

Top Quark and BSM

At the LHC and beyond

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Top quark (discovery in 1995):

An elementary particle about 180 times heavier than the proton !

The only bare quark that decays before forming bound states, and therefore exposes its interactions with the other SM particles in a direct way.

**Top quark being the heaviest elementary particle (so far)
has the strongest interaction with the Higgs boson**

It is crucial to know the top quark couplings precisely to know the details of Higgs couplings and thus to understand the Electroweak Symmetry Breaking

Top quark is produced at LCH in many processes

pair production

single top with a light jet
 single top with W
 single top with Z and jet

pair production along with H/Z/W

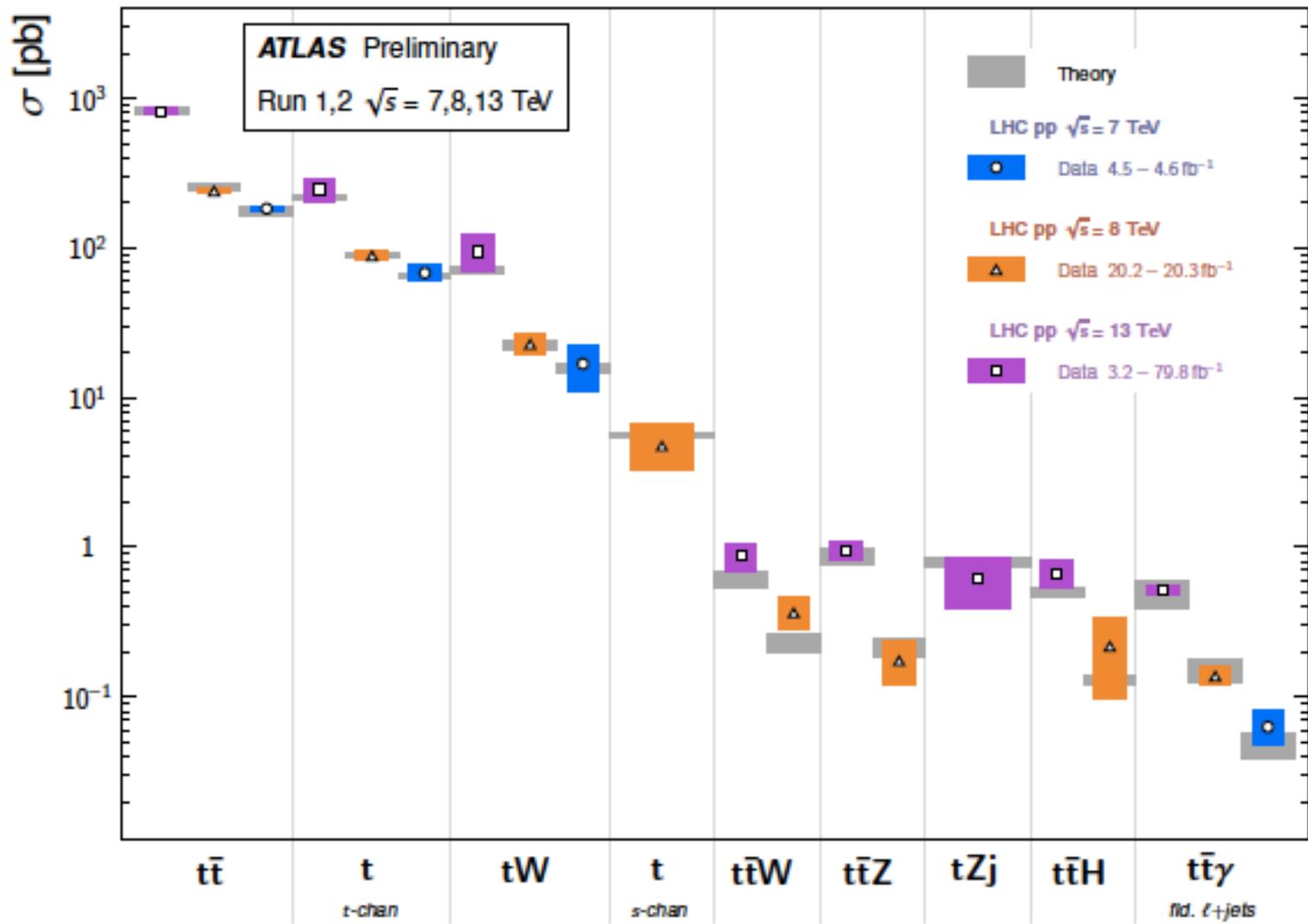
More than 80×10^6 top pairs
 @ 13 TeV, 100 /fb

Top Working Group Summary Plots

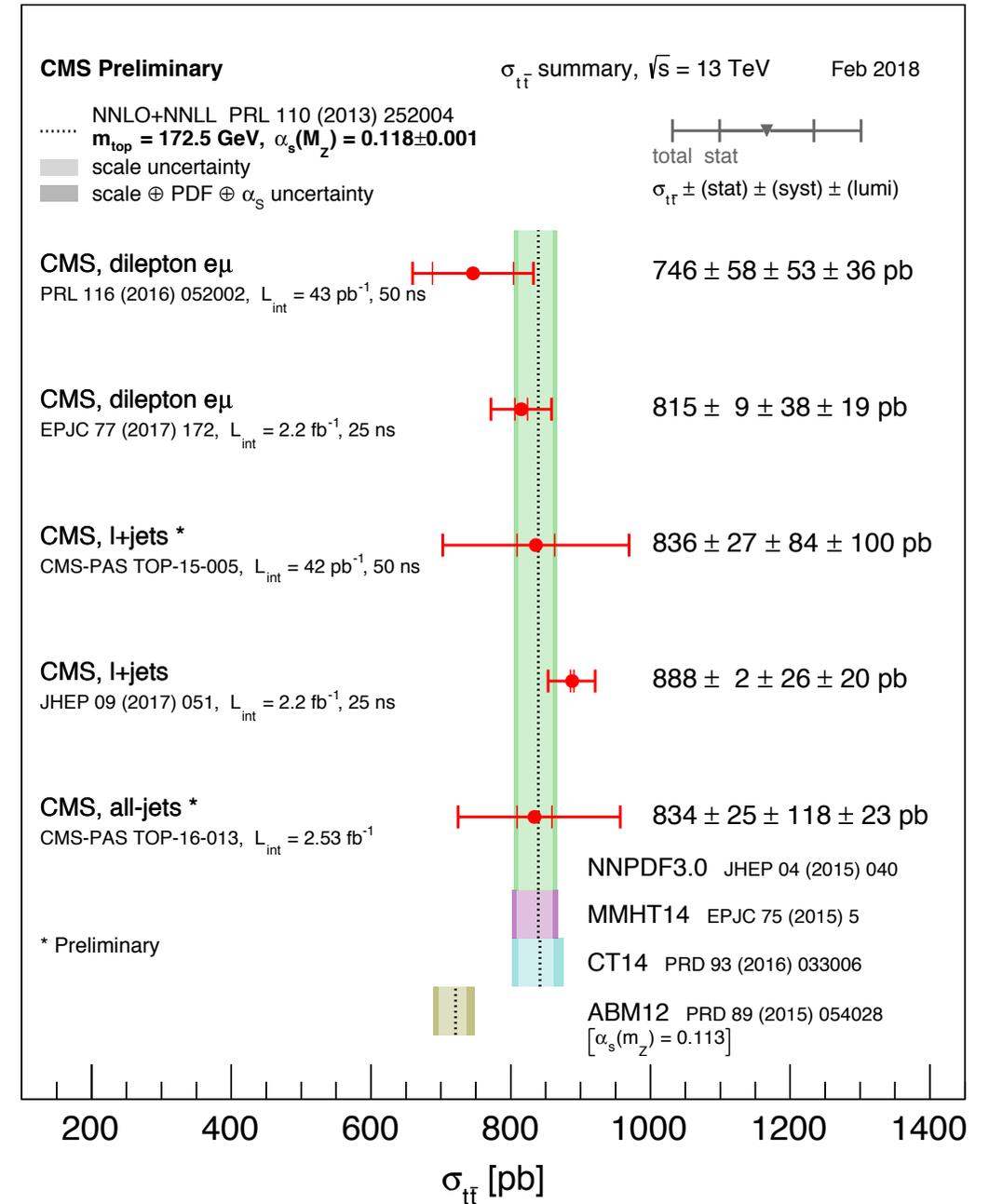
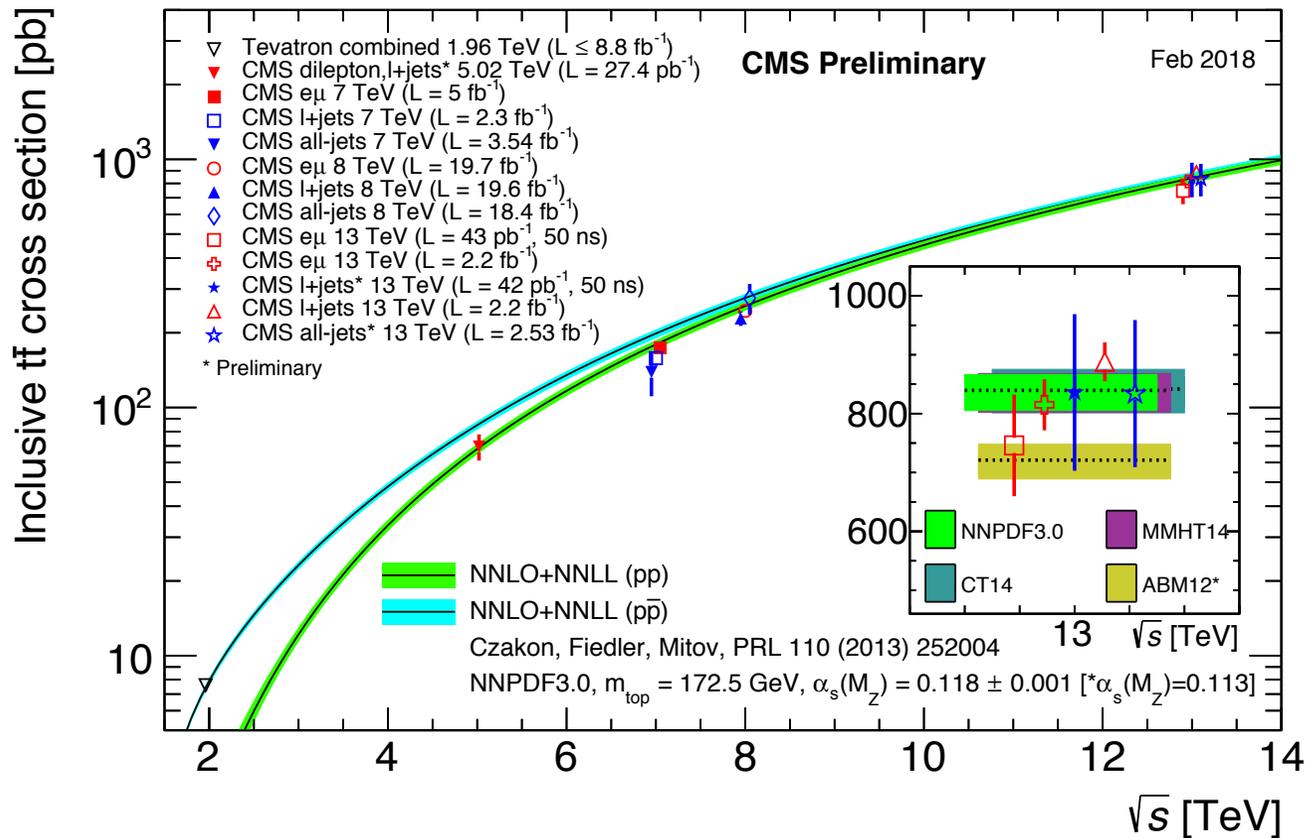
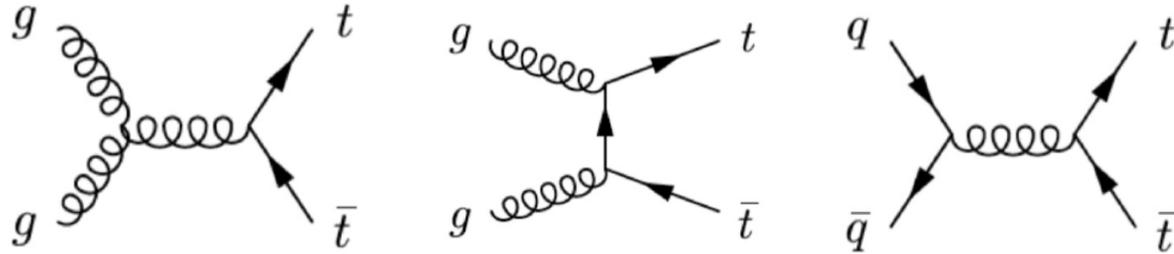
[ATL-PHYS-PUB-2018-034](#)

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

Status: November 2018

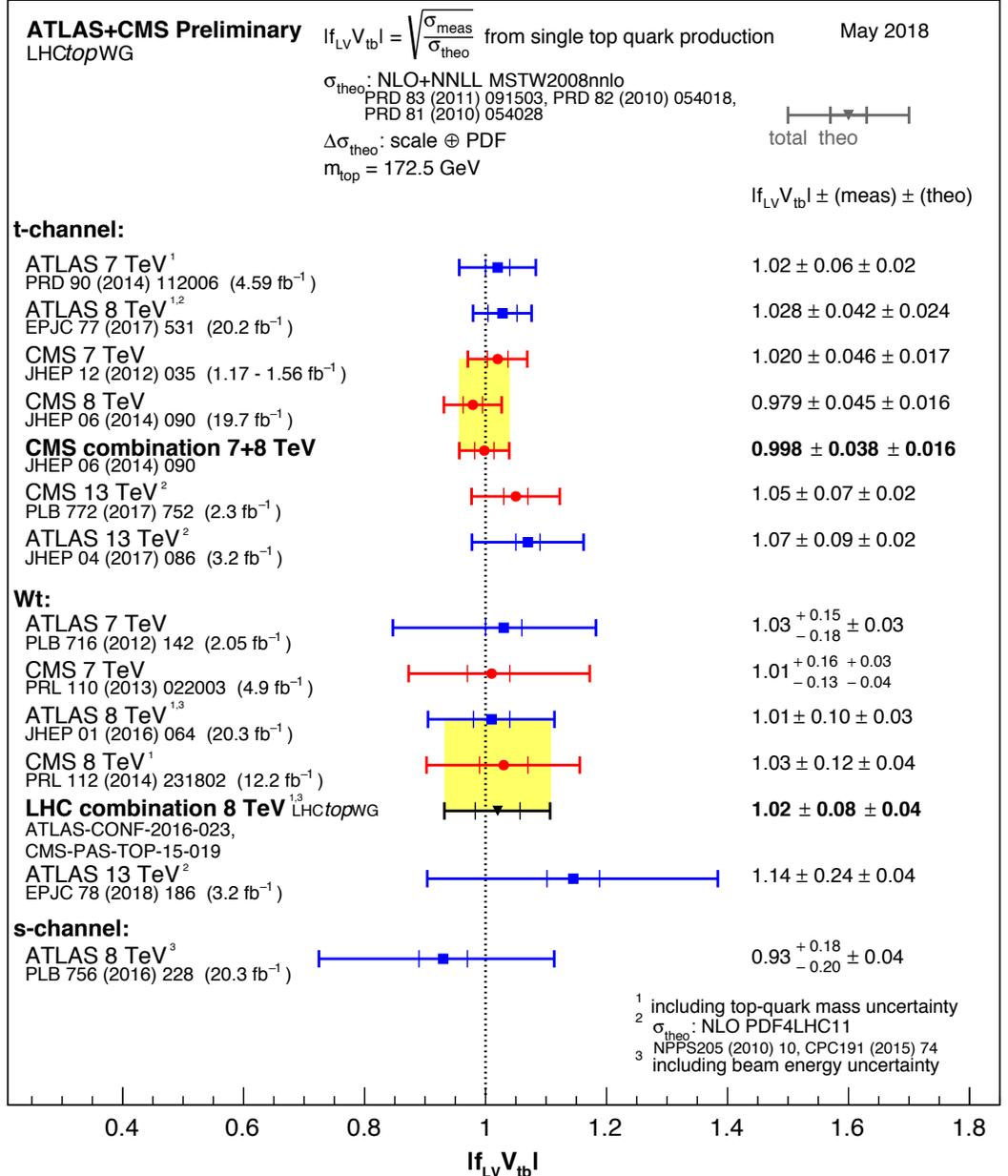
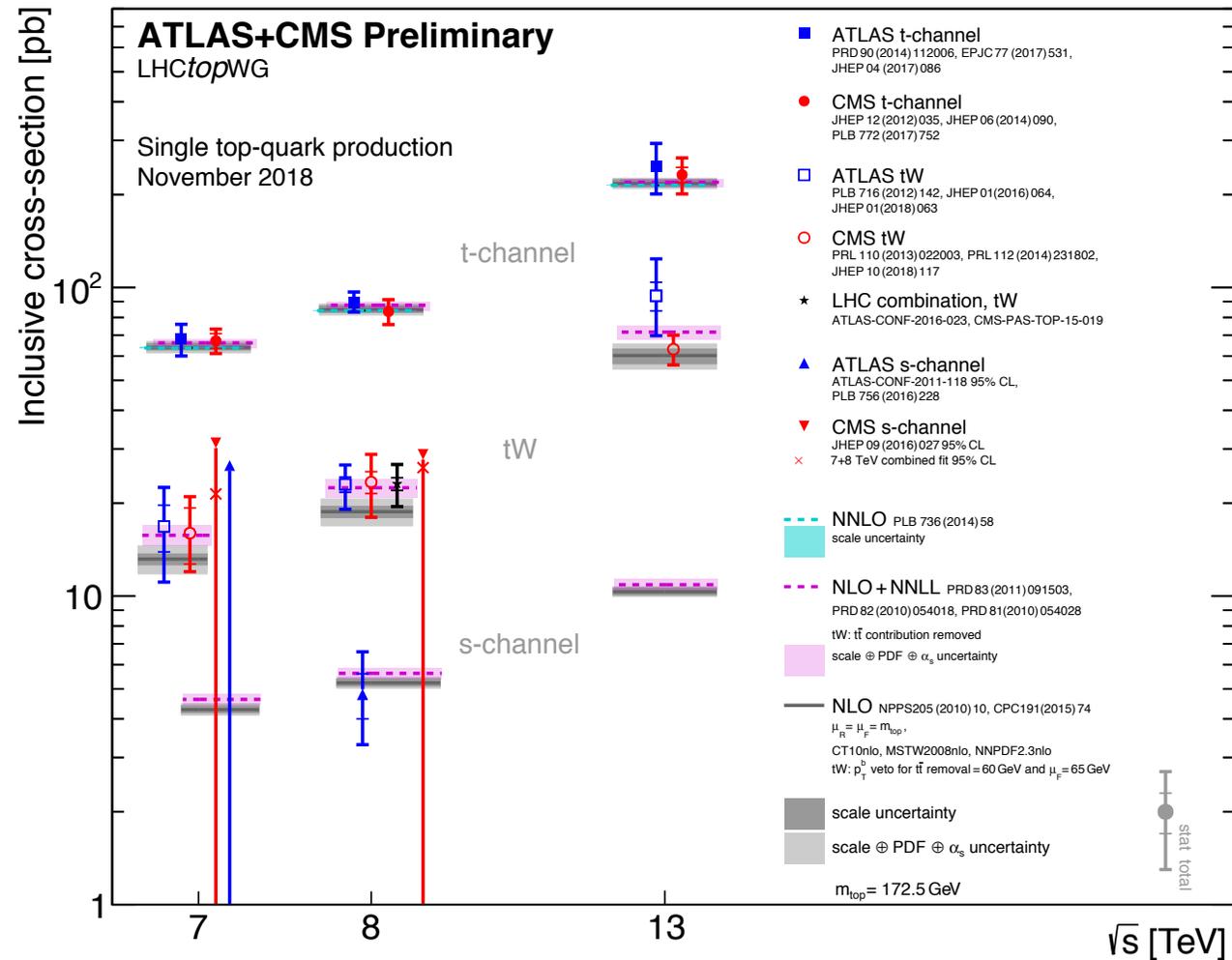
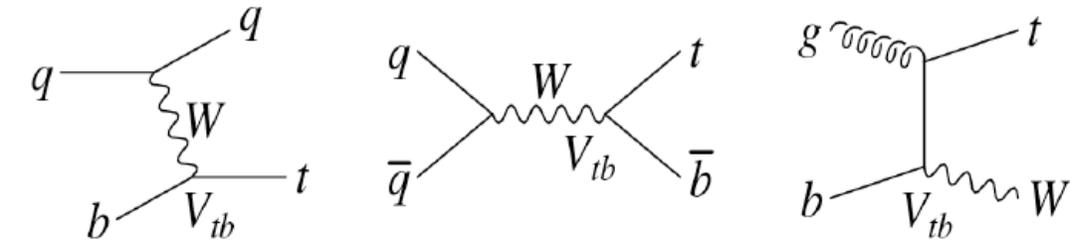


