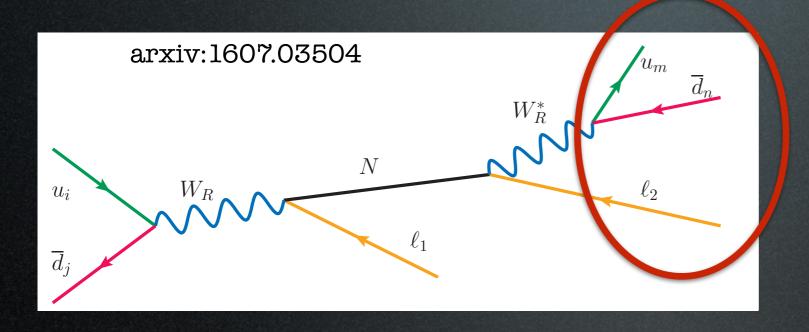
Phys. Lett. B 781 (2018) 327

All hadronic W' search



Unusual Topologies: electron in a large-radius jet



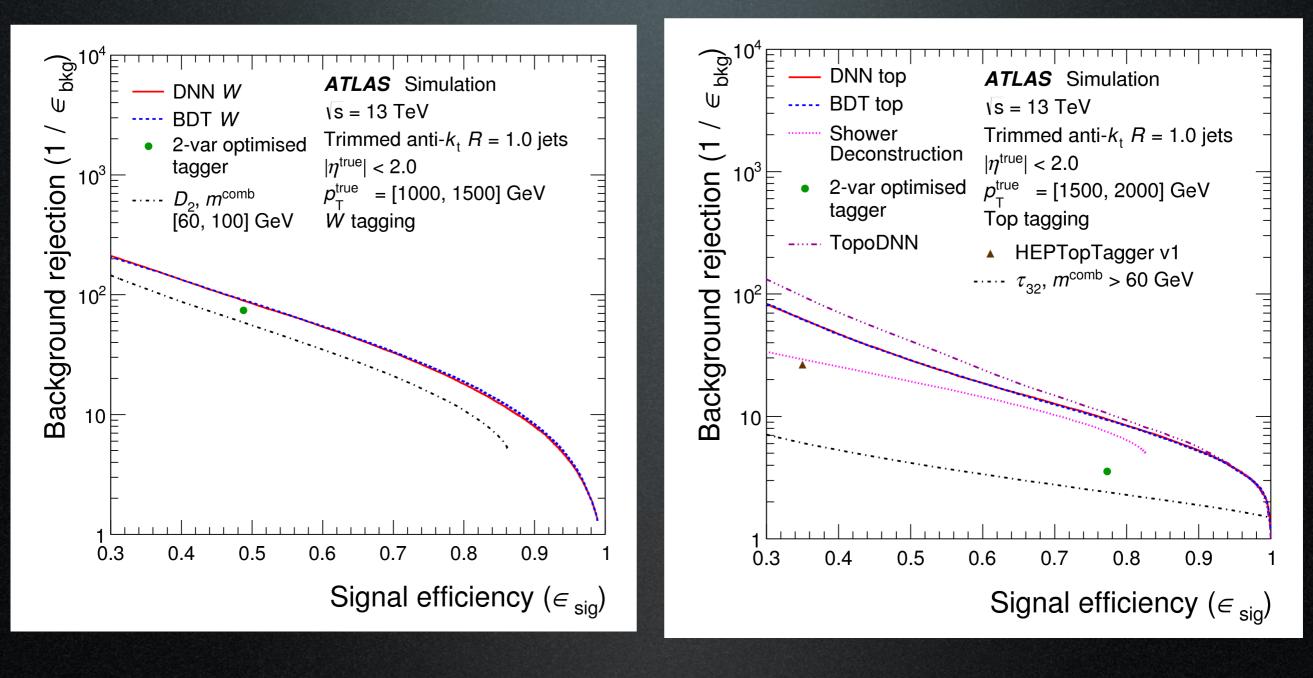


Boosted heavy neutrino in electron channel: large radius jet is the proxy for NR

In ATLAS electron reconstruction assumed no nearby real jet, and applies implicit isolation requirement. That reduces signal efficiency, and the presence of such a jet affects the electron performance numbers

Other new physics signatures with a non-isolated lepton as well. Substructure with electrons is unexplored experimentally!