Top quark pair production at the LHC

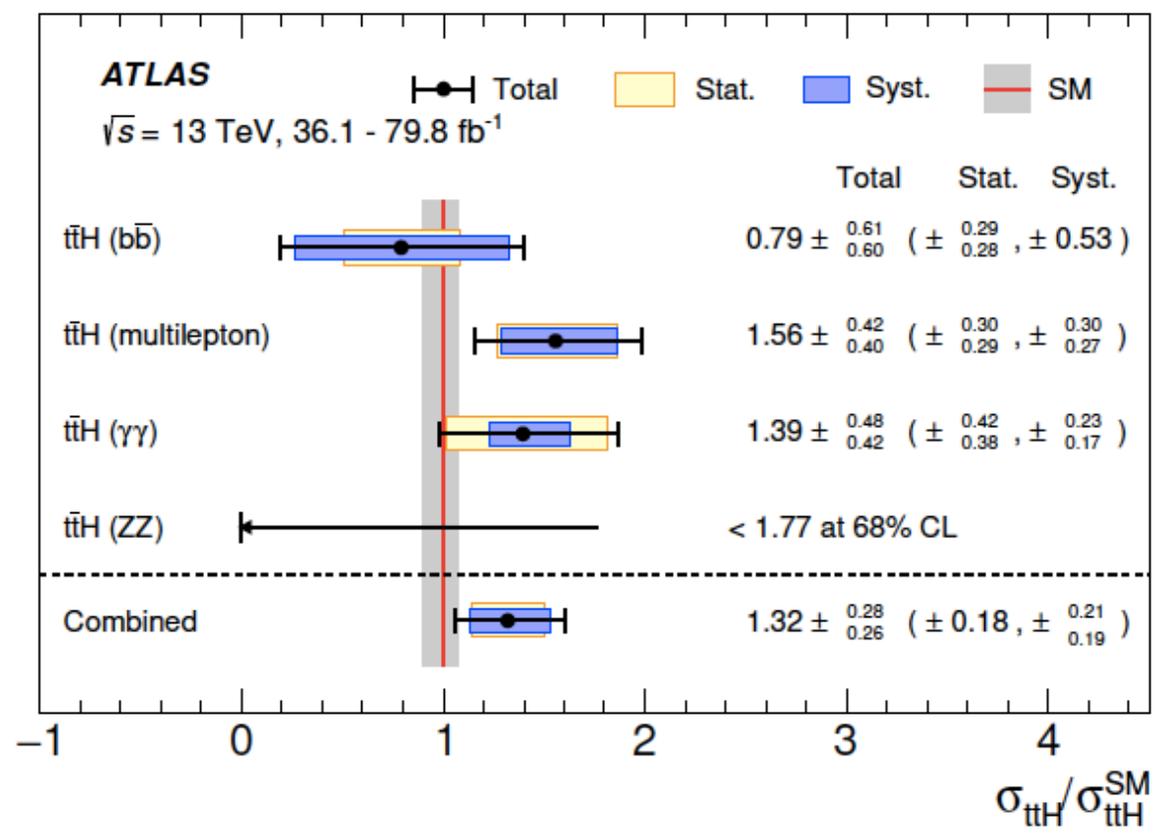
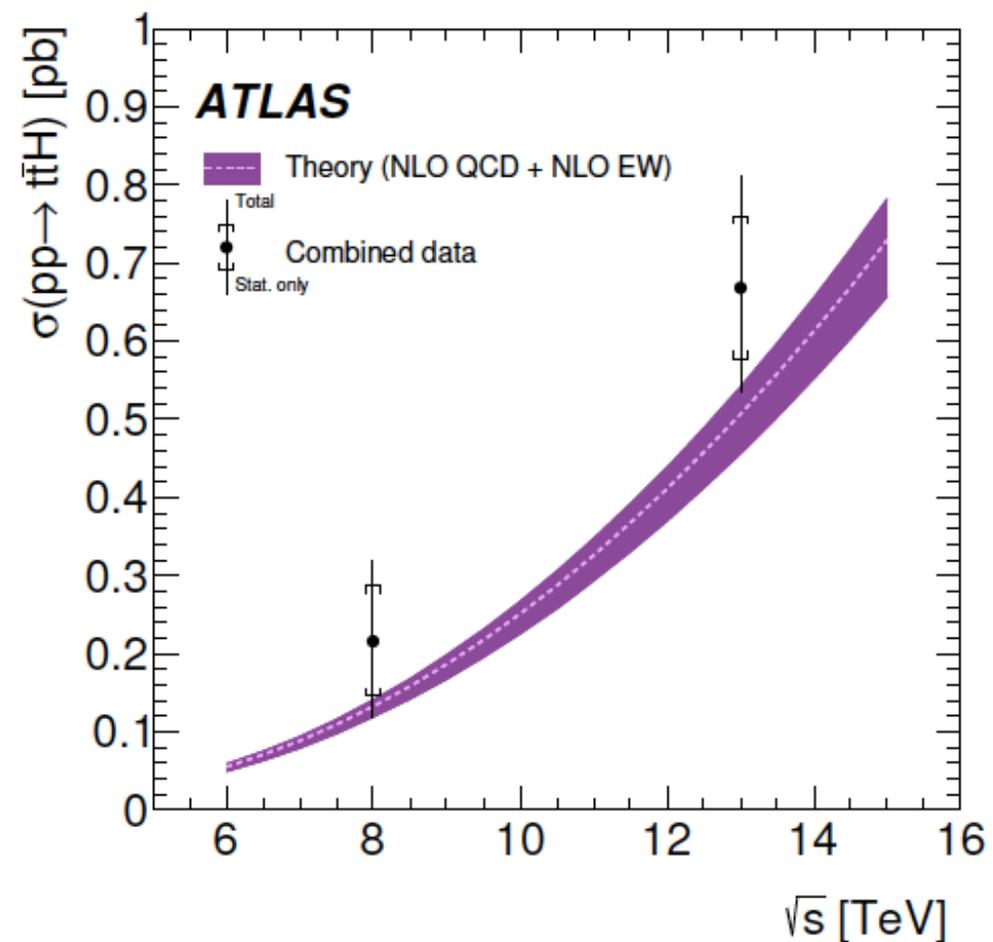
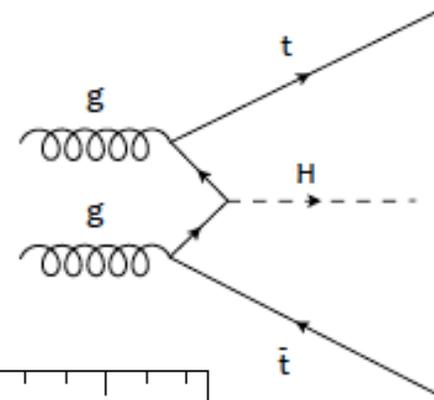


Single Top quark production at the LHC

direct measurement of V_{tb}



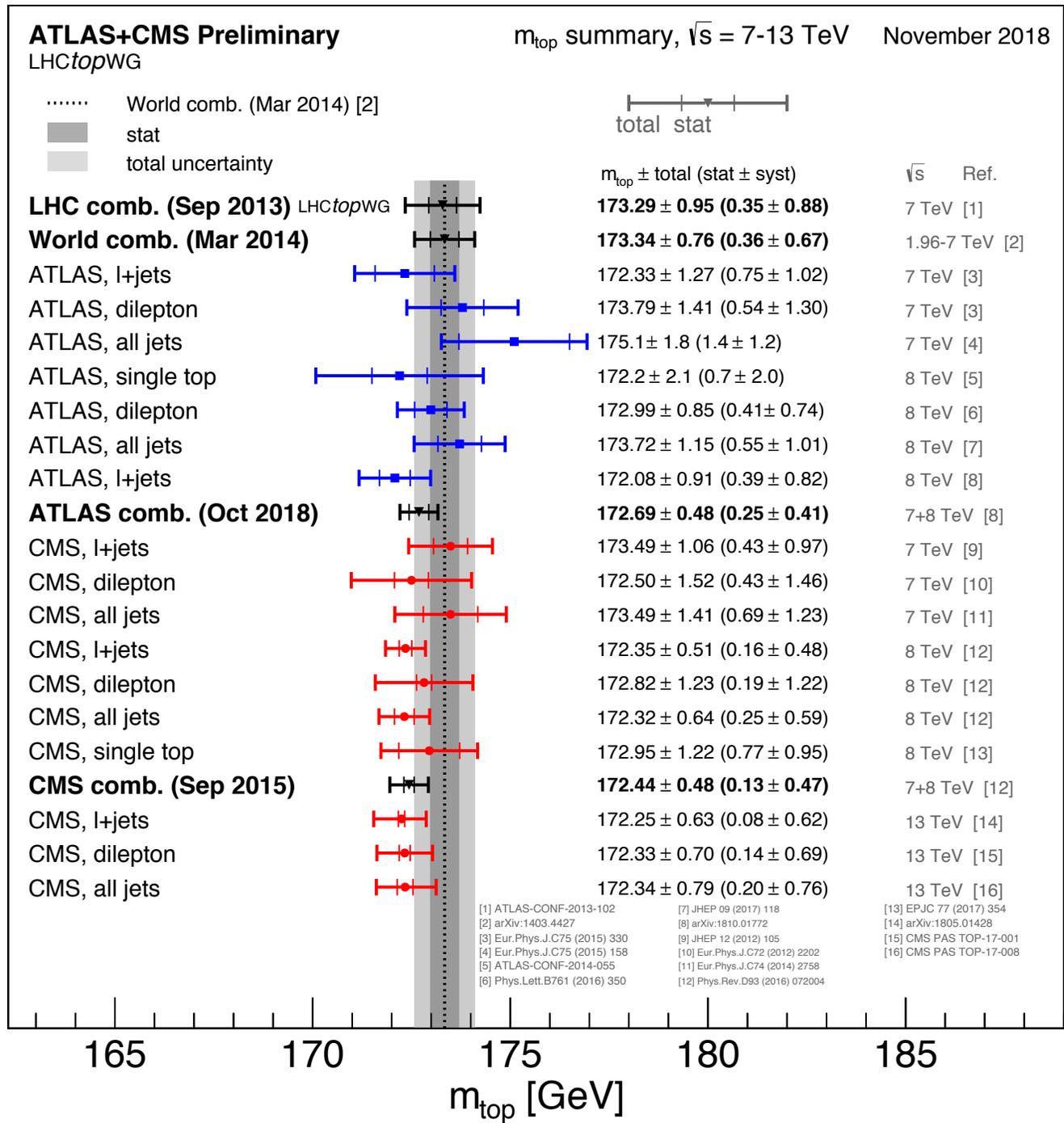
ATLAS, Phys. Lett. B 784 (2018) 173



Direct measurement of Yukawa coupling

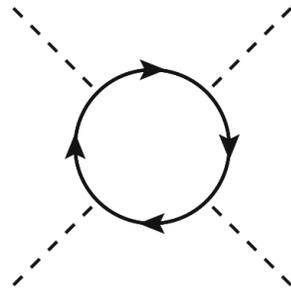
Top quark mass

Need to know precisely
to understand evolution of Higgs coupling.



Why is it important

$$V(\phi) = \mu^2 \phi^\dagger \phi + \lambda (\phi^\dagger \phi)^2$$



Running of Higgs self coupling

$$16\pi^2 \frac{d\lambda}{d \log \mu} = 24\lambda^2 + 12\lambda g_{htt}^2 - 9\lambda \left(g^2 + \frac{g'^2}{3} \right) - 6g_{htt}^4 + \frac{9g^4}{8} + \frac{3g'^4}{8} + \frac{3g^2 g'^2}{4}$$

In the SM, at tree level

$$g_{htt}^{SM} = \frac{\sqrt{2} m_t}{v} = \frac{\sqrt{2} \cdot (173.34 \pm 0.76)}{246} = 0.996 \pm 0.004$$

In 2HDM / MSSM

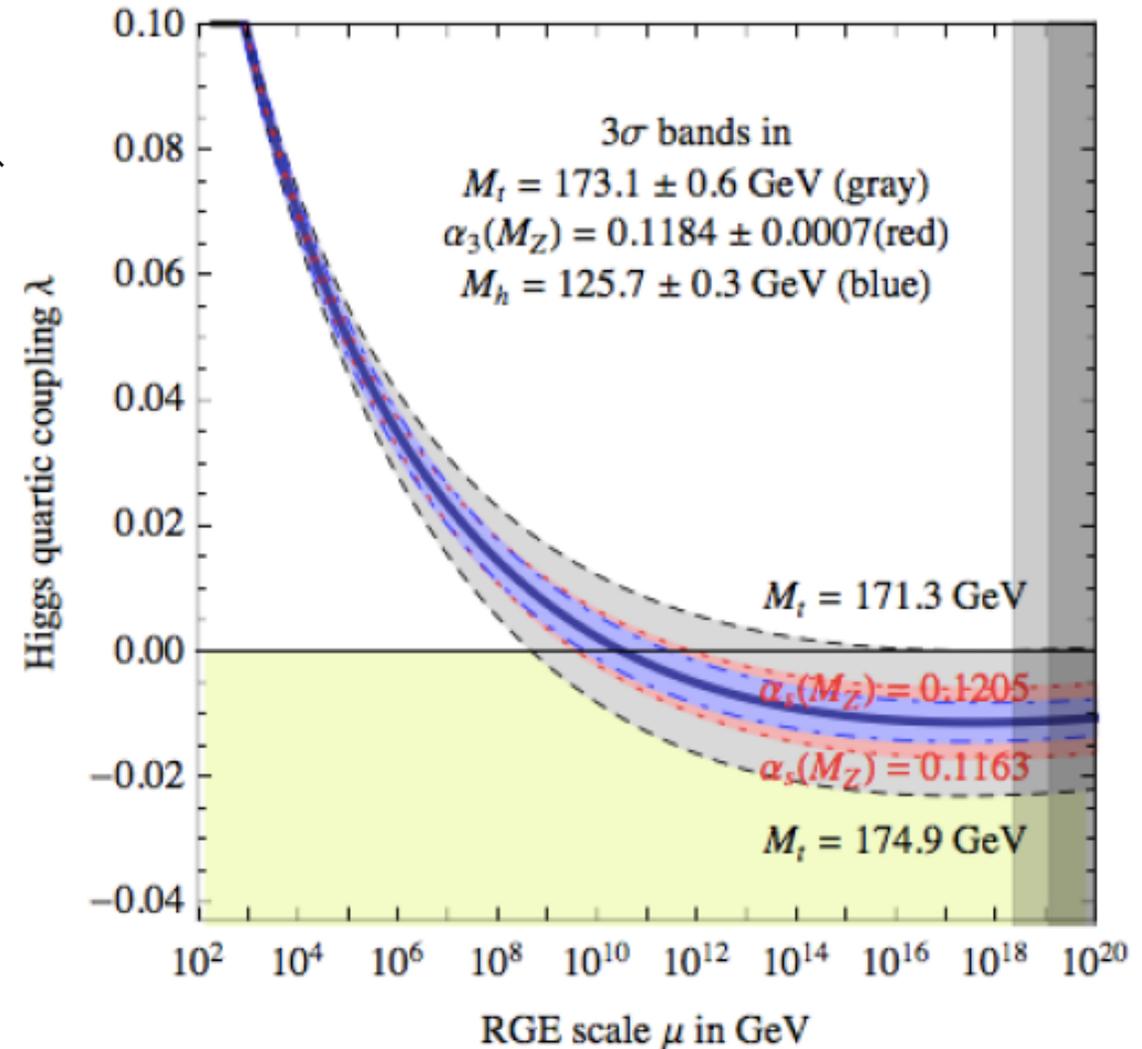
$$g_{htt} = \frac{\sqrt{2} m_t}{v} \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \beta}$$

In general

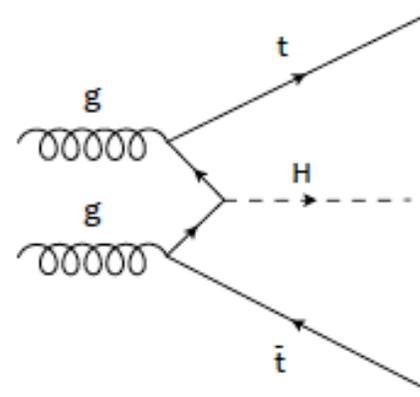
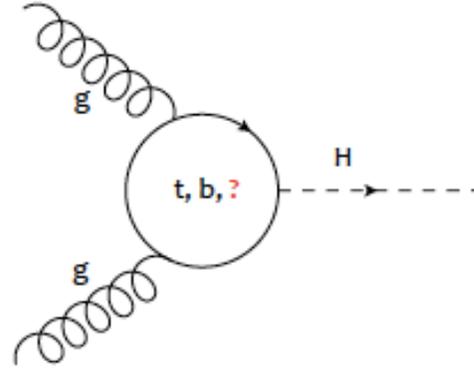
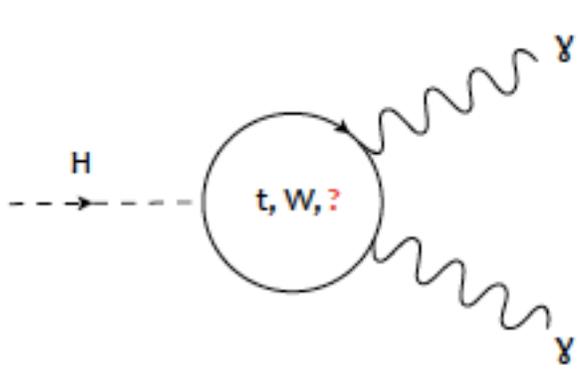
$$g_{htt} = c_t g_{htt}^{SM}$$

$$Y_d \bar{Q}_L \phi d_R - Y_u \bar{Q}_L \tilde{\phi} u_R$$

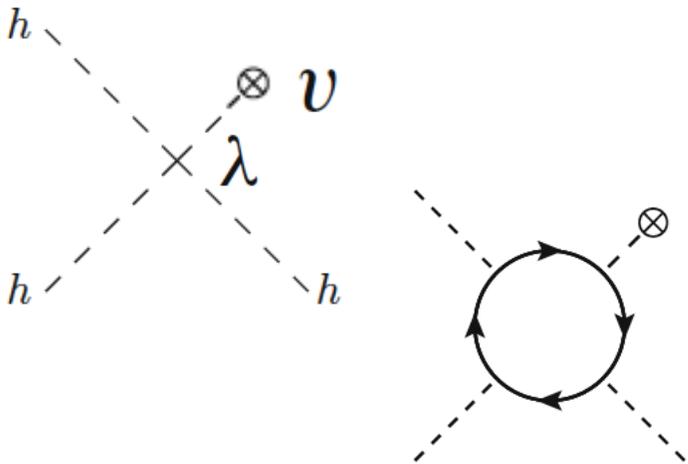
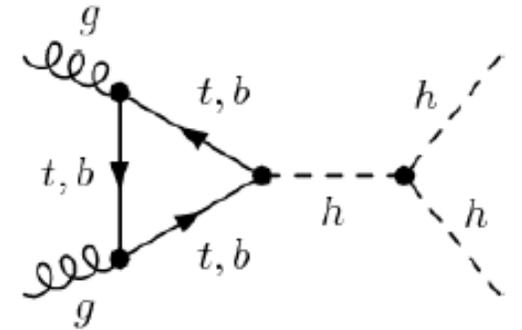
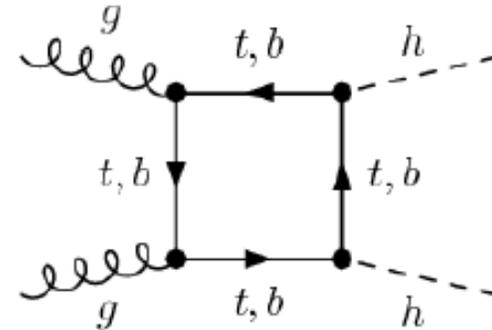
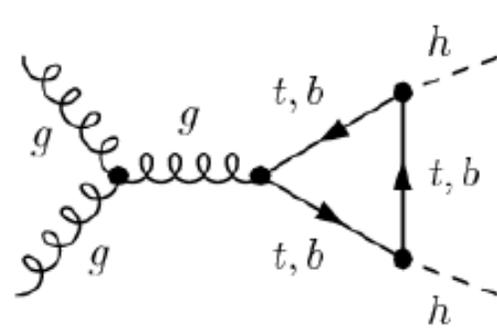
$$y_t = g_{htt}$$



Top quark Yukawa influencing the production and decay of the Higgs boson at the LHC



Also the measurement of Higgs trilinear coupling



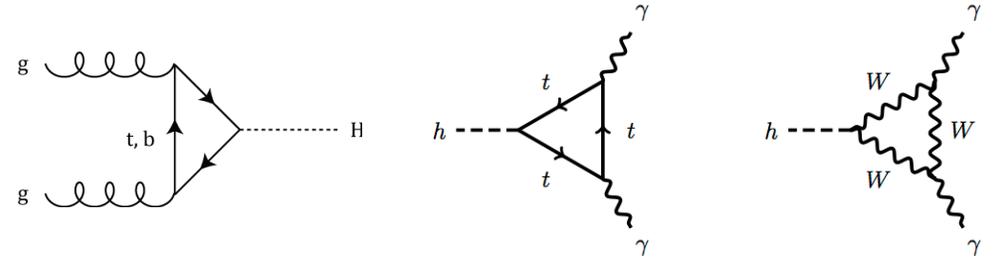
$$\mathcal{L}_{t\bar{t}H} = -\frac{m_t}{v} \bar{\psi}_t (\kappa_t + \tilde{\kappa}_t i\gamma_5) H \psi_t \quad \text{SM} \Rightarrow \quad \kappa_t = 1 \quad \tilde{\kappa}_t = 0$$

Indirect measurements

$$pp(gg) \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma$$

$$\sigma \cdot \text{BR}(gg \rightarrow H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) = \sigma_{\text{SM}}(gg \rightarrow H) \cdot \text{BR}_{\text{SM}}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \cdot \frac{\kappa_g^2 \cdot \kappa_\gamma^2}{\kappa_H^2}$$

$$\sigma(gg \rightarrow H) * \text{BR}(H \rightarrow \gamma\gamma) \sim \frac{\kappa_F^2 \cdot \kappa_V^2(\kappa_F, \kappa_V)}{0.75 \cdot \kappa_F^2 + 0.25 \cdot \kappa_V^2}$$



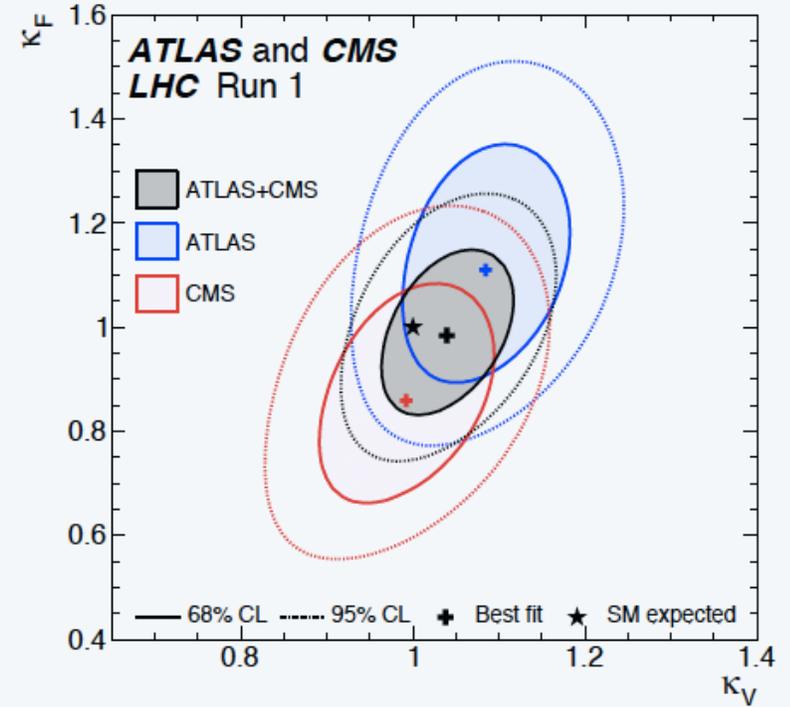
$$\kappa_j^2 = \sigma_j / \sigma_j^{\text{SM}} \quad \text{or} \quad \kappa_j^2 = \Gamma^j / \Gamma_{\text{SM}}^j$$

$$\kappa_V = \kappa_W = \kappa_Z$$

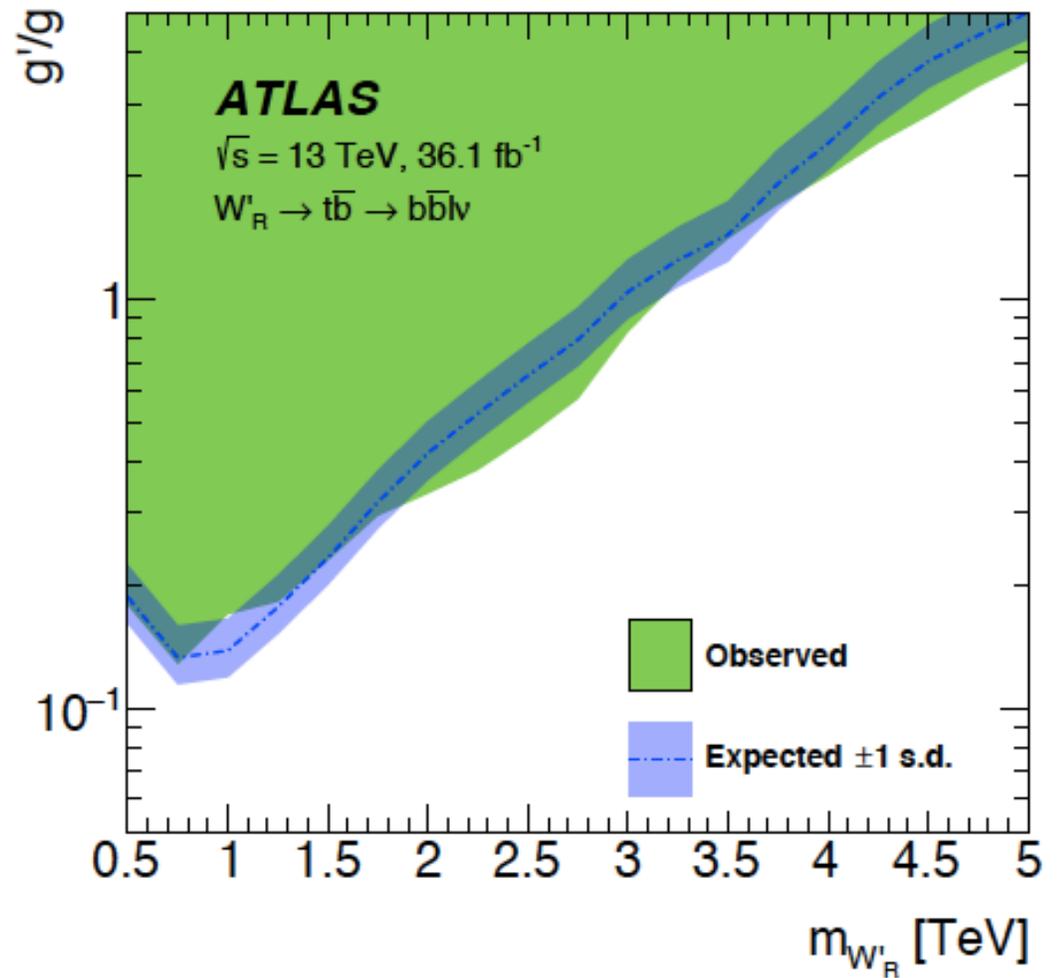
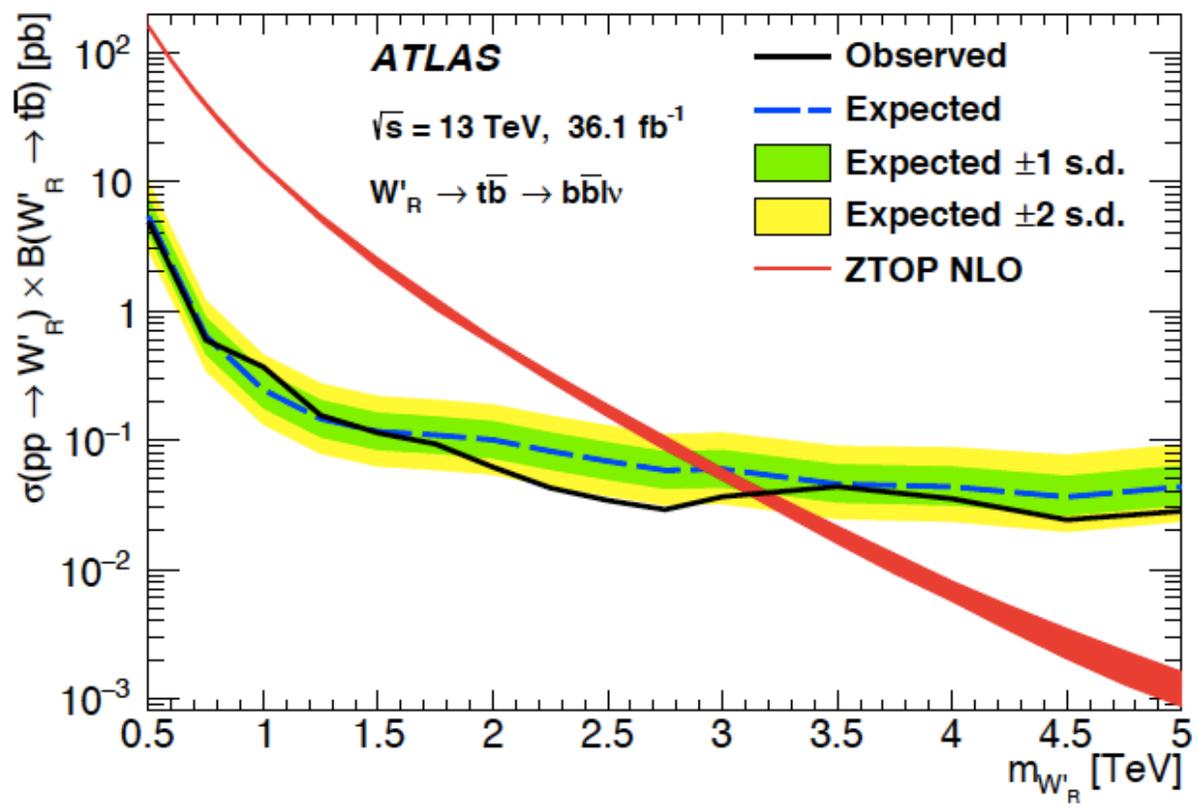
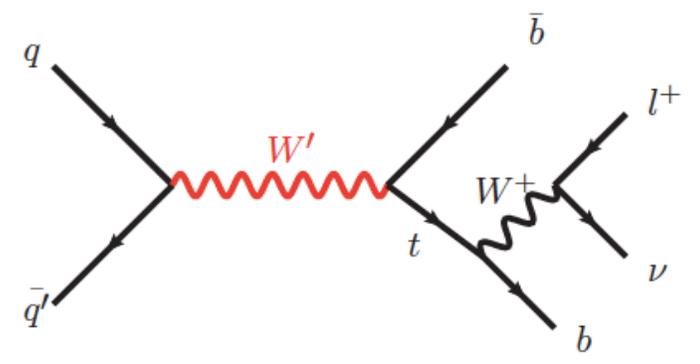
$$\kappa_F = \kappa_t = \kappa_b = \kappa_\tau = \kappa_g$$

$$\kappa_\gamma^2(\kappa_F, \kappa_V) = 1.59 \cdot \kappa_V^2 - 0.66 \cdot \kappa_V \kappa_F + 0.07 \cdot \kappa_F^2$$

$$\begin{aligned} \kappa_H^2 = & 0.57 \cdot \kappa_b^2 + 0.22 \cdot \kappa_W^2 + 0.09 \cdot \kappa_g^2 + \\ & 0.06 \cdot \kappa_\tau^2 + 0.03 \cdot \kappa_Z^2 + 0.03 \cdot \kappa_c^2 + \\ & 0.0023 \cdot \kappa_\gamma^2 + 0.0016 \cdot \kappa_{(Z\gamma)}^2 + \\ & 0.0001 \cdot \kappa_s^2 + 0.00022 \cdot \kappa_\mu^2 \end{aligned}$$



$W'^+ \rightarrow t\bar{b}$ and $W'^- \rightarrow \bar{t}b$



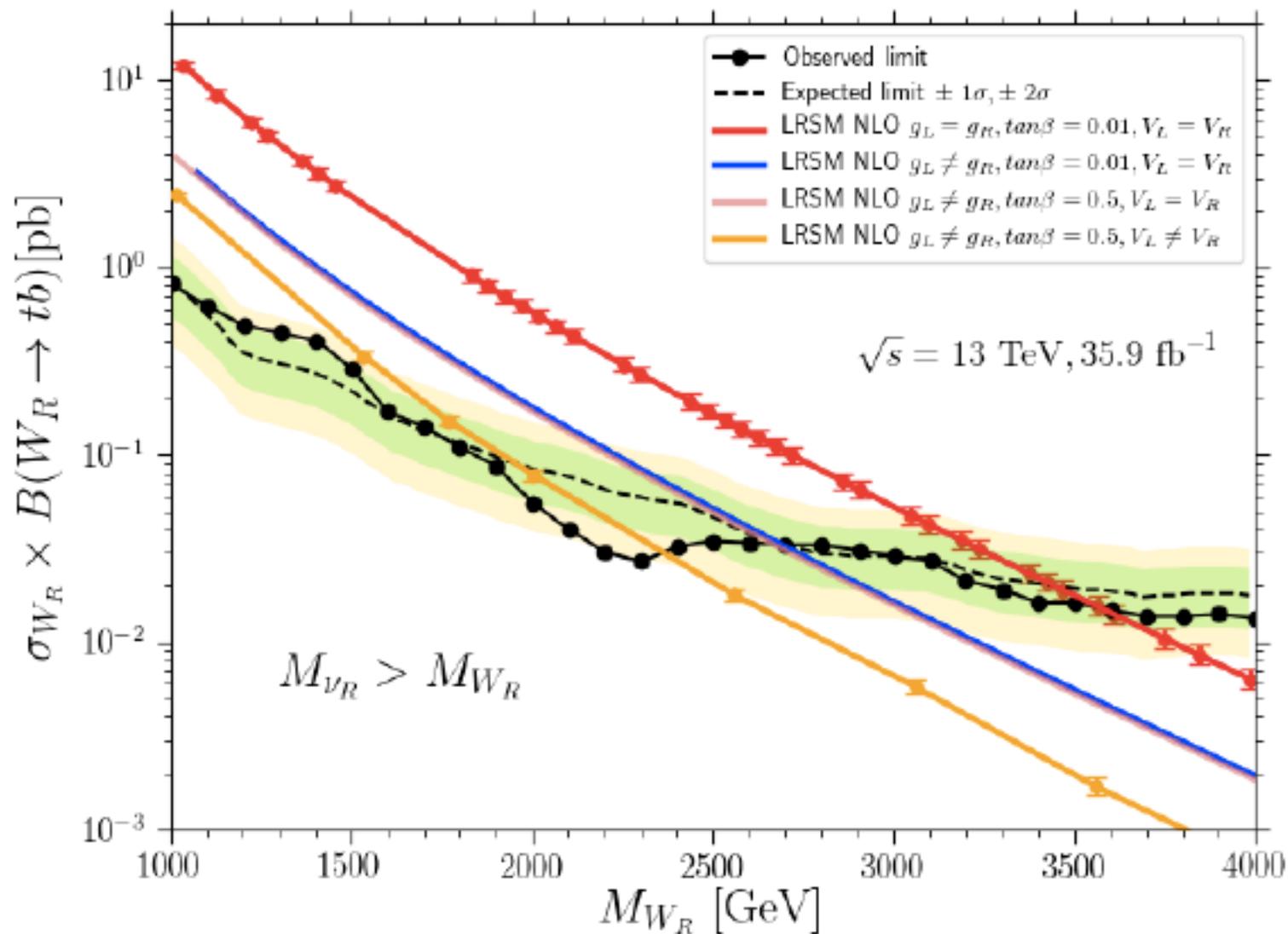
This can be relaxed considering

$$g_R \neq g_L$$

$$V_{CKM}^L \neq V_{CKM}^R$$

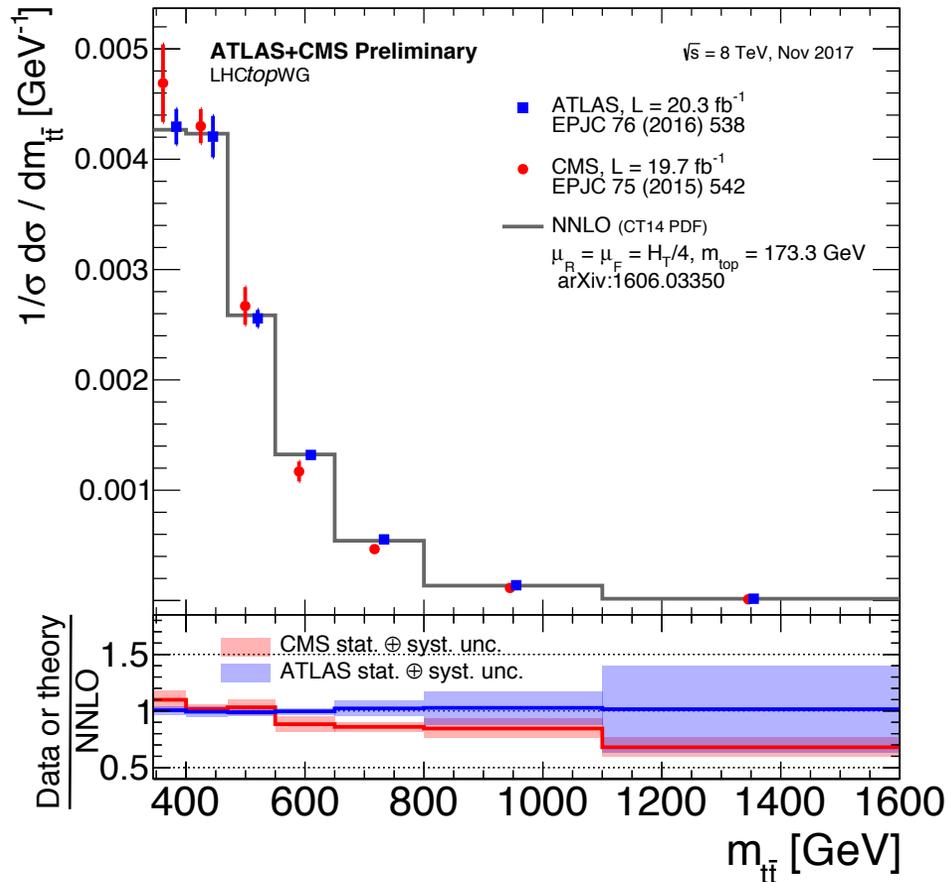
(respecting all constraints
including those from Flavour Sector)

Frank, Ozdel, PP: [arXiv:1812.05681](https://arxiv.org/abs/1812.05681)

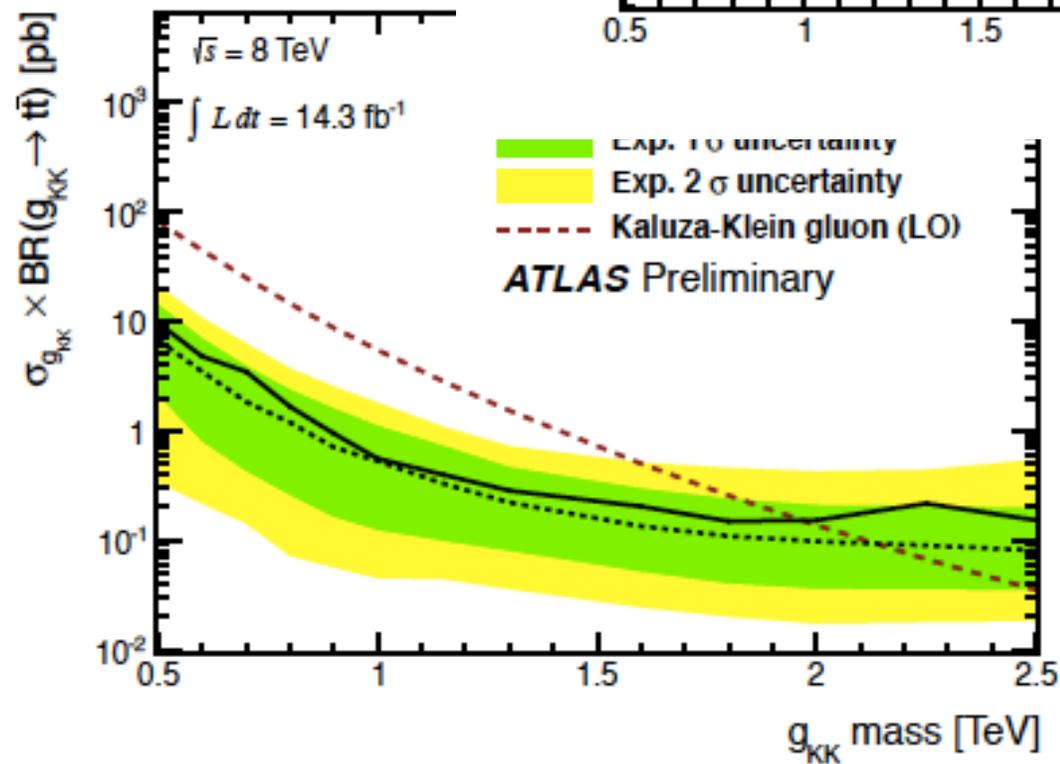
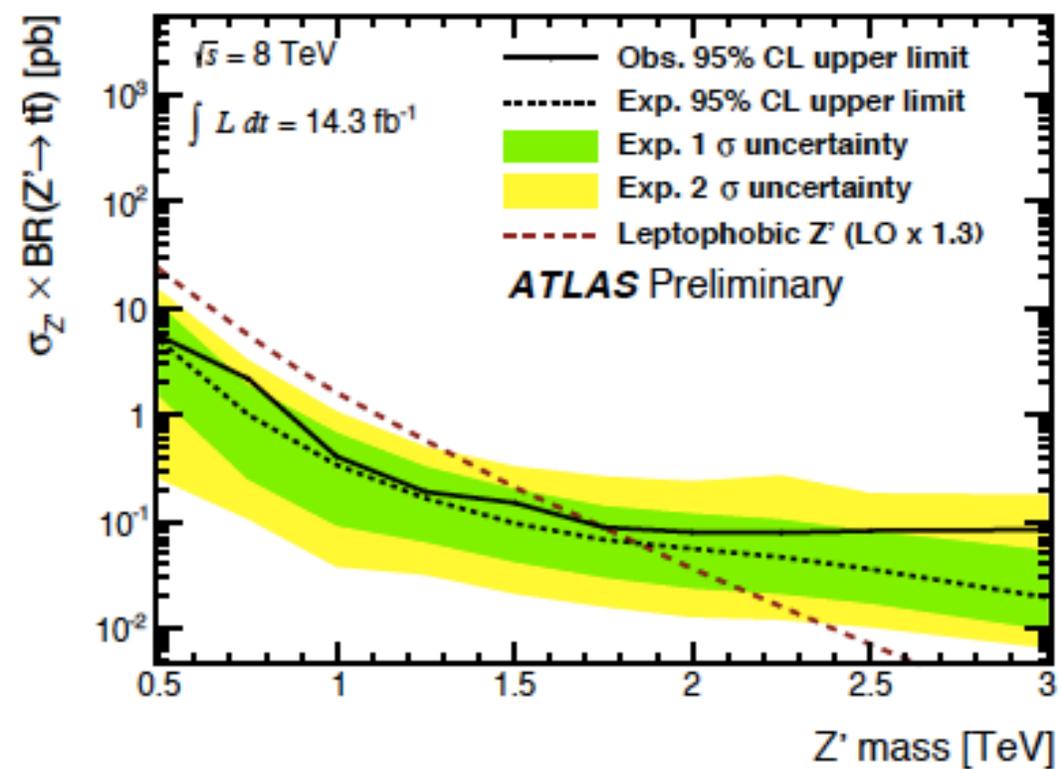


$$Z' \rightarrow tt$$

$$G \rightarrow tt$$

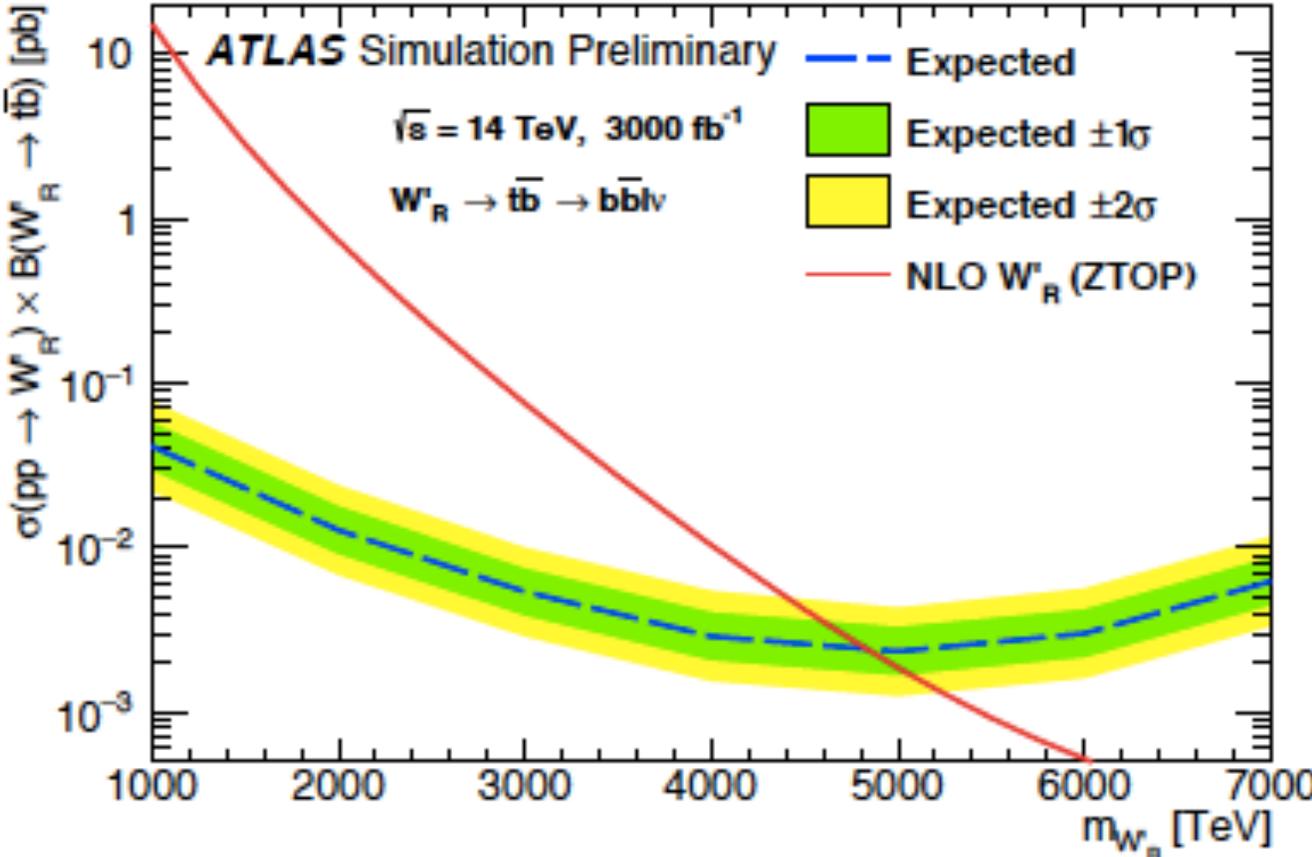
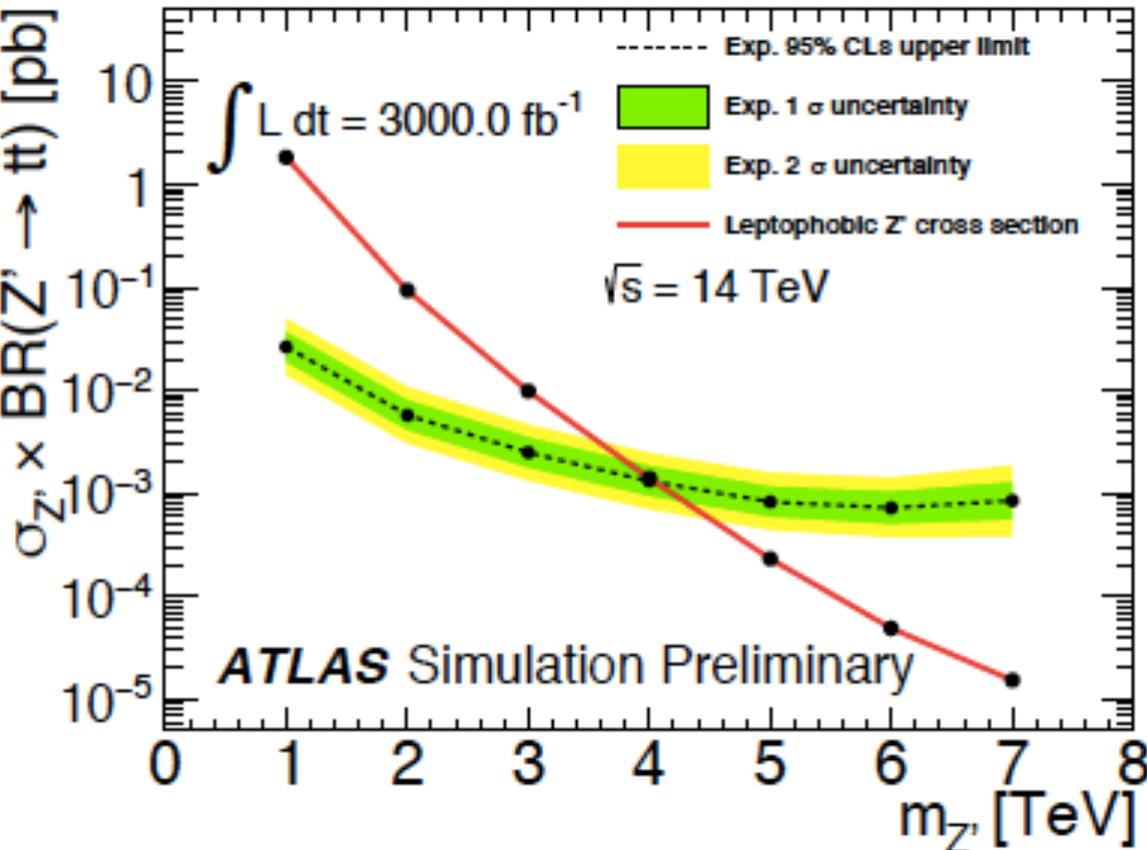