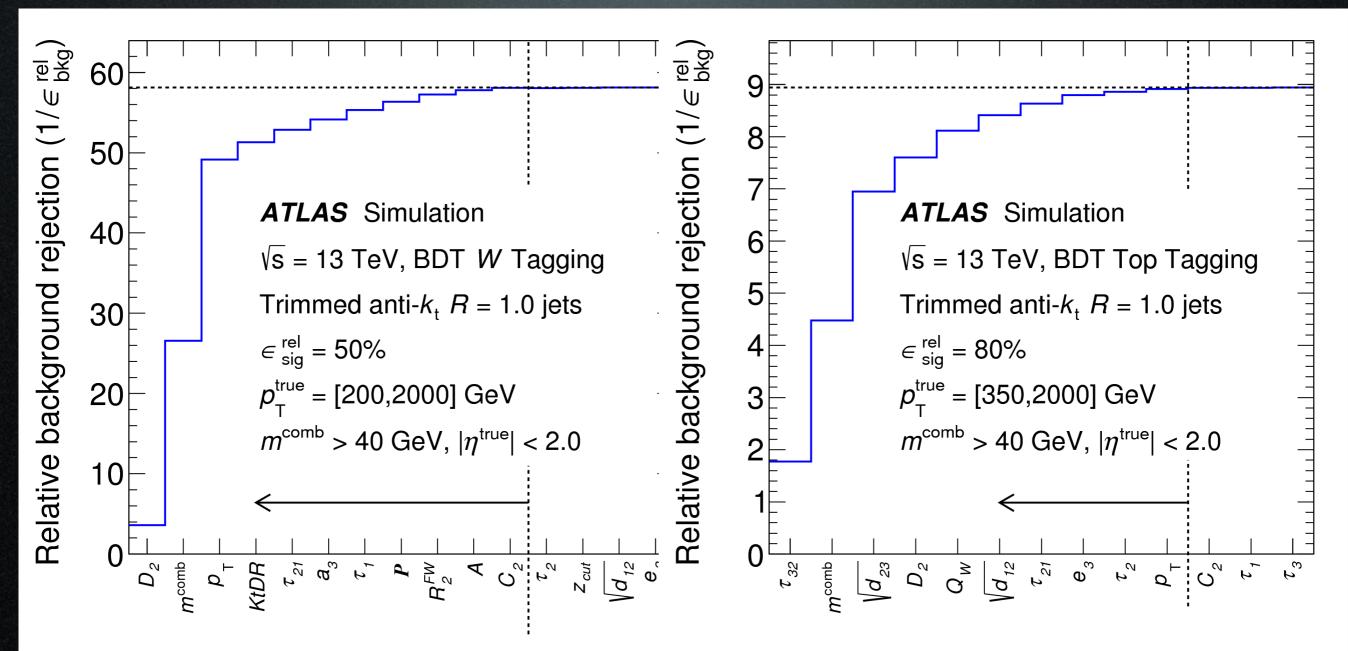
Tagger Comparisons



Top-tagging

W-tagging

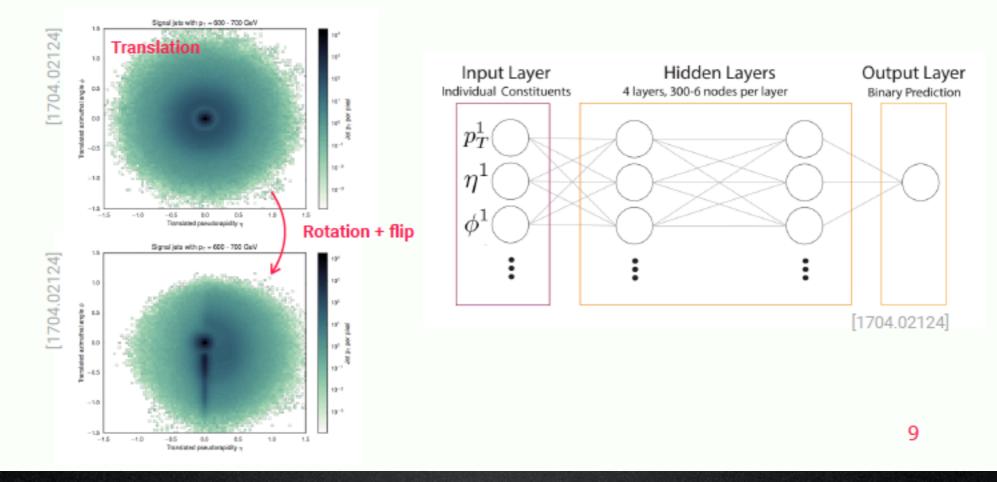
Taggers using Machine Learning



From Andreas Søgaard (Boost 2018)

TopoDNN tagger

- Using (p_T, η, φ) of **10 leading LC topo cluster constituents** in trimmed large-*R* jet (m_{cluster} → 0)
- Preprocessing: translation, rotation, and flip of assumed three-subjet topology



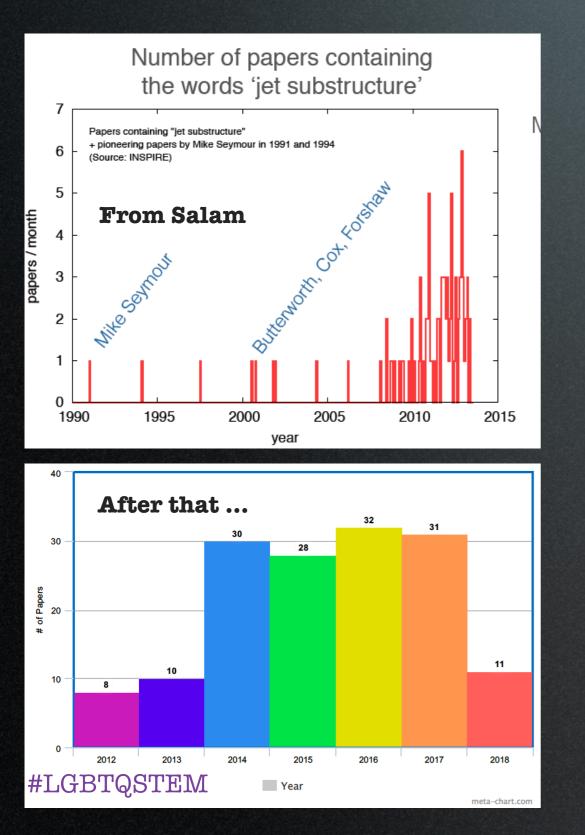
Epilogue: still not used in experiments

- Considered blackbox by many
- No robust way to estimate experimental systematics.
- Correlations are hard to estimate, and not always linear.



Looking Forward

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- Jet substructure studies are essential for finding new physics in post-Higgs era in (HL) LHC and ILC.
- Need measurements, and best possible MC modelling
- Proper estimation of uncertainties, and robustness against pileup is critical