Limits are much weaker compared to di-jet and di-lepton channels



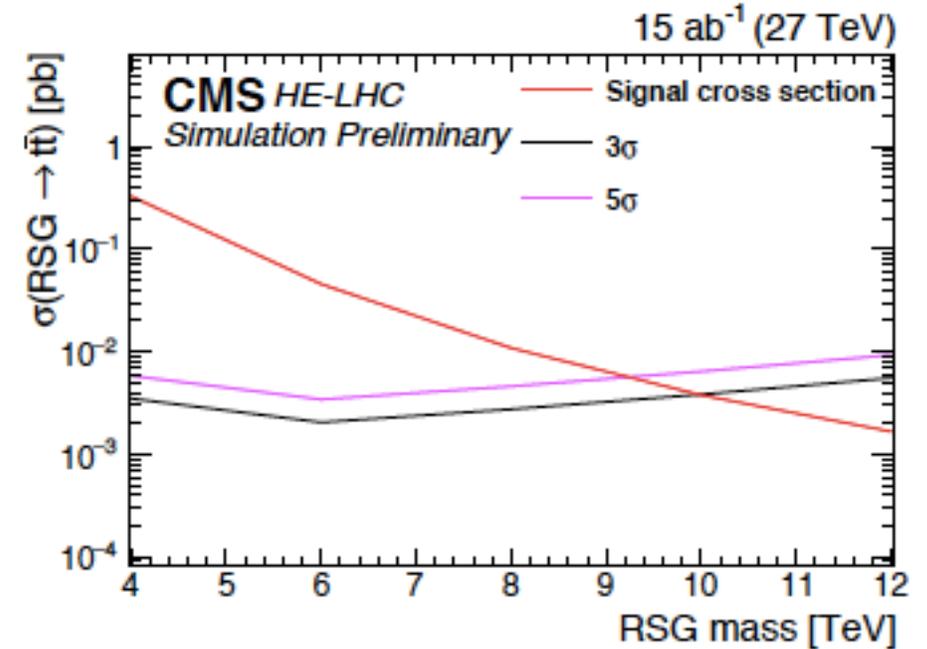
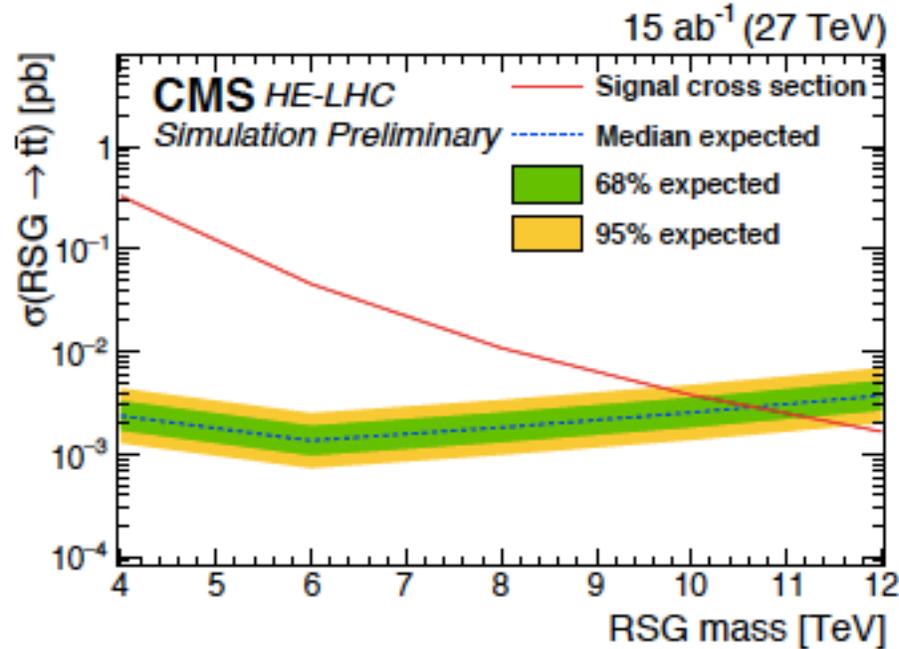
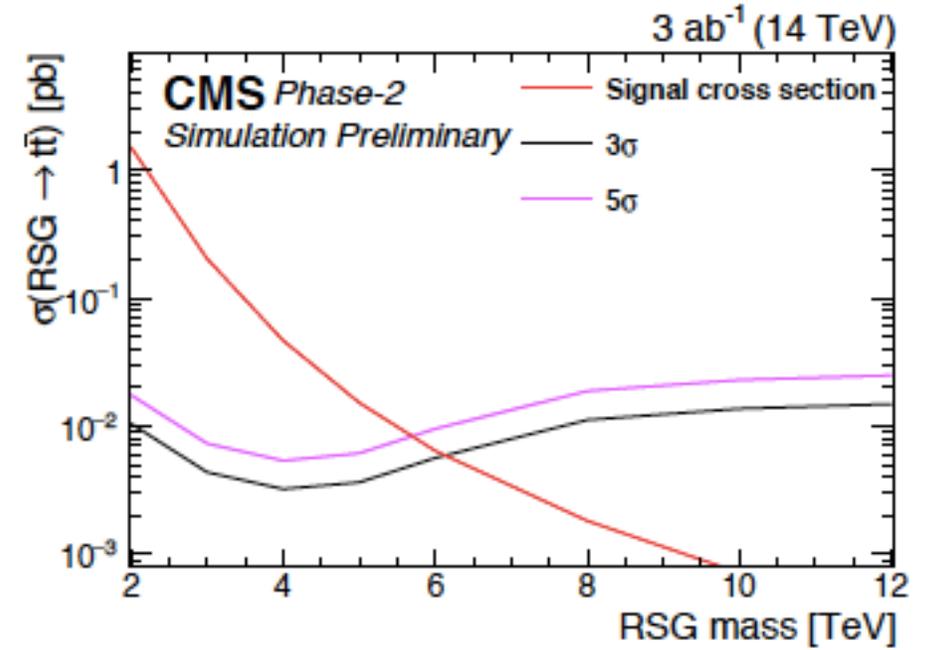
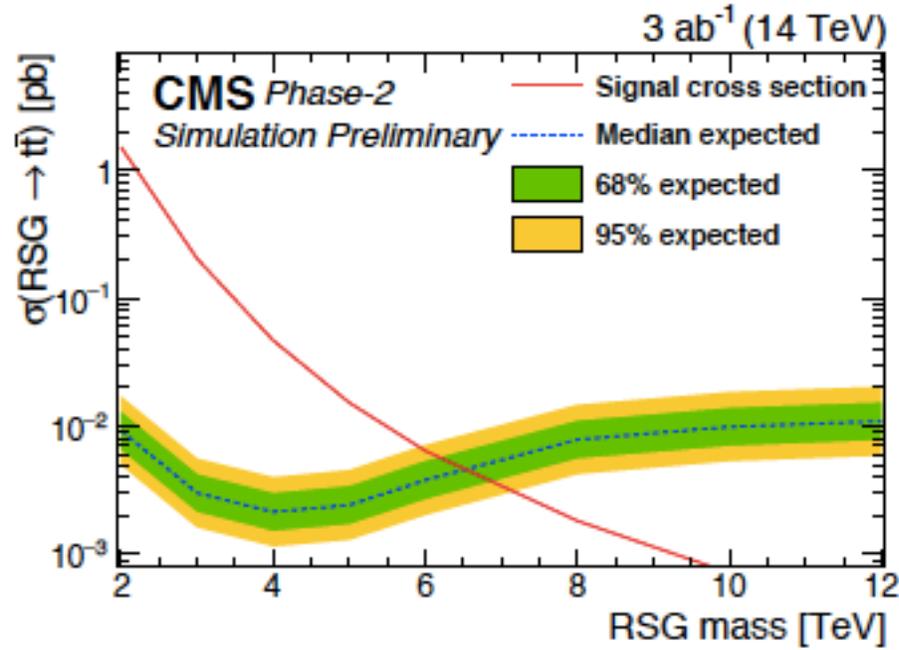
High Luminosity LHC expectations

arXiv: 1812.07831



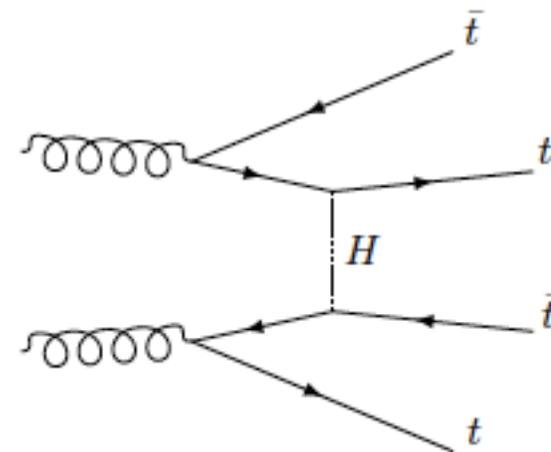
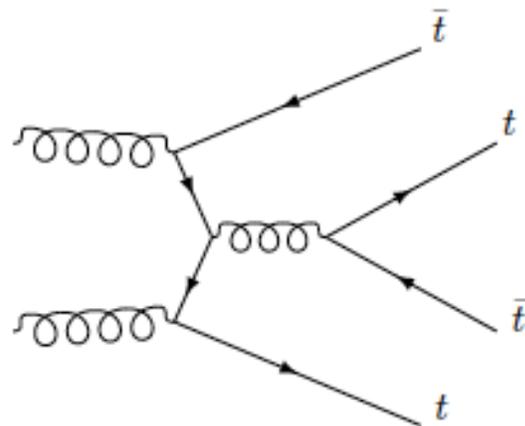
Spin-2 Resonance

at HL-LHC
and HE-LHC



Four Top production at the LHC

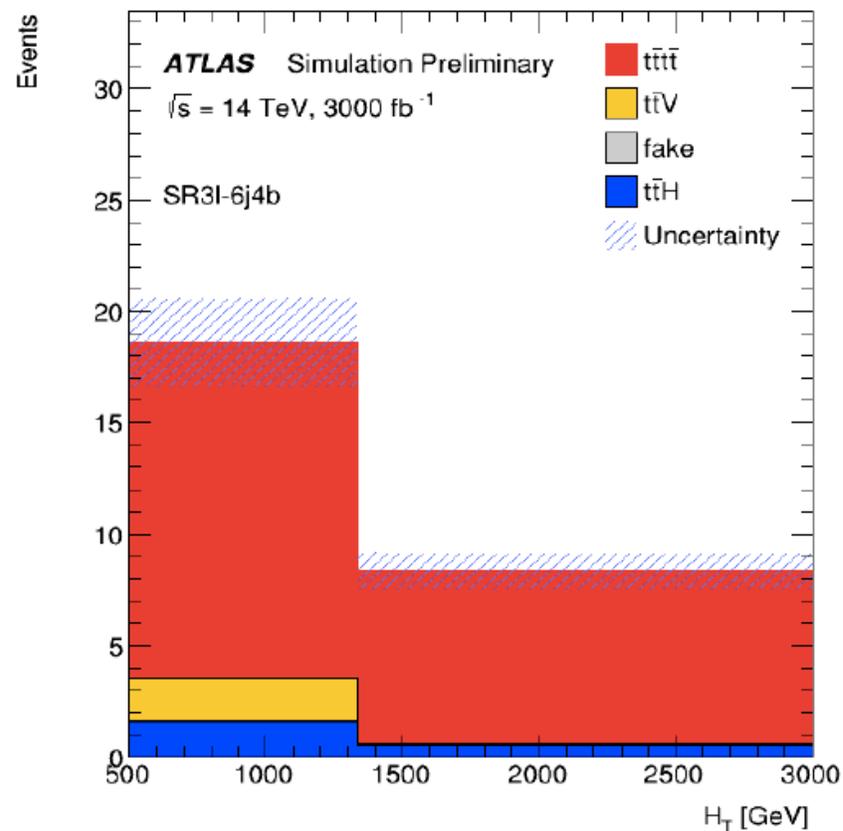
$$\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}t\bar{t}) = 15.83^{+18\%}_{-21\%} \text{ fb at 14 TeV}$$



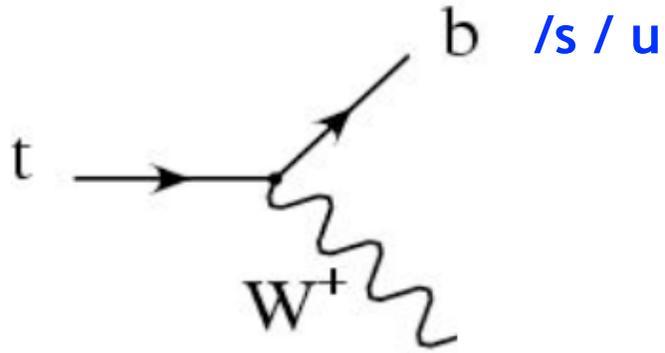
Explores top-top scattering

New physics possibilities

May be thought about for Working Group Activity
(including QCD corrections and BSM)



Standard Decays of Top quark



$$\Gamma_t = \frac{G_F M_{\text{top}}^3}{8 \pi \sqrt{2}} \left(|V_{tb}|^2 \right) \left(1 - \frac{M_W^2}{M_{\text{top}}^2} \right)^2 \left(1 + 2 \frac{M_W^2}{M_{\text{top}}^2} \right)$$

$$|V_{tb}| = 1.019 \pm 0.028$$

$$|V_{ts}| = (39.4 \pm 2.3) \times 10^{-3}$$

$$|V_{td}| = (8.1 \pm 0.5) \times 10^{-3}$$

PDG, Phys.Rev. D98 (2018) no.3, 030001

Almost 100% decay to bW

Rare top decays

1) rare top decays (flavor changing neutral currents)

2 body decays: $t \rightarrow c\gamma$, $t \rightarrow cg$, $t \rightarrow cZ$, $t \rightarrow ch$
 $t \rightarrow u\gamma$, $t \rightarrow ug$, $t \rightarrow uZ$, $t \rightarrow uh$

3 body decays: $t \rightarrow c\gamma h$, $t \rightarrow cgh$, $t \rightarrow cl^+l^-$, ...
 $t \rightarrow u\gamma h$, $t \rightarrow ugh$, $t \rightarrow ul^+l^-$, ...

2) exotic top decays (into new physics particles)

light charged Higgs: $t \rightarrow H^\pm b$, $t \rightarrow H^\pm s$, $t \rightarrow H^\pm d$

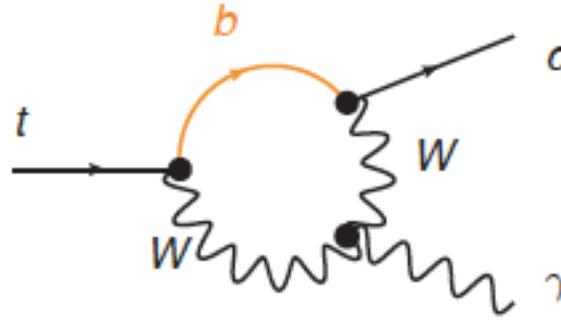
light neutral gauge boson: $t \rightarrow Z'c$, $t \rightarrow Z'u$

dark matter: $t \rightarrow \chi\chi c$, $t \rightarrow \chi\chi u$

$$\Gamma_t \simeq \frac{g_2^2}{64\pi} \left(\frac{m_t}{m_W} \right)^2 |V_{tb}|^2 m_t$$

Standard channel

top FCNCs are 1-loop suppressed, CKM suppressed and **strongly GIM suppressed**



$$\mathcal{A}_{t \rightarrow c\gamma} \propto \frac{e}{16\pi^2} \frac{G_F}{\sqrt{2}} \frac{m_b^2}{m_W^2} V_{tb} V_{cb}^*$$

$$\rightarrow \text{BR}(t \rightarrow c\gamma)_{\text{SM}} \simeq 5 \times 10^{-14}$$

(Aguilar-Saavedra hep-ph/0409342)

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow c\gamma) \simeq 5 \times 10^{-14} \quad , \quad \text{BR}(t \rightarrow u\gamma) \simeq 4 \times 10^{-16}$$

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow cg) \simeq 5 \times 10^{-12} \quad , \quad \text{BR}(t \rightarrow ug) \simeq 4 \times 10^{-14}$$

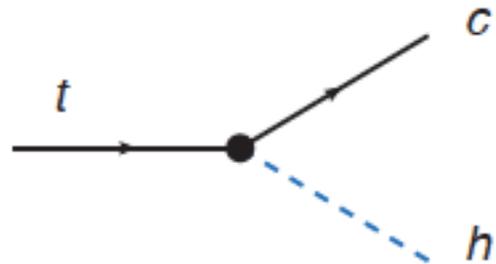
$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow cZ) \simeq 1 \times 10^{-14} \quad , \quad \text{BR}(t \rightarrow uZ) \simeq 8 \times 10^{-17}$$

$$\text{BR}(t \rightarrow ch) \simeq 3 \times 10^{-15} \quad , \quad \text{BR}(t \rightarrow uh) \simeq 2 \times 10^{-17}$$

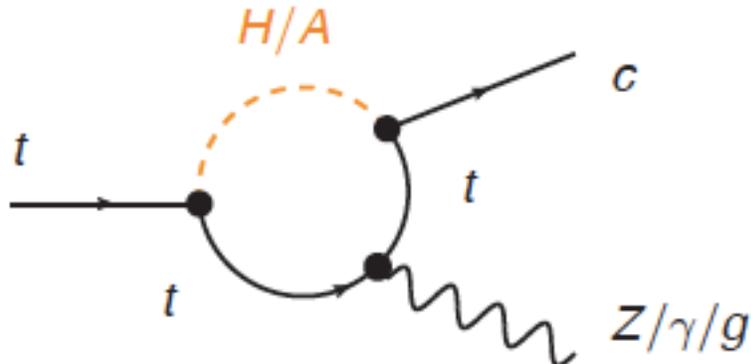
SM predictions

Beyond the SM

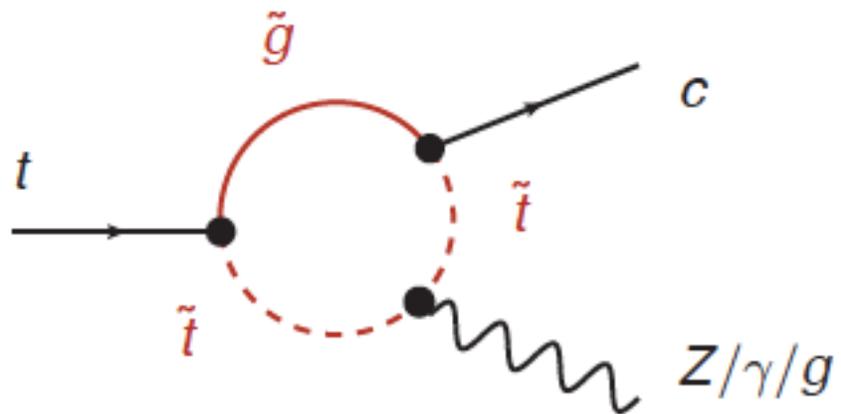
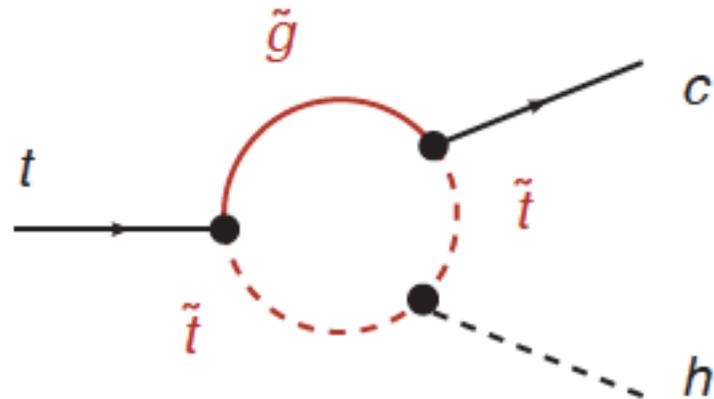
2HDM



$t \rightarrow c$ $Z/\gamma/g$ at the 1 loop level



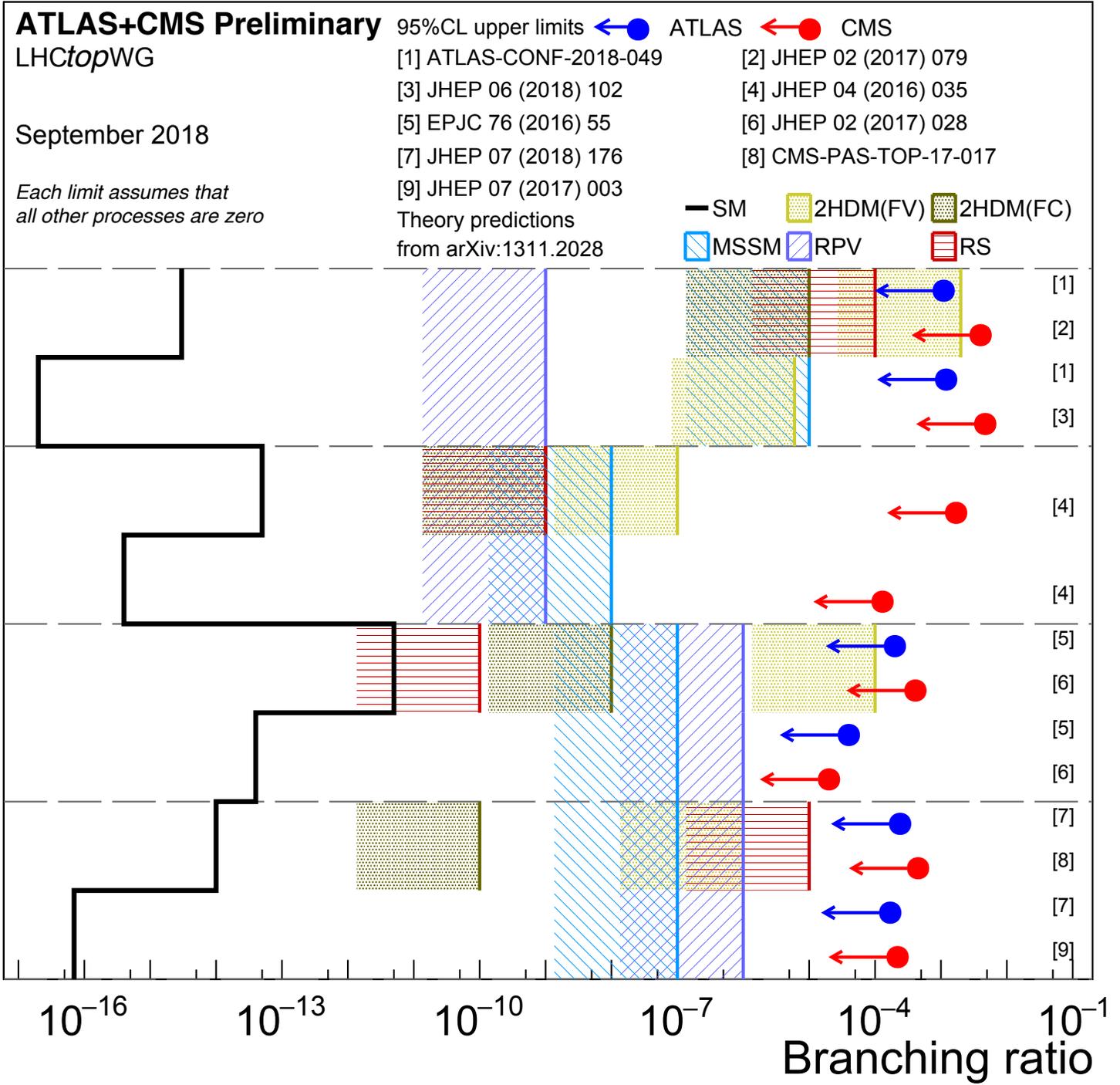
MSSM



Present Experimental status

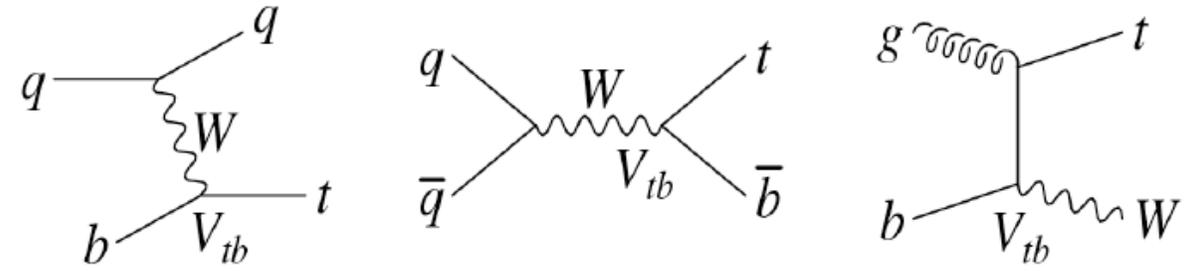
and comparison with model predictions

Assuming only one such coupling present at a time

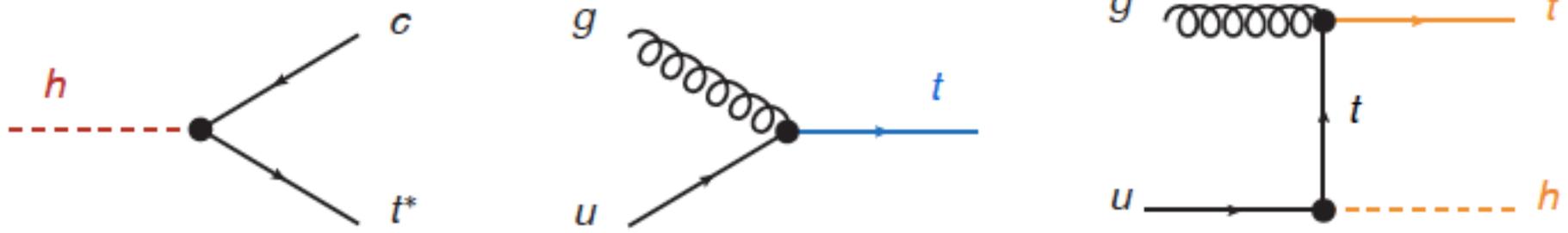


Apart from non-standard decays, large FCNC can invoke rare production channels

Standard Single top productions

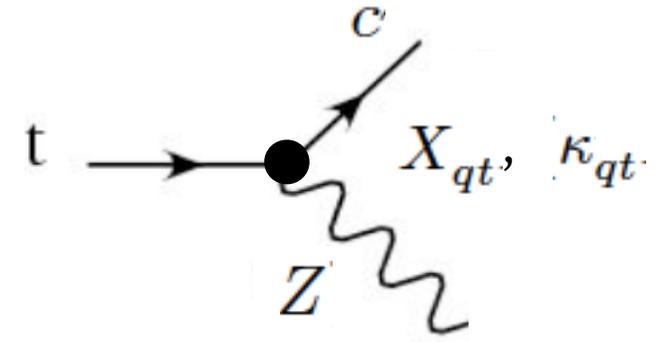


Non-Standard Single top productions include



Chen, Hou, Kao, Kohda 1304.8037; Atwood, Gupta, Soni 1305.2427
 Greljo, Kamenik, Kopp 1404.1278; ...

Model Independent - Effective couplings



$$\begin{aligned}
 -\mathcal{L}_{tqZ(\gamma)} = & \frac{g}{2c_W} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu (X_{qt}^L P_L + X_{qt}^R P_R) t Z_\mu + \frac{g}{2c_W} \bar{q} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_t} (\kappa_{qt}^L P_L + \kappa_{qt}^R P_R) t Z_\mu \\
 & + e \bar{q} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_t} (\kappa_{qt}^L(\gamma) P_L + \kappa_{qt}^R(\gamma) P_R) t A_\mu + \text{H.c.},
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow qZ)_\gamma = \frac{\alpha}{32 s_W^2 c_W^2} |X_{qt}|^2 \frac{m_t^3}{M_Z^2} \left[1 - \frac{M_Z^2}{m_t^2}\right]^2 \left[1 + 2 \frac{M_Z^2}{m_t^2}\right],$$

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow qZ)_\sigma = \frac{\alpha}{16 s_W^2 c_W^2} |\kappa_{qt}|^2 m_t \left[1 - \frac{M_Z^2}{m_t^2}\right]^2 \left[2 + \frac{M_Z^2}{m_t^2}\right],$$

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow q\gamma) = \frac{\alpha}{2} |\lambda_{qt}|^2 m_t,$$

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow qg) = \frac{2\alpha_s}{3} |\zeta_{qt}|^2 m_t,$$

$$\Gamma(t \rightarrow qH) = \frac{\alpha}{32 s_W^2} |g_{qt}|^2 m_t \left[1 - \frac{M_H^2}{m_t^2}\right]^2.$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow qZ)_\gamma = 0.472 X_{qt}^2,$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow qZ)_\sigma = 0.367 \kappa_{qt}^2,$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow q\gamma) = 0.428 \lambda_{qt}^2,$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow qg) = 7.93 \zeta_{qt}^2,$$

$$\text{Br}(t \rightarrow qH) = 3.88 \times 10^{-2} g_{qt}^2$$

Current Limits:

$$Br(t \rightarrow Zu(c)) < 1.7(2.4) \times 10^{-4} \quad \Rightarrow \quad X_{qt}, \kappa_{qt}^L < 0.02 \quad \text{ATLAS} \quad \text{JHEP 07 (2018) 176}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow ug) \leq 4.0 \times 10^{-5} \quad < \quad 0.002 \quad \text{ATLAS} \quad \text{Eur.Phys. J.C. 76 (2016) 55}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow cg) \leq 2.0 \times 10^{-4} \quad < \quad 0.005$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow u\gamma) \leq 1.3 \times 10^{-4} \quad < \quad 0.017 \quad \text{ATLAS} \quad \text{JHEP 04 (2016) 35}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow c\gamma) \leq 1.7 \times 10^{-3} \quad < \quad 0.063$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow uH) \leq 2.4 \times 10^{-3} \quad < \quad 0.025 \quad \text{ATLAS} \quad \text{JHEP 1710 (2017) 120}$$

$$BR(t \rightarrow cH) \leq 2.2 \times 10^{-3} \quad < \quad 0.024$$

Expectations at HL-LHC (3 /ab)

$$BR(t \rightarrow cZ) \leq 5.8 \times 10^{-5} \quad BR(t \rightarrow uZ) \leq 4.3 \times 10^{-5} \quad BR(t \rightarrow q\gamma) \leq 2.5 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$t \rightarrow Hq < 1.2 \times 10^{-4} \quad \text{ATL-PHYS-PUB-2016-019} \quad \text{ATL-PHYS-PUB-2013-007}$$

Process	Br Limit	Search	Dataset	Reference
$t \rightarrow Zq$	2.2×10^{-4}	ATLAS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + Zq \rightarrow \ell\nu b + \ell\ell q$	300 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	[140]
$t \rightarrow Zq$	7×10^{-5}	ATLAS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + Zq \rightarrow \ell\nu b + \ell\ell q$	3000 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	[140]
$t \rightarrow Zq$	$5 (2) \times 10^{-4}$	ILC single top, $\gamma_\mu (\sigma_{\mu\nu})$	500 fb ⁻¹ , 250 GeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow Zq$	$1.5 (1.1) \times 10^{-4(-5)}$	ILC single top, $\gamma_\mu (\sigma_{\mu\nu})$	500 fb ⁻¹ , 500 GeV	[141]
$t \rightarrow Zq$	$1.6 (1.7) \times 10^{-3}$	ILC $t\bar{t}$, $\gamma_\mu (\sigma_{\mu\nu})$	500 fb ⁻¹ , 500 GeV	[141]
$t \rightarrow \gamma q$	8×10^{-5}	ATLAS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + \gamma q$	300 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	[140]
$t \rightarrow \gamma q$	2.5×10^{-5}	ATLAS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + \gamma q$	3000 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	[140]
$t \rightarrow \gamma q$	6×10^{-5}	ILC single top	500 fb ⁻¹ , 250 GeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow \gamma q$	6.4×10^{-6}	ILC single top	500 fb ⁻¹ , 500 GeV	[141]
$t \rightarrow \gamma q$	1.0×10^{-4}	ILC $t\bar{t}$	500 fb ⁻¹ , 500 GeV	[141]
$t \rightarrow gu$	4×10^{-6}	ATLAS $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb$	300 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow gu$	1×10^{-6}	ATLAS $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb$	3000 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow gc$	1×10^{-5}	ATLAS $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb$	300 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow gc$	4×10^{-6}	ATLAS $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb$	3000 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow hq$	2×10^{-3}	LHC $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + hq \rightarrow \ell\nu b + \ell\ell qX$	300 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow hq$	5×10^{-4}	LHC $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + hq \rightarrow \ell\nu b + \ell\ell qX$	3000 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow hq$	5×10^{-4}	LHC $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + hq \rightarrow \ell\nu b + \gamma\gamma q$	300 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.
$t \rightarrow hq$	2×10^{-4}	LHC $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + hq \rightarrow \ell\nu b + \gamma\gamma q$	3000 fb ⁻¹ , 14 TeV	Extrap.

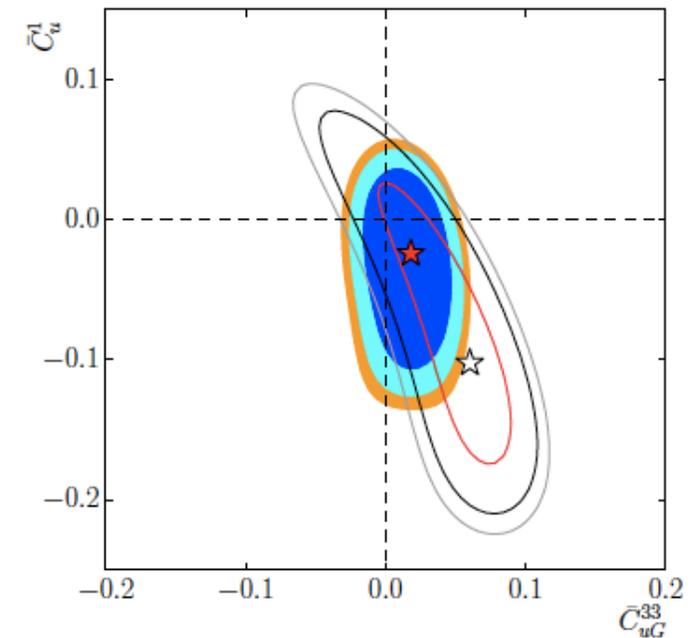
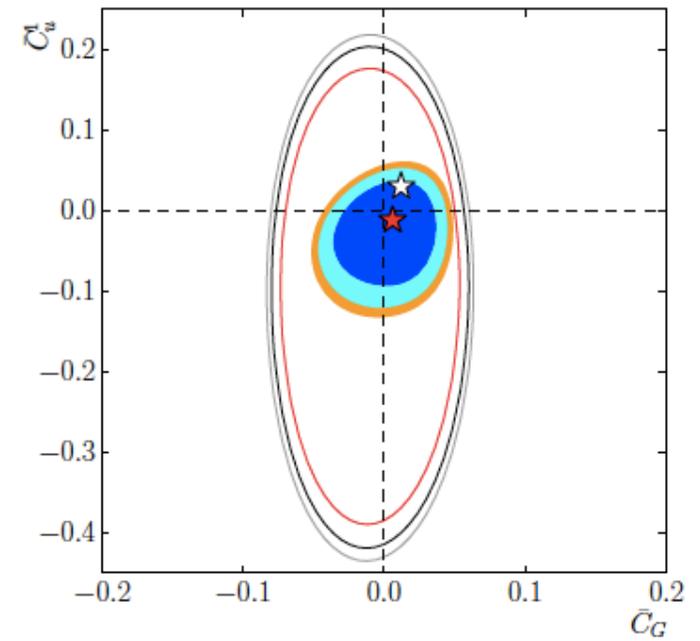
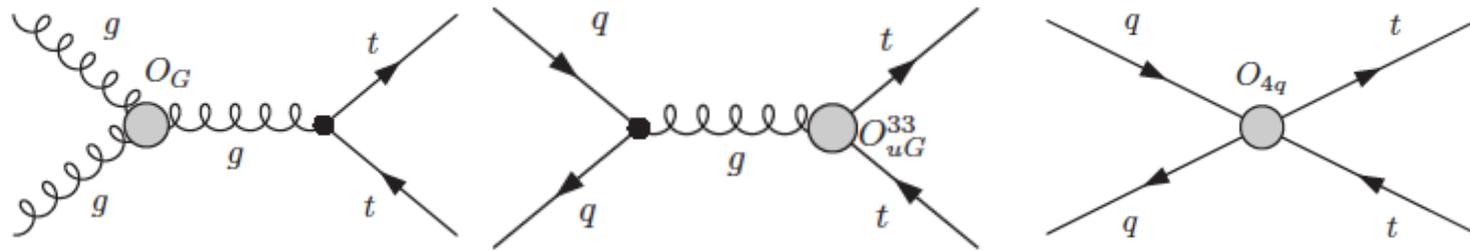
NP through Effective Lagrangian (SMEFT) Anomalous Couplings

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}^{SM} + \sum \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i + O\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

TopFitter Collaboration
1512.03360

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{D6} \supset & \frac{C_{uG}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q} \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^A u) \tilde{\varphi} G_{\mu\nu}^A + \frac{C_G}{\Lambda^2} f_{ABC} G_\mu^{A\nu} G_\nu^{B\lambda} G_\lambda^{C\mu} + \frac{C_{\varphi G}}{\Lambda^2} (\varphi^\dagger \varphi) G_{\mu\nu}^A G^{A\mu\nu} \\ & + \frac{C_{qq}^{(1)}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu q) (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu q) + \frac{C_{qq}^{(3)}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu \tau^I q) (\bar{q} \gamma^\mu \tau^I q) + \frac{C_{uu}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu u) (\bar{u} \gamma^\mu u) \\ & + \frac{C_{qu}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu T^A q) (\bar{u} \gamma^\mu T^A u) + \frac{C_{qd}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{q} \gamma_\mu T^A q) (\bar{d} \gamma^\mu T^A d) + \frac{C_{ud}^{(8)}}{\Lambda^2} (\bar{u} \gamma_\mu T^A u) (\bar{d} \gamma^\mu T^A d) \end{aligned}$$

$$C_u^1 = C_{qq}^{(1)1331} + C_{uu}^{1331} + C_{qq}^{(3)1331}$$



NP through Effective Lagrangian (SMEFT) Anomalous Couplings

$$\mathcal{L} = \mathcal{L}^{SM} + \sum \frac{c_i}{\Lambda^2} \mathcal{O}_i + \mathcal{O}\left(\frac{1}{\Lambda^4}\right)$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{hg} = (\bar{Q}_L H) \sigma^{\mu\nu} T^a t_R G_{\mu\nu}^a, \quad \mathcal{O}_{HG} = \frac{1}{2} H^\dagger H G_{\mu\nu}^a G_a^{\mu\nu}$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{Hy} = H^\dagger H (H \bar{Q}_L) t_R$$

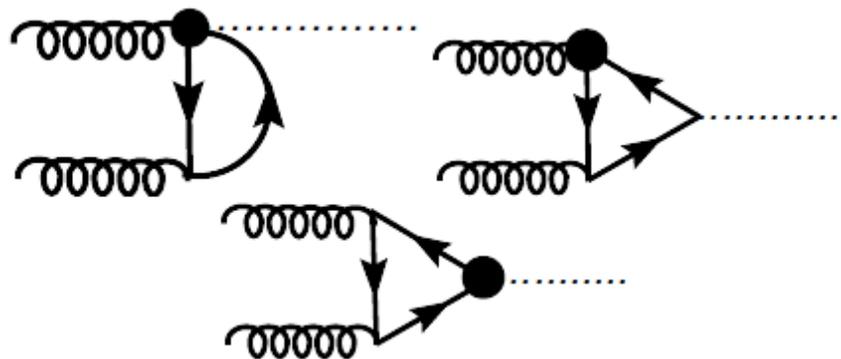
$$\mathcal{O}_{Ht} = H^\dagger D_\mu H \bar{t}_R \gamma^\mu t_R$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{HQ} = H^\dagger D_\mu H \bar{Q}_L \gamma^\mu Q_L$$

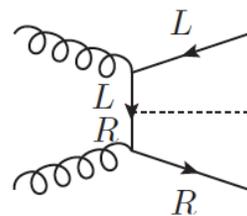
$$\mathcal{O}_{HQ}^{(3)} = H^\dagger \sigma^I D_\mu H \bar{Q}_L \sigma^I \gamma^\mu Q_L$$

$$\mathcal{O}_{H\gamma} = \frac{1}{2} H^\dagger H F_{\mu\nu} F^{\mu\nu}$$

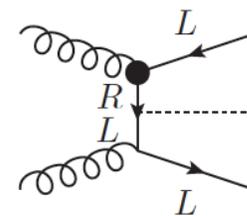
$$\mathcal{O}_H = \partial_\mu (H^\dagger H) \partial^\mu (H^\dagger H)$$



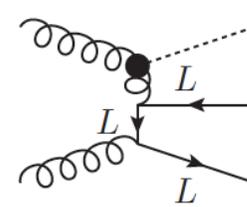
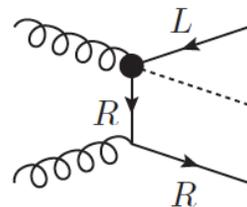
$$\sigma(gg \rightarrow h) = \sigma(gg \rightarrow h)_{SM} \left(1 + \frac{c_{HG}}{\Lambda^2} \frac{6\pi v^2}{\alpha_s}\right)^2$$



(a)



(b)



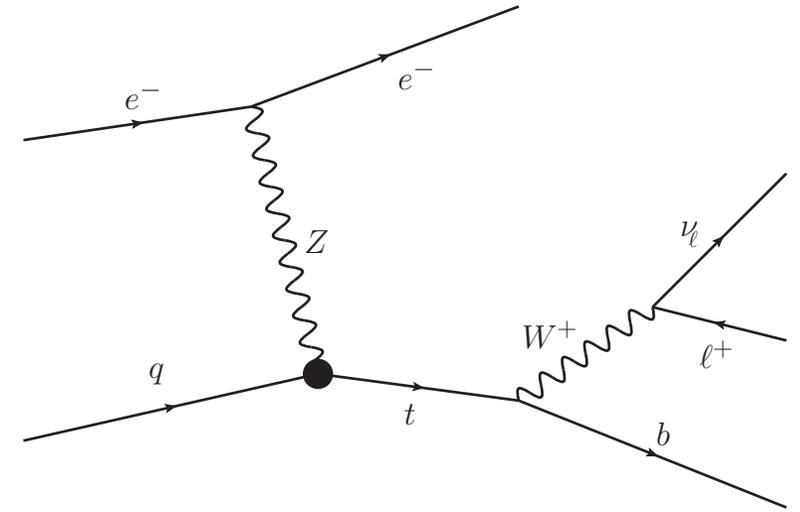
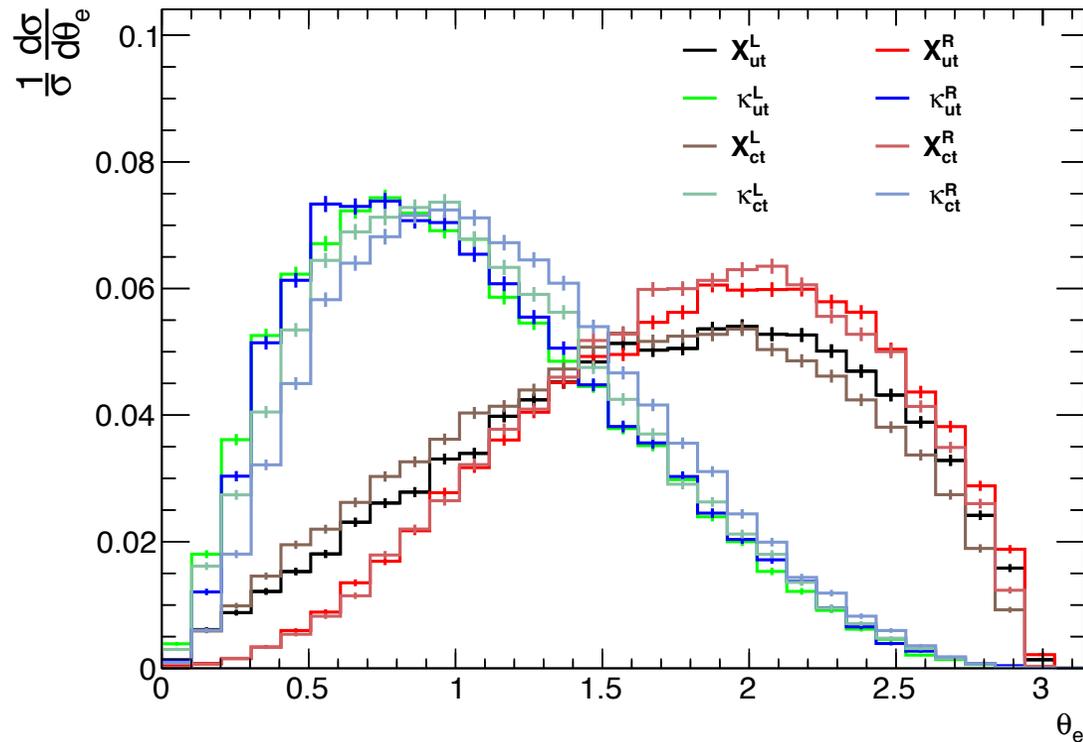
$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{L}^{ht\bar{t}} &= \bar{t}t \frac{h}{\sqrt{2}} \left(y_t - \left(\frac{3}{2} \Re(c_{Hy}) + y_t c_H \right) \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \right) \\ &= \bar{t}t h \frac{m_t}{v} \left(1 - c_y \frac{v^2}{\Lambda^2} \right), \end{aligned}$$

$$\sqrt{s} = 14 \text{ TeV}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\sigma(pp \rightarrow t\bar{t}h)}{\text{fb}} &= 611_{-110}^{+92} + [457_{-91}^{+127} \Re c_{hg} - 49_{-10}^{+15} c_G \\ &+ 147_{-32}^{+55} c_{HG} - 67_{-16}^{+23} c_y] \left(\frac{\text{TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^2 \\ &+ [543_{-123}^{+143} (\Re c_{hg})^2 + 1132_{-232}^{+323} c_G^2 \\ &+ 85.5_{-21}^{+73} c_{HG}^2 + 2_{-0.5}^{+0.7} c_y^2 \\ &+ 233_{-144}^{+81} \Re c_{hg} c_{HG} - 50_{-14}^{+16} \Re c_{hg} c_y \\ &- 3.2_{-8}^{+8} \Re c_{Hy} c_{HG} - 1.2_{-8}^{+8} c_H c_{HG}] \left(\frac{\text{TeV}}{\Lambda} \right)^4, \end{aligned} \quad (18)$$

C. Degrande, et al
JHEP 1207 (2012) 036,
1205.1065

$$\begin{aligned}
 -\mathcal{L}_{tqZ(\gamma)} = & \frac{g}{2c_W} \bar{q} \gamma^\mu (X_{qt}^L P_L + X_{qt}^R P_R) t Z_\mu + \frac{g}{2c_W} \bar{q} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_t} (\kappa_{qt}^L P_L + \kappa_{qt}^R P_R) t Z_\mu \\
 & + e \bar{q} \frac{i\sigma^{\mu\nu} q_\nu}{m_t} (\kappa_{qt}^L(\gamma) P_L + \kappa_{qt}^R(\gamma) P_R) t A_\mu + \text{H.c.},
 \end{aligned}$$

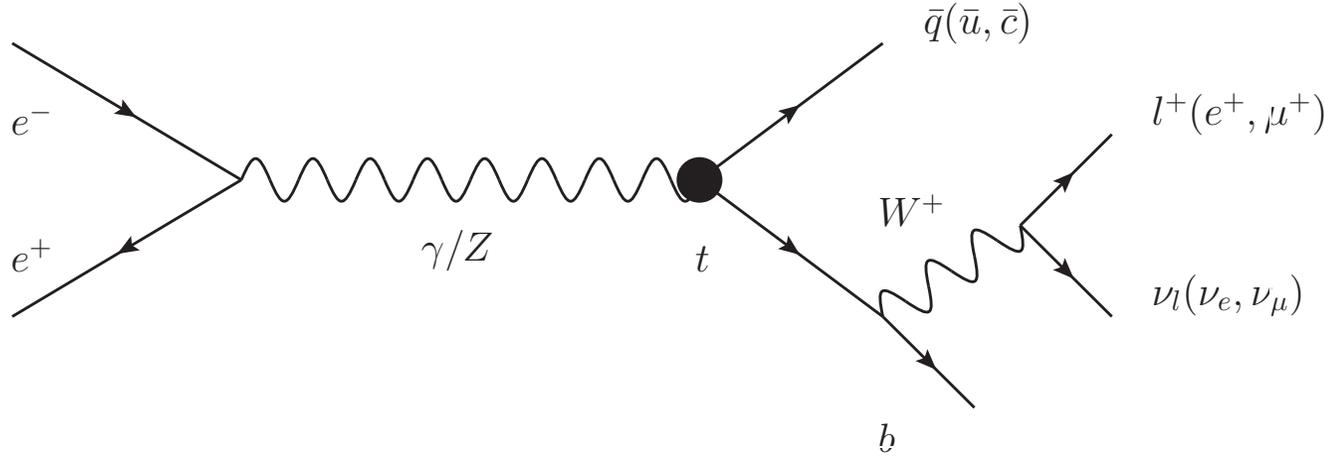


The scattered electron as a discriminator

Lorentz structure of the coupling can be probed.

Something quite hard at LHC

At the ILC250



Work under progress

Summary

Apart from probing resonant production of new physics particle, precise measurement of top quark couplings can provide information of physics beyond the Standard Model.

Good knowledge of the top quark couplings are essential to extract Higgs coupling information.

LHC producing plenty of top quark pairs, can perform precision measurements including rare top decays.

Other colliders like electron-proton collider, and the ILC can complement the LHC studies, and have the potential to provide additional informations like the Lorentz structure of the couplings, which are difficult to probe at the LHC.

Thank you

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

ATLAS Preliminary

Run 1,2 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8, 13$

Status: November 2018

Model	E_{CM} [TeV]	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Measurement	Theory	Reference
$t\bar{t}$	13	3.2	$\sigma = 818 \pm 8 \pm 35$ pb	$\sigma = 832_{-46}^{+40}$ pb (top++ NNLO+NLL)	PLB 761 (2016) 136
$t\bar{t}$	8	20.2	$\sigma = 242.9 \pm 1.7 \pm 8.6$ pb	$\sigma = 252.9_{-14.5}^{+13.3}$ pb (top++ NNLO+NNLL)	EPJC 74 (2014) 3109
$t\bar{t}$	7	4.6	$\sigma = 182.9 \pm 3.1 \pm 6.4$ pb	$\sigma = 177_{-11}^{+10}$ pb (top++ NNLO+NNLL)	EPJC 74 (2014) 3109
$t_{t\text{-chan}}$	13	3.2	$\sigma = 247 \pm 6 \pm 45$ pb	$\sigma = 217 \pm 10$ pb (NLO)	JHEP 04 (2017) 086
$t_{t\text{-chan}}$	8	20.2	$\sigma = 89.6 \pm 1.2_{-6.2}^{+7}$ pb	$\sigma = 87.8_{-1.9}^{+3.4}$ pb (NLO+NNLL)	EPJC 77 (2017) 531
$t_{t\text{-chan}}$	7	4.6	$\sigma = 68 \pm 2 \pm 8$ pb	$\sigma = 64.6_{-2}^{+2.7}$ pb (NLO+NNLL)	PRD 90 (2014) 112006
tW	13	3.2	$\sigma = 94 \pm 10_{-22}^{+28}$ pb	$\sigma = 71.7 \pm 3.9$ pb (NLO+NNLL)	JHEP 01 (2018) 63
tW	8	20.3	$\sigma = 23 \pm 1.3_{-3.7}^{+3.4}$ pb	$\sigma = 22.4 \pm 1.5$ pb (NLO+NNLL)	JHEP 01 (2016) 64
tW	7	2.0	$\sigma = 16.8 \pm 2.9 \pm 4.9$ pb	$\sigma = 15.7 \pm 1.1$ pb (NLO+NNLL)	PLB 716 (2012) 142
$t_{s\text{-chan}}$	8	20.3	$\sigma = 4.8 \pm 0.8_{-1.3}^{+1.6}$ pb	$\sigma = 5.61 \pm 0.22$ pb (NLO+NNLL)	PLB 756 (2016) 228

Top Quark Production Cross Section Measurements

ATLAS Preliminary

Run 1,2 $\sqrt{s} = 7, 8, 13$

Status: November 2018

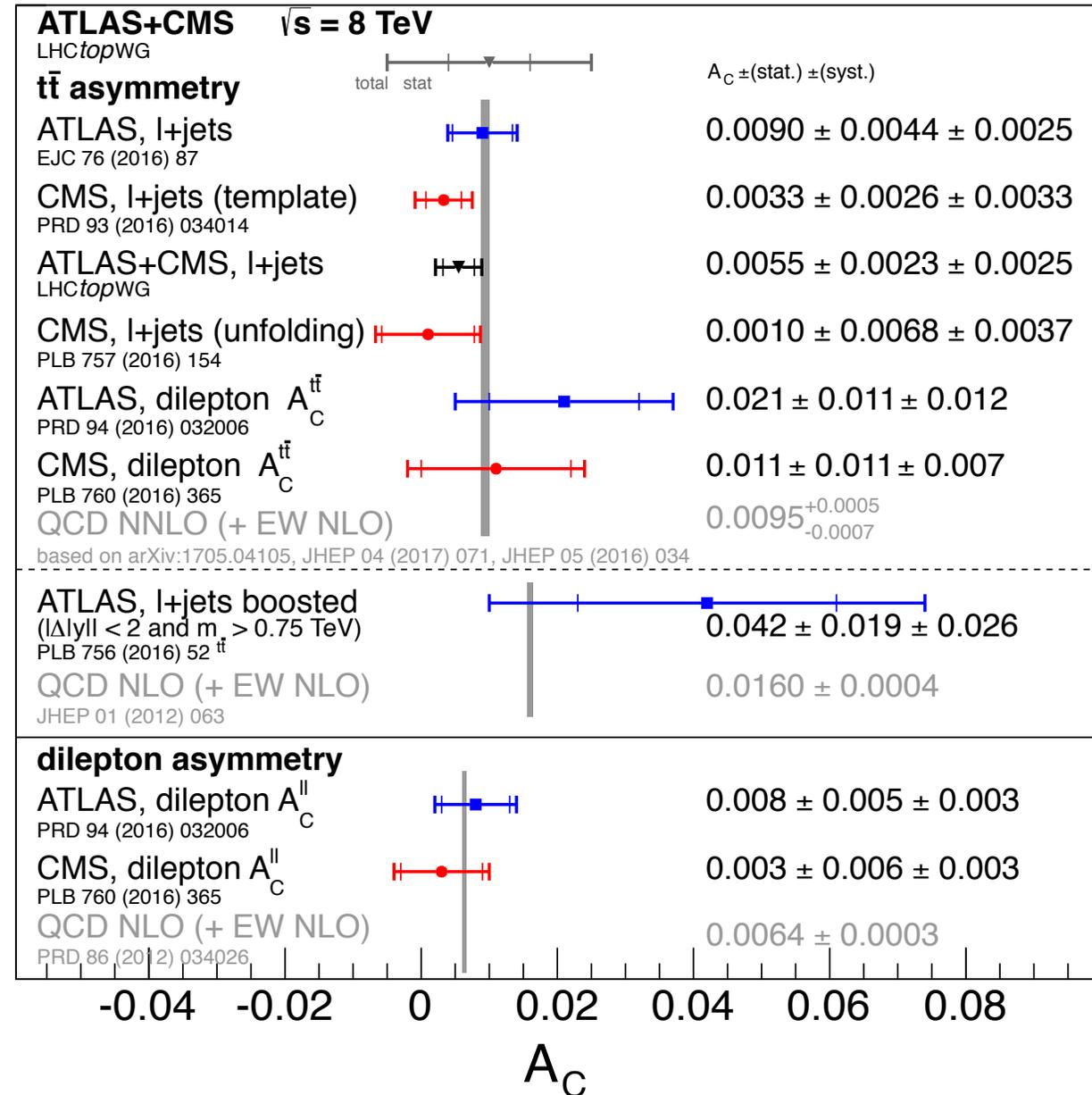
Model	E_{CM} [TeV]	$\int \mathcal{L} dt [\text{fb}^{-1}]$	Measurement	Theory	Reference
$t\bar{t}W$	13	36.1	$\sigma = 0.87 \pm 0.13 \pm 0.14 \text{ pb}$	$\sigma = 0.6_{-0.07}^{+0.08} \text{ pb}$ (Madgraph5 + aMCNLO)	ATLAS-CONF-2018-047
$t\bar{t}W$	8	20.3	$\sigma = 369_{-70}^{+86} \pm 44 \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 232 \pm 32 \text{ fb}$ (MCFM)	JHEP 11 (2015) 172
$t\bar{t}Z$	13	36.1	$\sigma = 0.95 \pm 0.08 \pm 0.1 \text{ pb}$	$\sigma = 0.88_{-0.11}^{+0.09} \text{ pb}$ (Madgraph5 + aMCNLO)	ATLAS-CONF-2018-047
$t\bar{t}Z$	8	20.3	$\sigma = 176_{-48}^{+52} \pm 24 \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 215 \pm 30 \text{ fb}$ (HELAC-NLO)	JHEP 11 (2015) 172
tZj	13	36.1	$\sigma = 620 \pm 170 \pm 160 \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 800_{-60}^{+50} \text{ fb}$ (Madgraph5 + aMCNLO)	PLB 780 (2018) 557
$t\bar{t}H$	13	79.8	$\sigma = 670 \pm 90_{-100}^{+110} \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 507_{-50}^{+35} \text{ fb}$ (LHCHXSWG NLO QCD + NLO EW)	PLB 784 (2018) 173
$t\bar{t}H$	8	20.3	$\sigma = 220 \pm 100 \pm 70 \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 133_{-13}^{+8} \text{ fb}$ (LHCHXSWG NLO QCD + NLO EW)	PLB 784 (2018) 173
$t\bar{t}\gamma$	13	36.1	$\sigma = 521 \pm 9 \pm 41 \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 495 \pm 99 \text{ fb}$ (MadGraph+PRD 83 (2011) 074013)	ATLAS-CONF-2018-048
$t\bar{t}\gamma$	8	20.2	$\sigma = 139 \pm 7 \pm 17 \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 151 \pm 25 \text{ fb}$ (MadGraph+PRD 83 (2011) 074013)	JHEP 11 (2017) 086
$t\bar{t}\gamma$	7	4.6	$\sigma = 63 \pm 8_{-13}^{+17} \text{ fb}$	$\sigma = 48 \pm 10 \text{ fb}$ (Whizard+NLO)	PRD 91 (2015) 072007

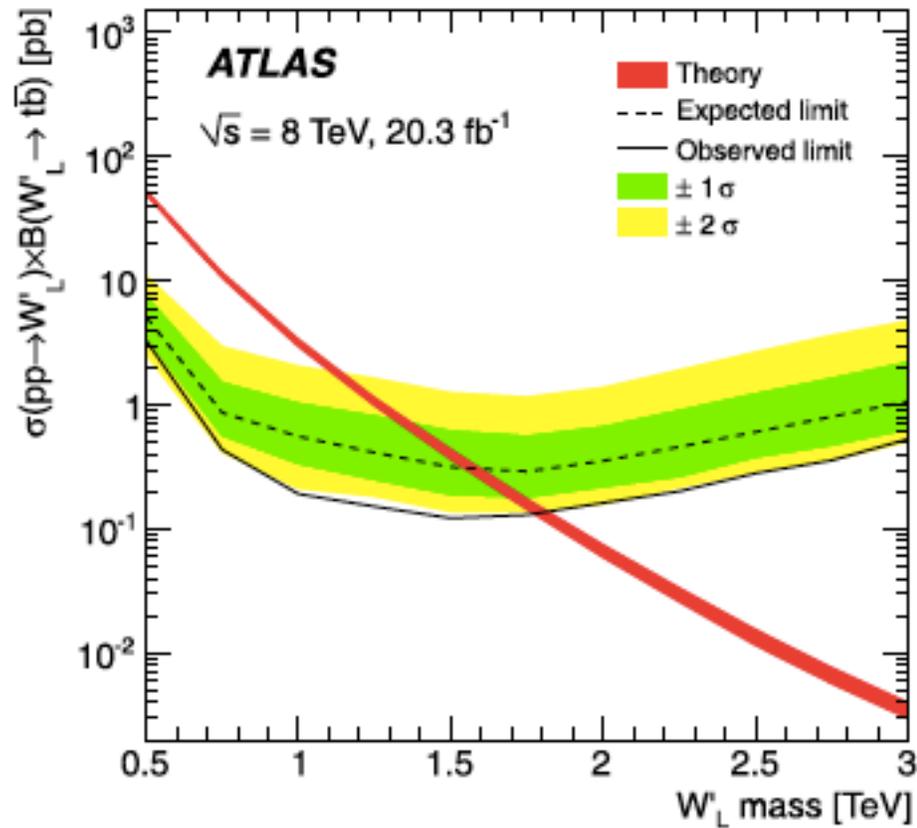
Top quark pair production: Charge Asymmetry

$$A_C^{\Delta|y|} = \frac{N(\Delta|y| > 0) - N(\Delta|y| < 0)}{N(\Delta|y| > 0) + N(\Delta|y| < 0)}$$

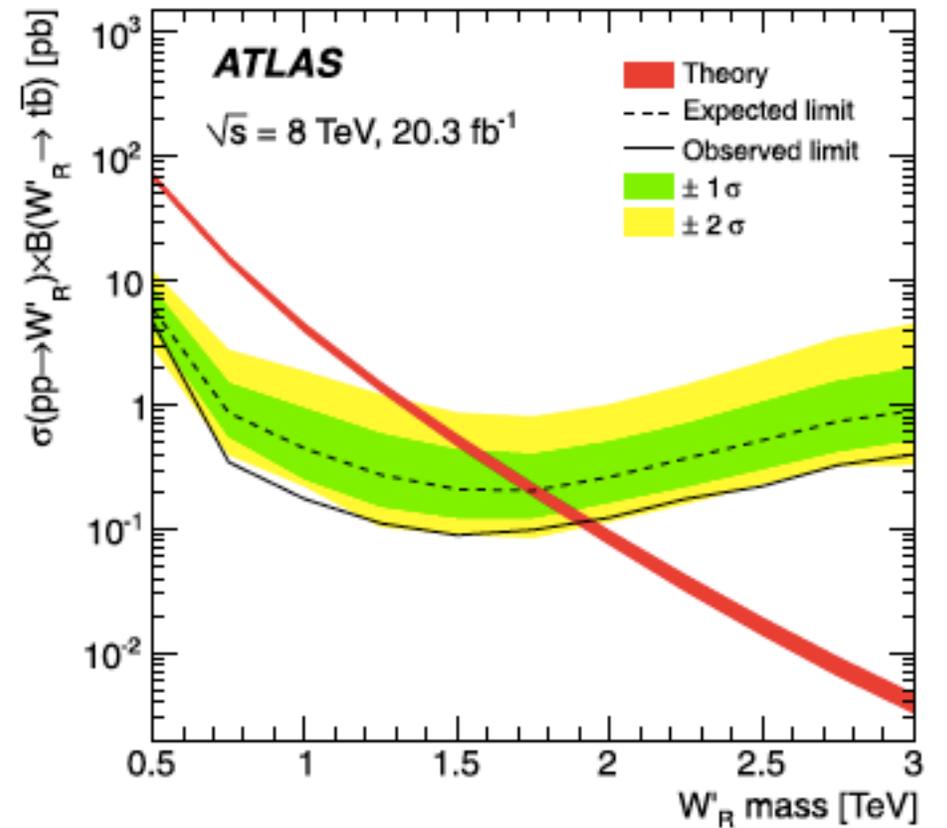
$$\Delta|y| = |y_t| - |y_{\bar{t}}|$$

Difference in the top anti-top rapidities



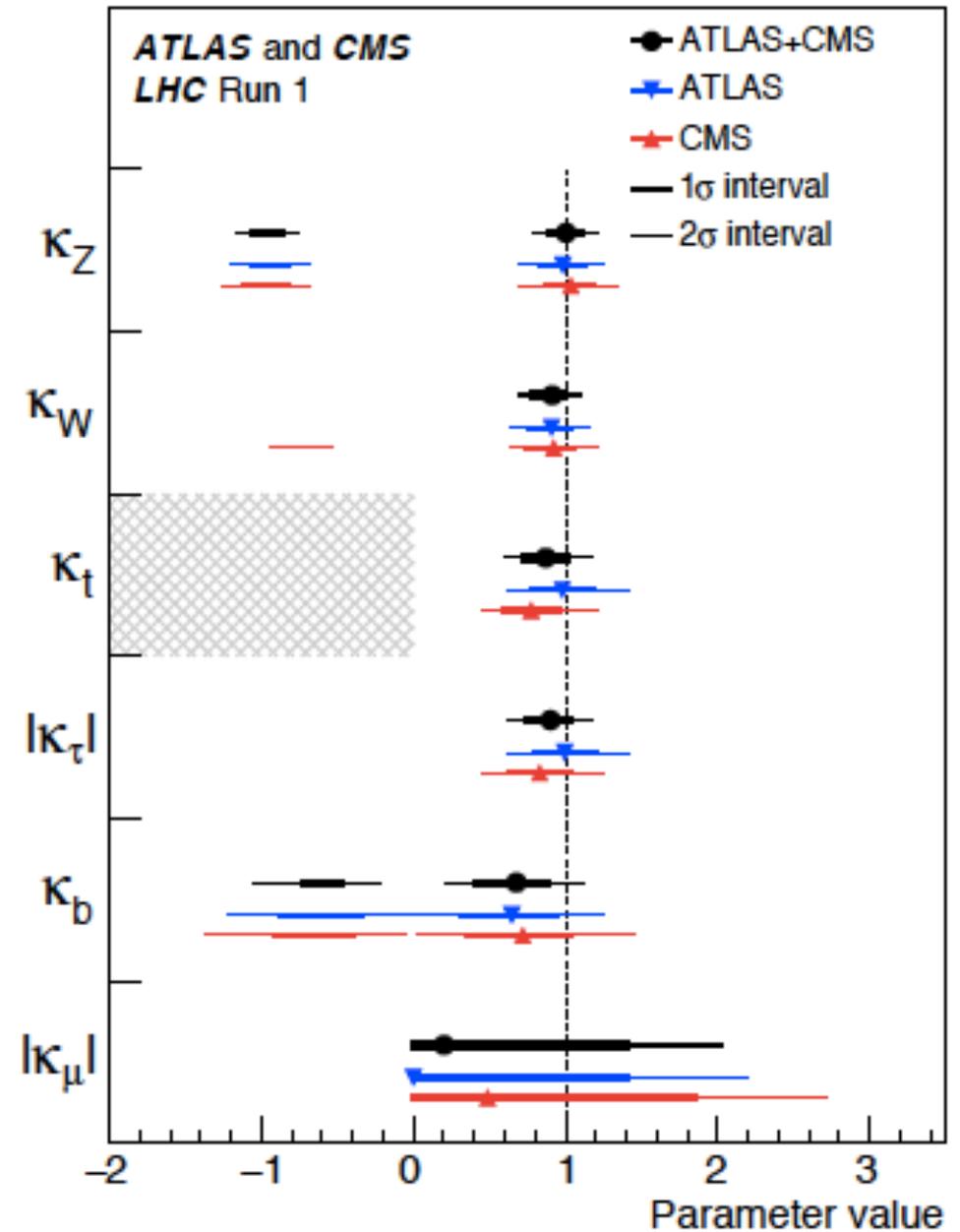


(a)

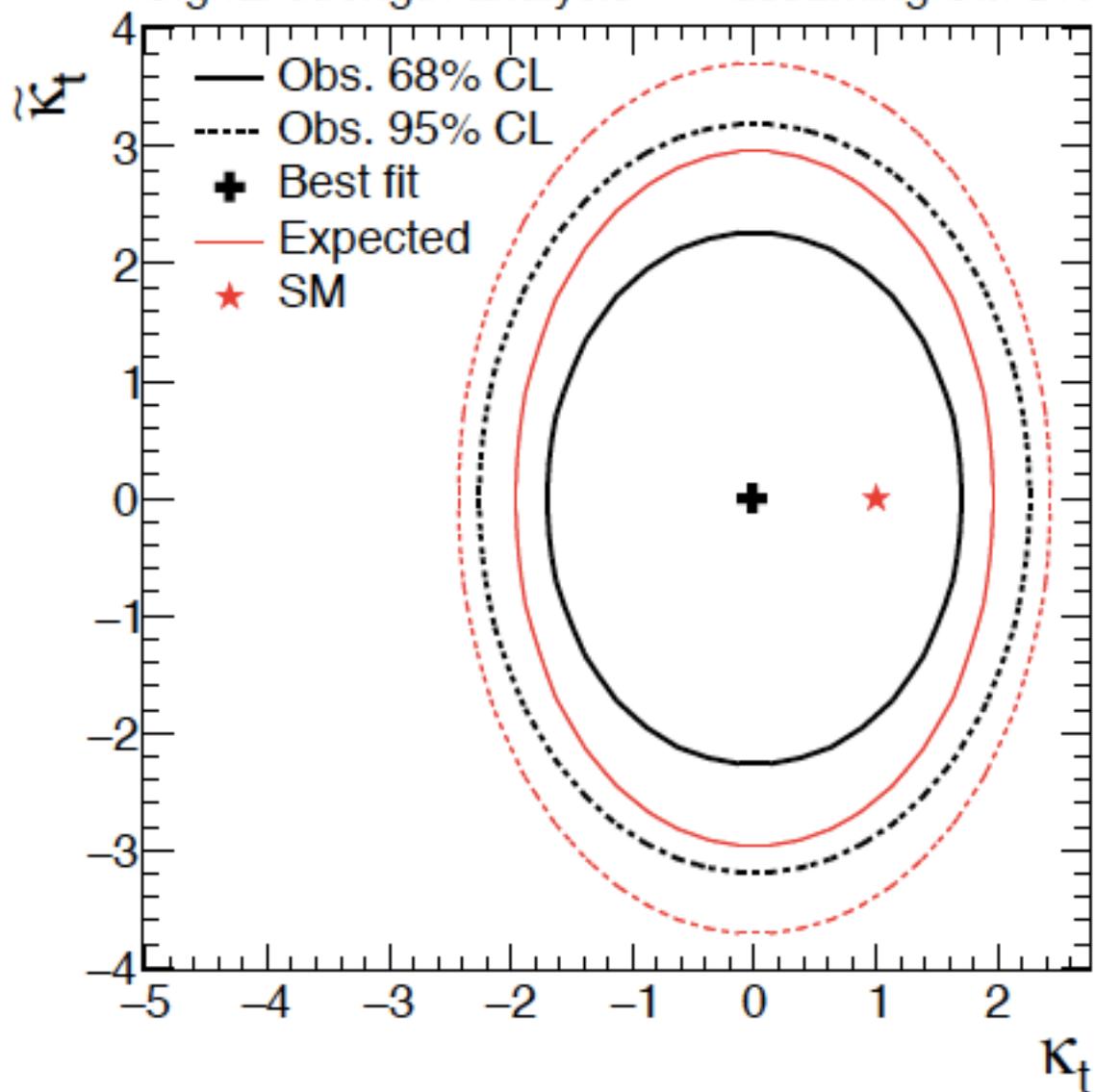


(b)

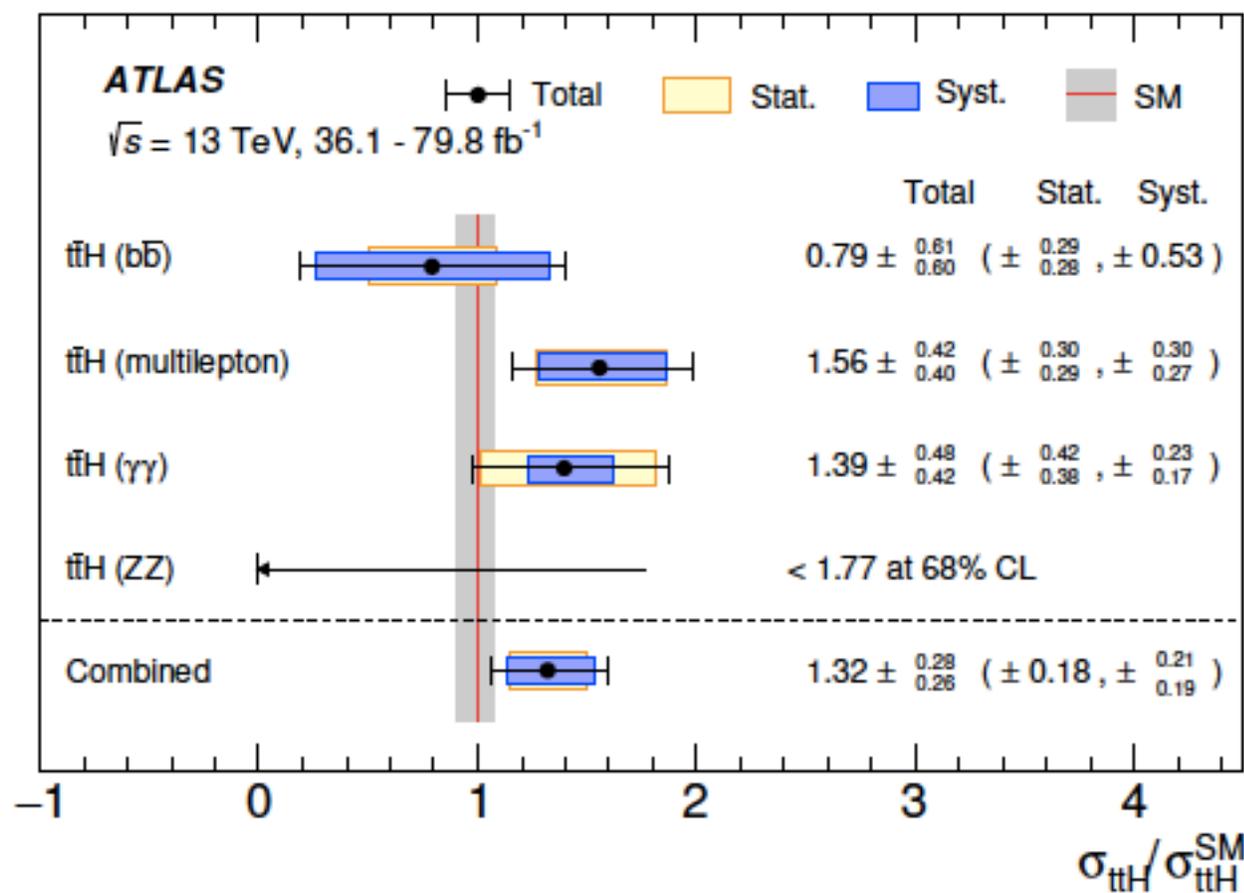
Process	Resolved	Effective
σ_{ggH}	$1.06\kappa_t^2 + 0.01\kappa_b^2 - 0.07\kappa_t\kappa_b$	κ_g^2
σ_{VBF}	$0.74\kappa_W^2 + 0.26\kappa_Z^2$	
σ_{WH}	κ_W^2	
$\sigma_{q\bar{q}\rightarrow ZH}$	κ_Z^2	
$\sigma_{gg\rightarrow ZH}$	$2.27\kappa_Z^2 + 0.37\kappa_t^2 - 1.64\kappa_Z\kappa_t$	
$\sigma_{t\bar{t}H}$	κ_t^2	
σ_{tHW}	$1.84\kappa_t^2 + 1.57\kappa_W^2 - 2.41\kappa_W\kappa_t$	
σ_{tHq}	$3.40\kappa_t^2 + 3.56\kappa_W^2 - 5.96\kappa_t\kappa_W$	
$\sigma_{b\bar{b}H}$	κ_b^2	
Γ_{ZZ}	κ_Z^2	
Γ_{WW}	κ_W^2	
$\Gamma_{b\bar{b}}$	κ_b^2	
$\Gamma_{\tau\tau}$	κ_τ^2	
$\Gamma_{\gamma\gamma}$	$1.59\kappa_W^2 + 0.07\kappa_t^2 - 0.66\kappa_W\kappa_t$	κ_γ^2



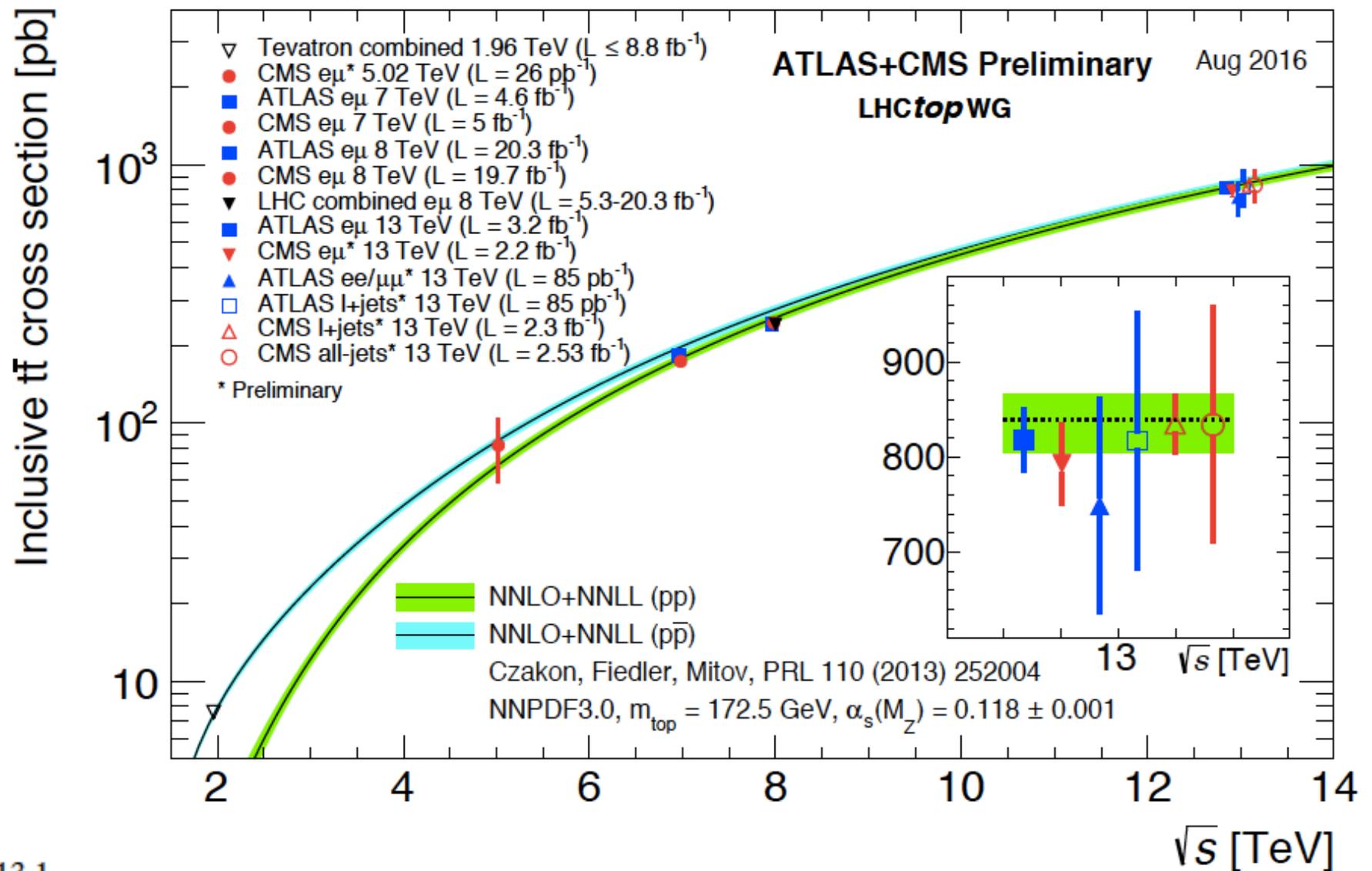
$t\bar{t}H, H \rightarrow b\bar{b}, l+l\text{jets}$ 2.7 fb⁻¹ (13 TeV)
 Signal strength analysis assuming SM BR



ATLAS, Phys.Lett. B784 (2018) 173-191



Top production at LHC



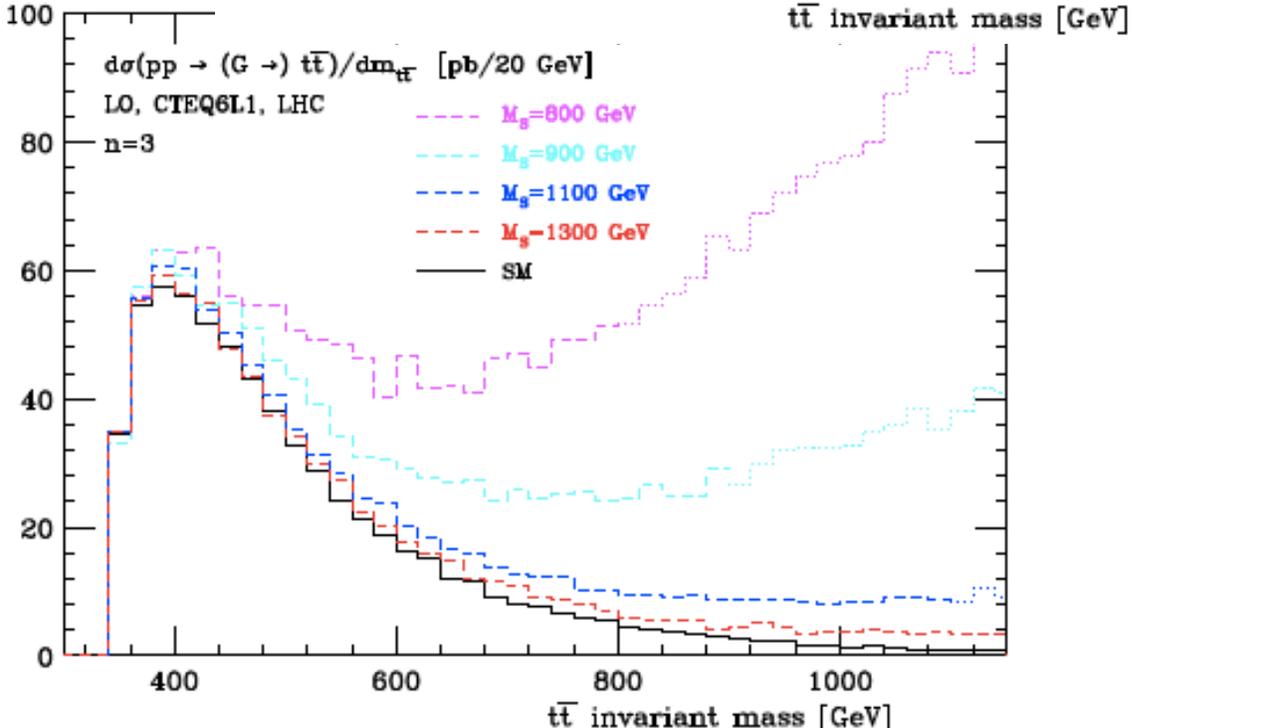
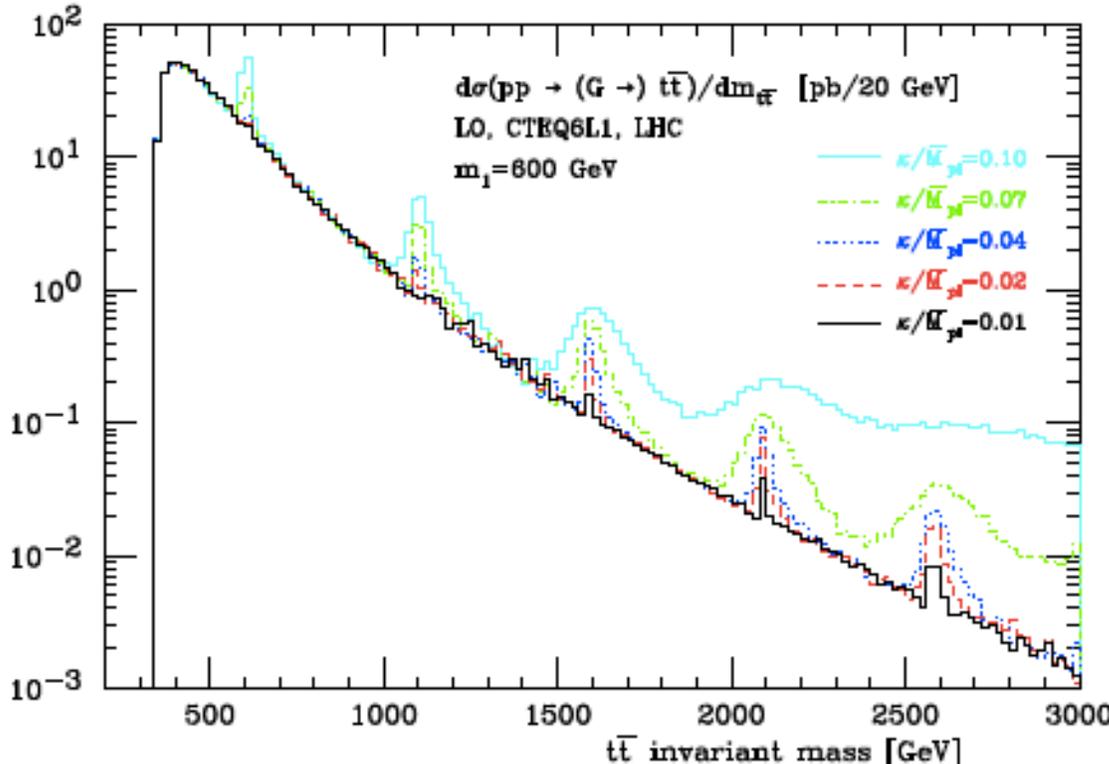
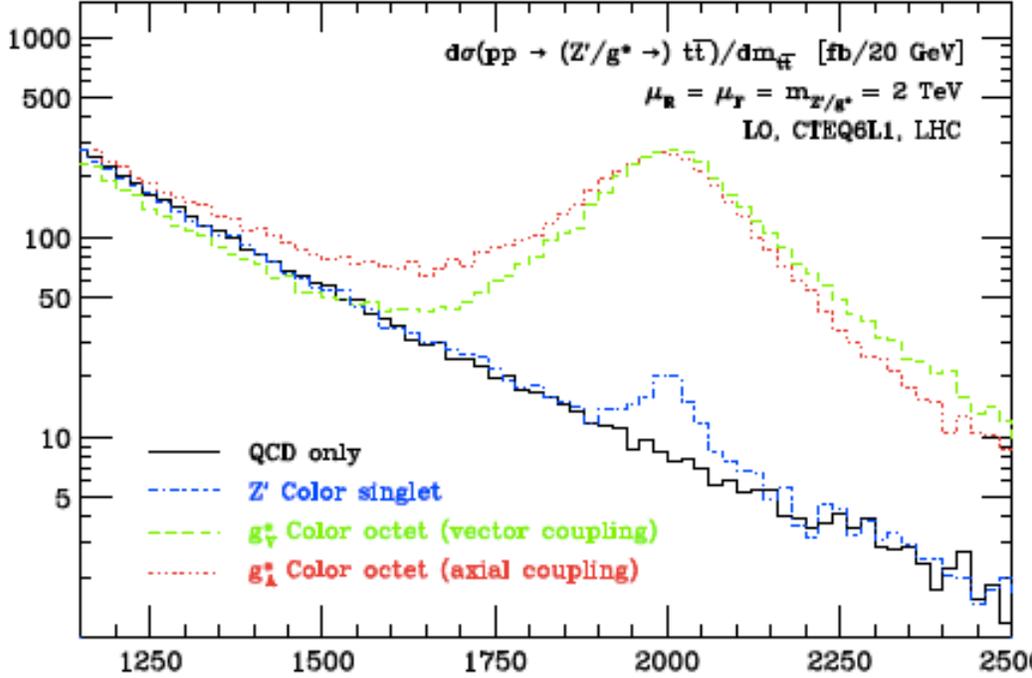
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(8 \text{ TeV}) = 247.7^{+13.1}_{-14.3} \text{ pb}$$

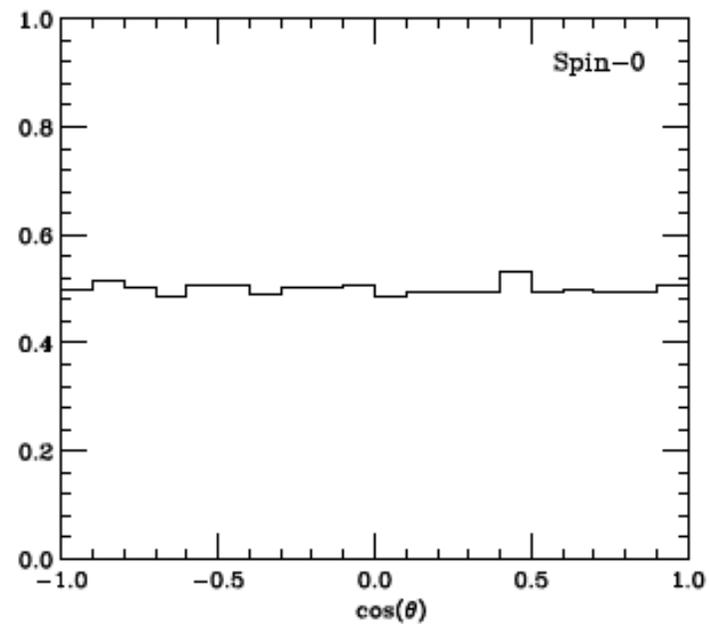
$$\sigma_{t\bar{t}}(13 \text{ TeV}) = 816.0^{+39.5}_{-44.7} \text{ pb}$$

\Rightarrow **81600000 events @ 100 /fb Luminosity**

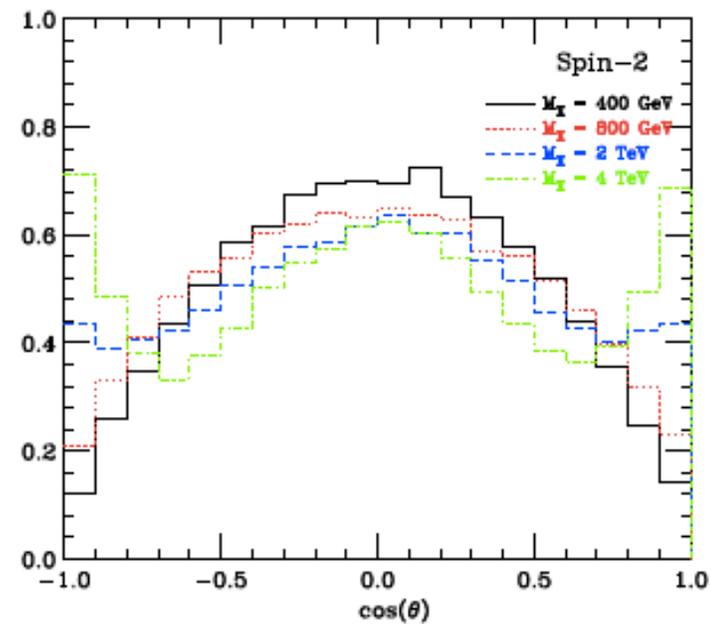
Top pair invariant mass distribution: a window on new physics

Frederix and Matloni JHEP 01 (2009) 047

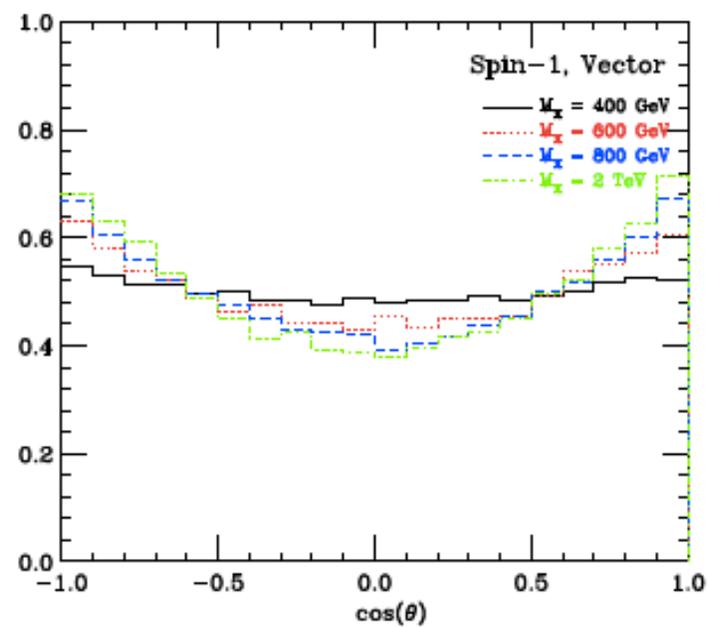




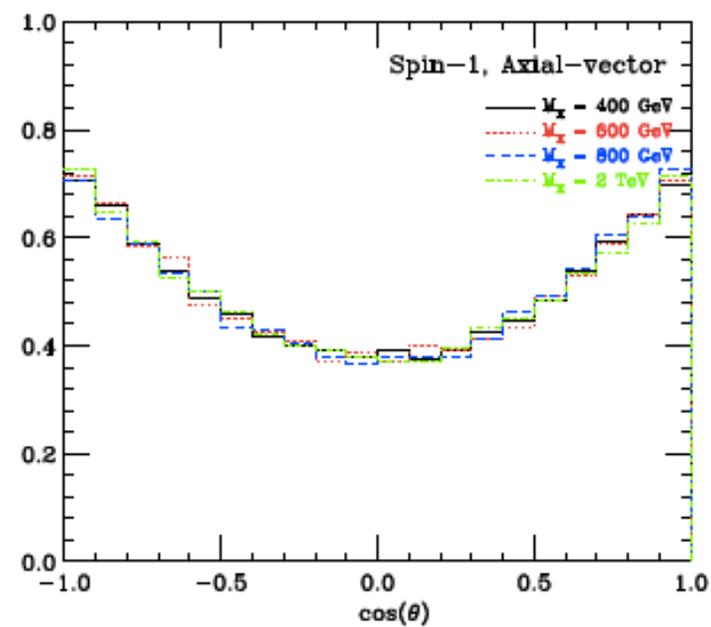
(a)



(b)

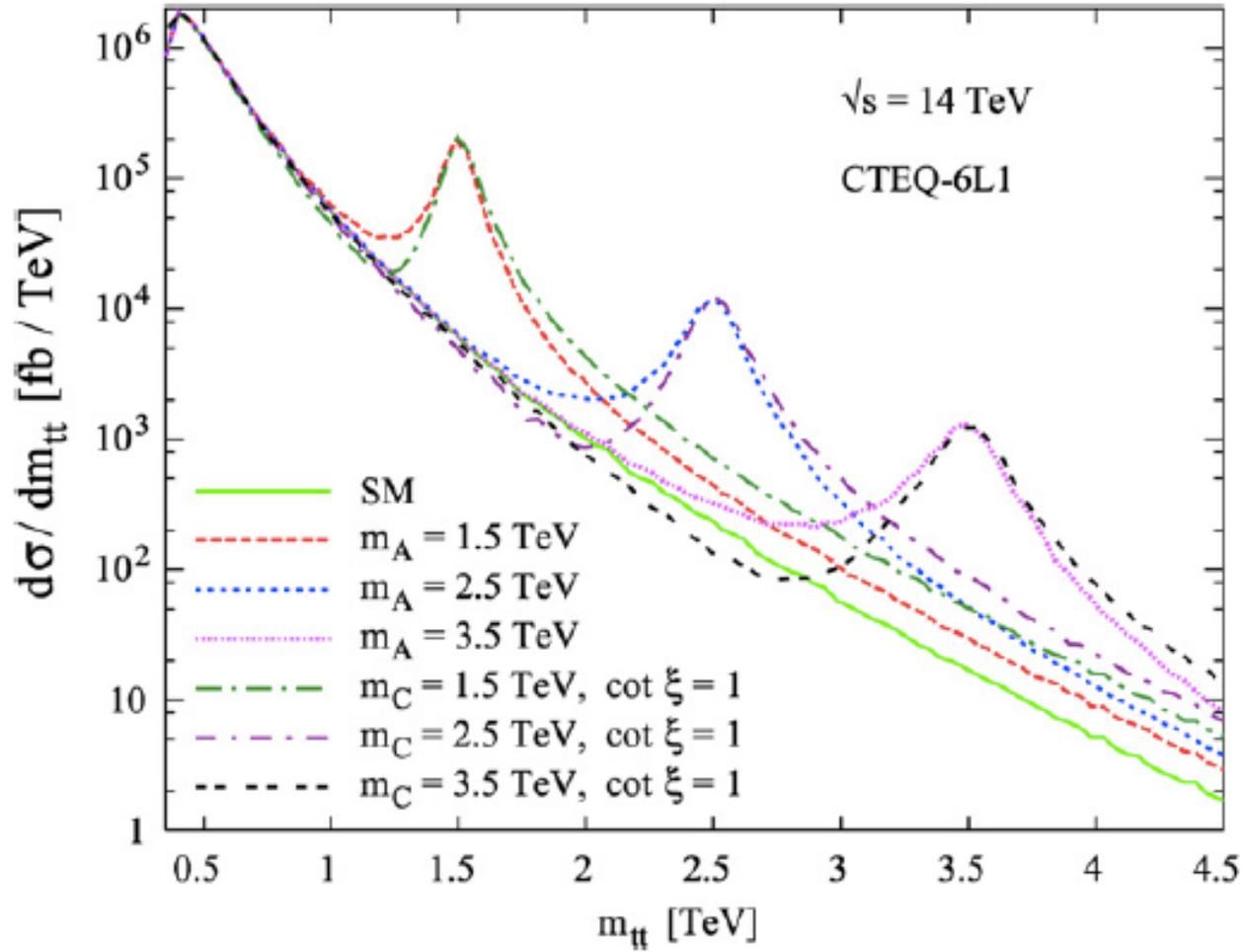


(c)



(d)

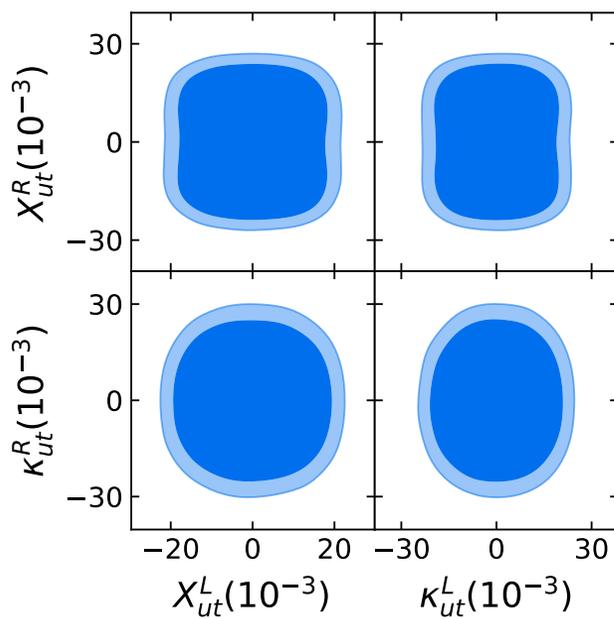
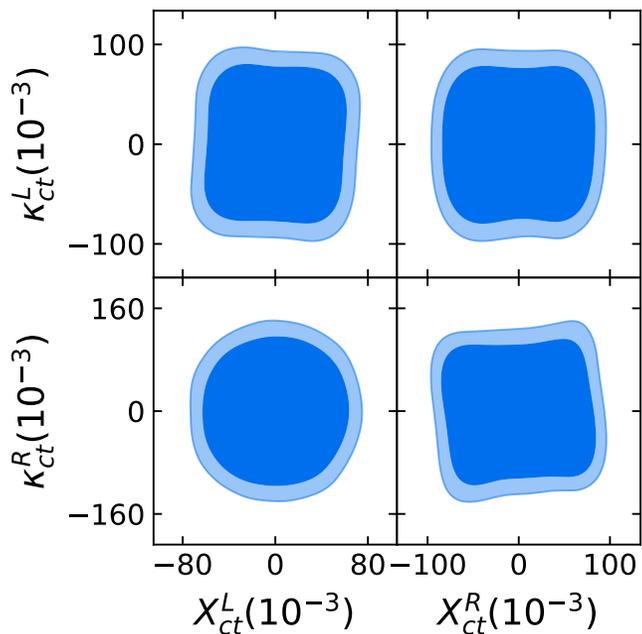
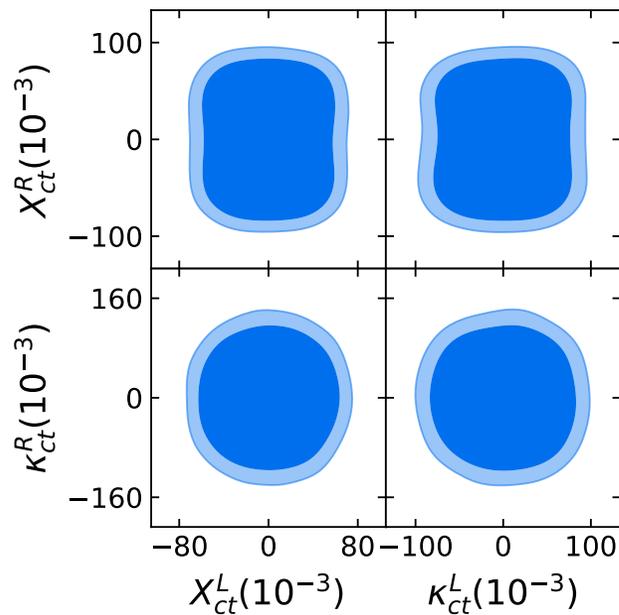
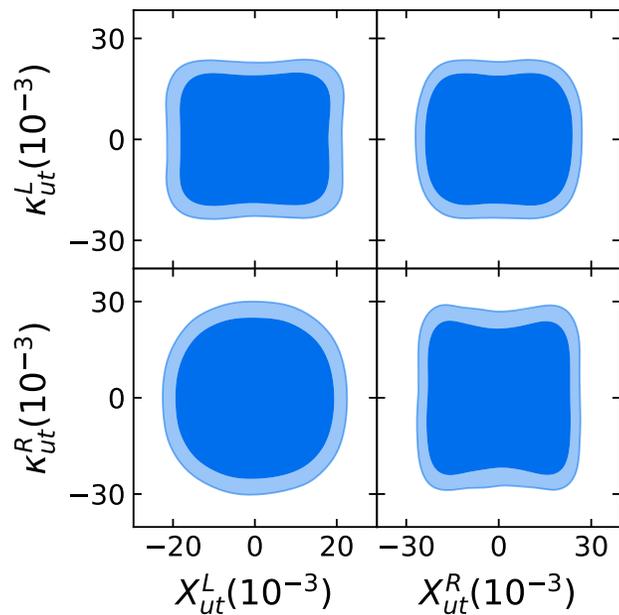
Axigluons and Colorons



Present Experimental status

Process	Br Limit	Search	Dataset
$t \rightarrow Zq$	5×10^{-4}	CMS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + Zq \rightarrow l\nu b + llq$	19.7 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV
$t \rightarrow Zq$	7.3×10^{-3}	ATLAS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + Zq \rightarrow l\nu b + llq$	2.1 fb ⁻¹ , 7 TeV
$t \rightarrow gu$	3.1×10^{-5}	ATLAS $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb$	14.2 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV
$t \rightarrow gc$	1.6×10^{-4}	ATLAS $qg \rightarrow t \rightarrow Wb$	14.2 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV
$t \rightarrow \gamma u$	1.6×10^{-4}	CMS $qg \rightarrow t\gamma \rightarrow Wb\gamma$	19.1 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV
$t \rightarrow \gamma c$	1.8×10^{-3}	CMS $qg \rightarrow t\gamma \rightarrow Wb\gamma$	19.1 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV
$t \rightarrow hq$	7.9×10^{-3}	ATLAS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + hq \rightarrow l\nu b + \gamma\gamma q$	20 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV
$t \rightarrow hq$	5.6×10^{-3}	CMS $t\bar{t} \rightarrow Wb + hq \rightarrow l\nu b + llqX$	19.5 fb ⁻¹ , 8 TeV

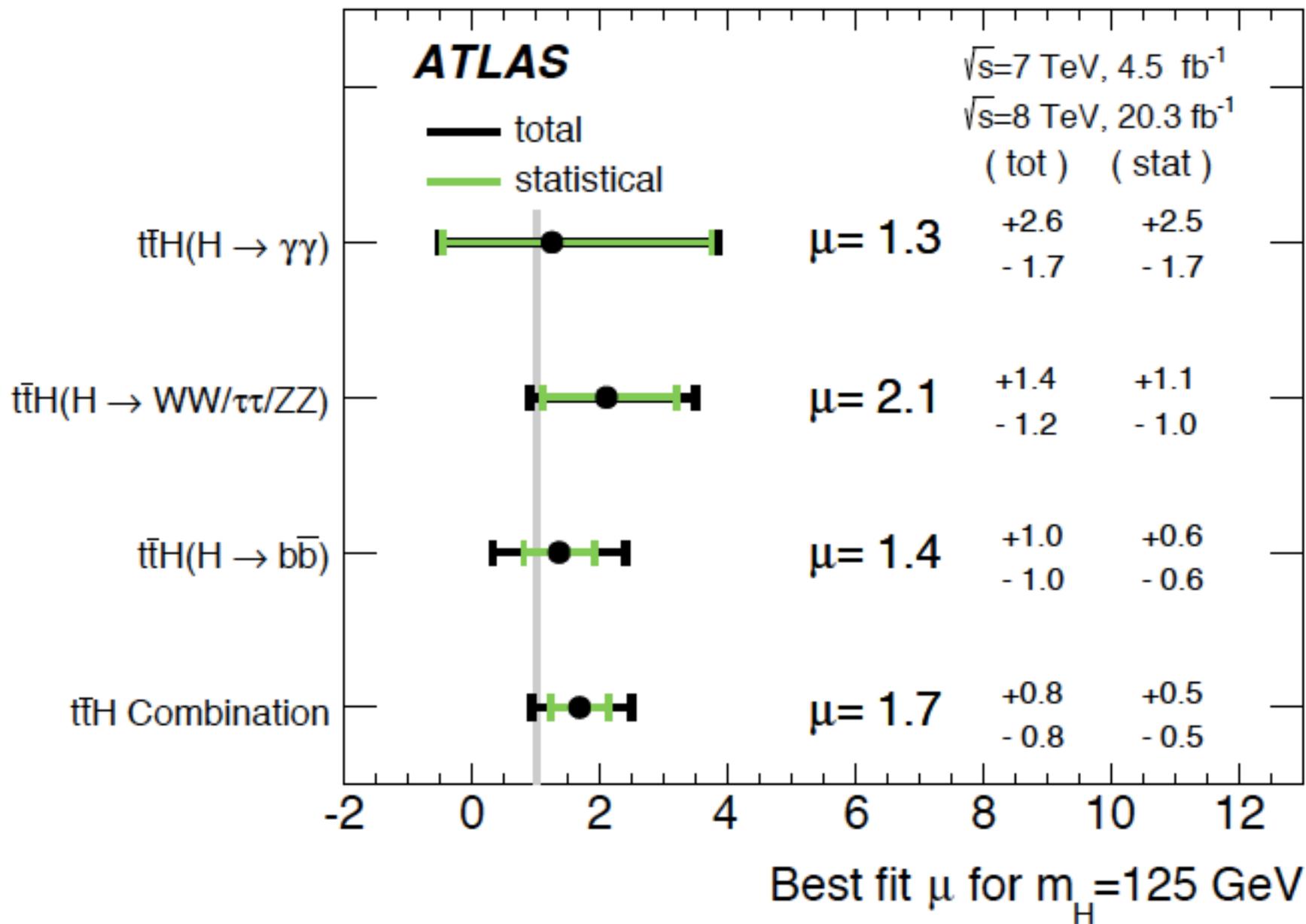
Process	SM	2HDM(FV)	2HDM(FC)	MSSM	RPV	RS
$t \rightarrow Zu$	7×10^{-17}	–	–	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	–
$t \rightarrow Zc$	1×10^{-14}	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-10}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$
$t \rightarrow gu$	4×10^{-14}	–	–	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	–
$t \rightarrow gc$	5×10^{-12}	$\leq 10^{-4}$	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-6}$	$\leq 10^{-10}$
$t \rightarrow \gamma u$	4×10^{-16}	–	–	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	–
$t \rightarrow \gamma c$	5×10^{-14}	$\leq 10^{-7}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-8}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$
$t \rightarrow hu$	2×10^{-17}	6×10^{-6}	–	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	–
$t \rightarrow hc$	3×10^{-15}	2×10^{-3}	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-5}$	$\leq 10^{-9}$	$\leq 10^{-4}$

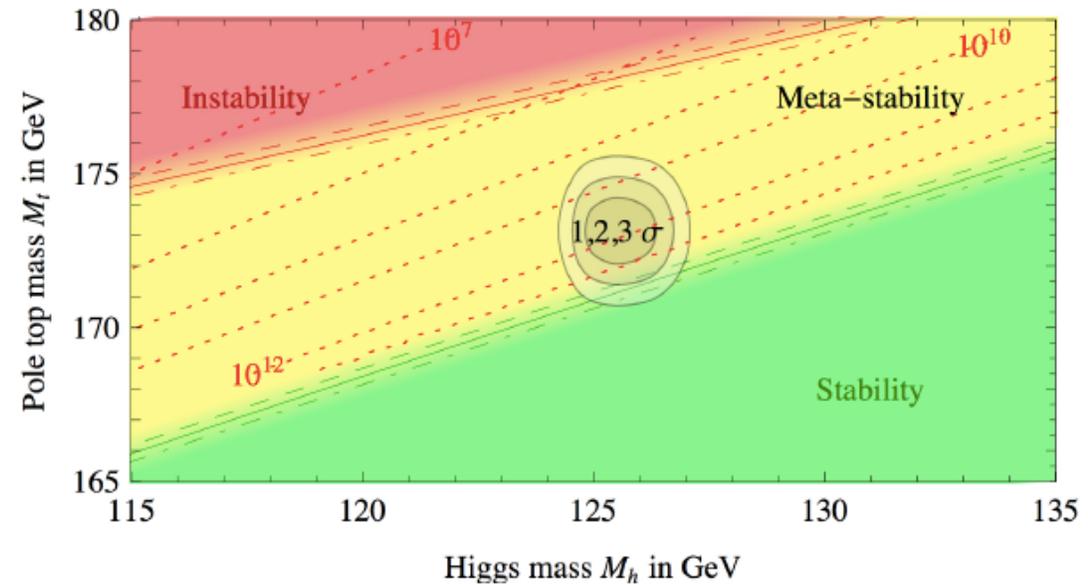
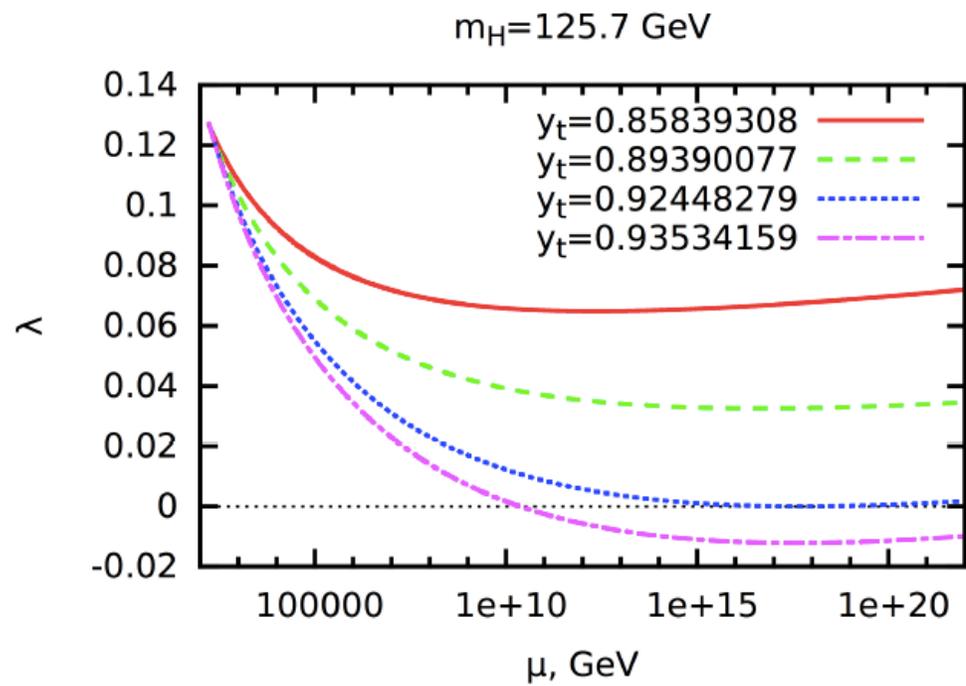


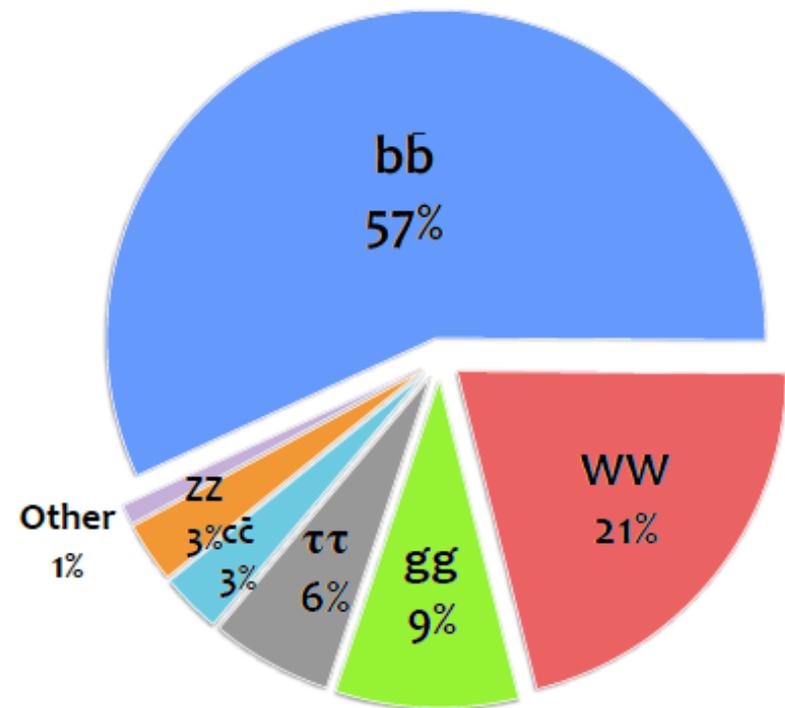
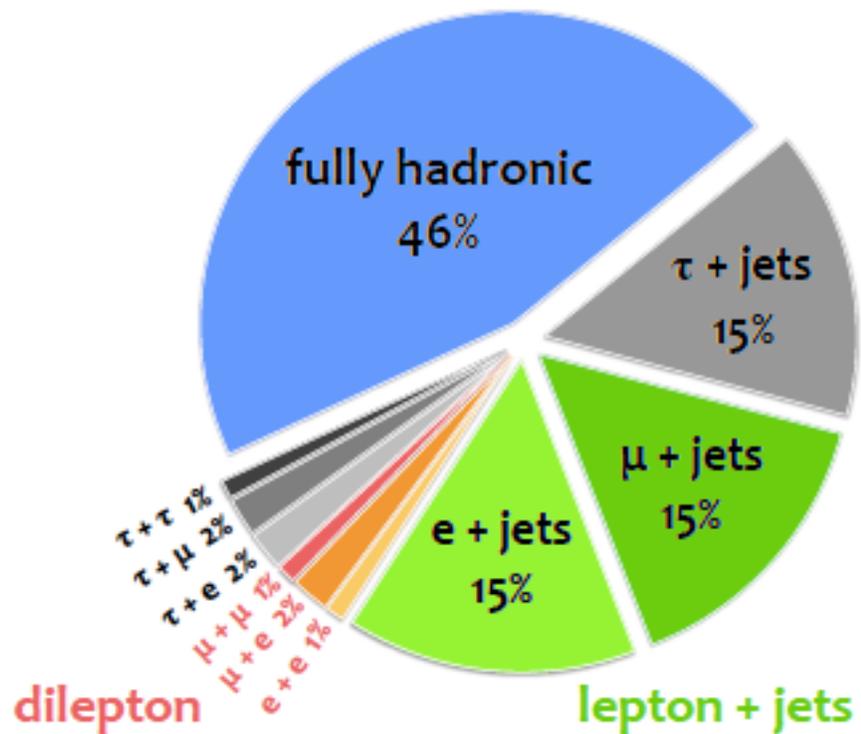
2D planes of the hyperspace
of all the parameters considered
together.

Luminosity: 2 /ab

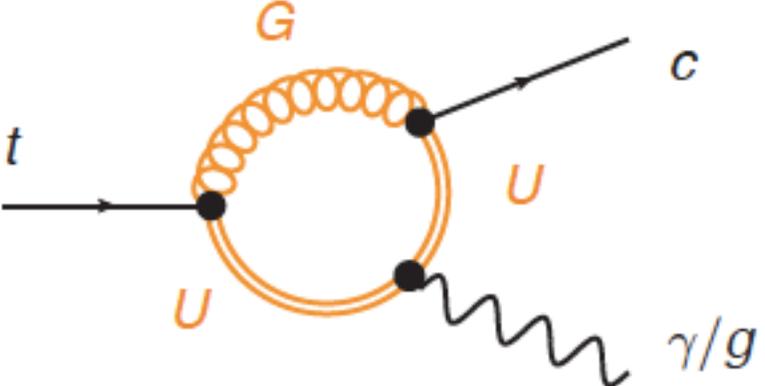
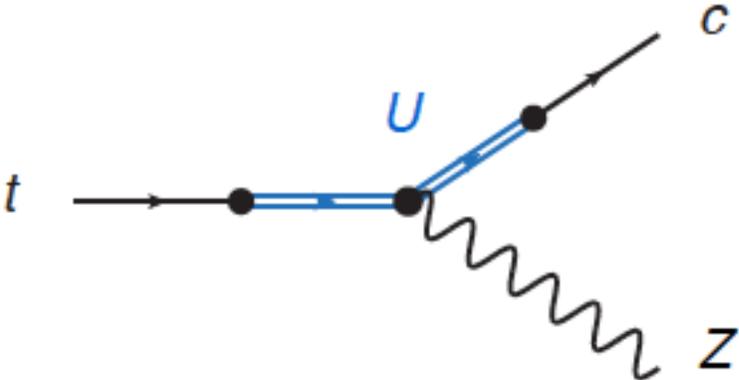
Backup







Compositeness models / Warped Extra Dim



	2HDM ¹⁾	MSSM ²⁾	RS ³⁾
$t \rightarrow cZ$	$\lesssim 10^{-6}$	$\lesssim 10^{-7}$	$\lesssim 10^{-5}$
$t \rightarrow c\gamma$	$\lesssim 10^{-7}$	$\lesssim 10^{-8}$	$\lesssim 10^{-9}$
$t \rightarrow cg$	$\lesssim 10^{-5}$	$\lesssim 10^{-7}$	$\lesssim 10^{-10}$
$t \rightarrow ch$	$\lesssim 10^{-2}$	$\lesssim 10^{-5}$	$\lesssim 10^{-4}$

¹⁾ Atwood, Reina, Soni hep-ph/9609279 ²⁾ Cao et al. hep-ph/0702264

³⁾ Agashe, Contino 0906.1542; Azatov et al. 0906.1990; Casagrande et al. 1005.4315
see also Snowmass Top Quark Working Group Report 1311.2028

Constraints from EDM

